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INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

(51) International Patent Classification 7 : C12N 15/12, C07K 14/47, C12Q 1/68, A61K 39/395, G01N 33/68, 33/574, C07K 16/30, C12N 15/62, 5/02 // A61P 35/00 — A2

(11) International Publication Number: WO 00/04149

(43) International Publication Date: 27 January 2000 (27.01.00)

(21) International Application Number: PCT/US99/15838

(22) International Filing Date: 14 July 1999 (14.07.99)

(30) Priority Data:

09/115,453	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US
09/116,134	14 July 1998 (14.07.98)	US
09/159,822	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US
09/159,812	23 September 1998 (23.09.98)	US
09/232,880	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US
09/232,149	15 January 1999 (15.01.99)	US
09/288,946	9 April 1999 (09.04.99)	US

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(81) Designated States: AE, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, CA, CH, CN, CU, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NO, NZ, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TR, TT, UA, UG, UZ, VN, YU, ZA, ZW, ARIPO patent (GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, SD, SL, SZ, UG, ZW), Eurasian patent (AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM), European patent (AT, BE, CH, CY, DE, DK, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE), OAPI patent (BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG).

Published

Without international search report and to be republished upon receipt of that report.

(54) Title: COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

(57) Abstract

Compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer, are disclosed. Compositions may comprise one or more prostate tumor proteins, immunogenic portions thereof, or polynucleotides that encode such portions. Alternatively, a therapeutic composition may comprise an antigen presenting cell that expresses a prostate tumor protein, or a T cell that is specific for cells expressing such a protein. Such compositions may be used, for example, for the prevention and treatment of diseases such as prostate cancer. Diagnostic methods based on detecting a prostate tumor protein, or mRNA encoding such a protein, in a sample are also provided.

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COMPOSITIONS AND METHODS FOR THERAPY AND DIAGNOSIS OF PROSTATE CANCER

TECHNICAL FIELD

The present invention relates generally to therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The invention is more specifically related to polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, and to polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides. Such polypeptides and polynucleotides may be used in vaccines and pharmaceutical compositions for prevention and treatment of prostate cancer, and for the diagnosis and monitoring of such cancers.

BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION

Prostate cancer is the most common form of cancer among males, with an estimated incidence of 30% in men over the age of 50. Overwhelming clinical evidence shows that human prostate cancer has the propensity to metastasize to bone, and the disease appears to progress inevitably from androgen dependent to androgen refractory status, leading to increased patient mortality. This prevalent disease is currently the second leading cause of cancer death among men in the U.S.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for the disease, prostate cancer remains difficult to treat. Commonly, treatment is based on surgery and/or radiation therapy, but these methods are ineffective in a significant percentage of cases. Two previously identified prostate specific proteins - prostate specific antigen (PSA) and prostatic acid phosphatase (PAP) - have limited therapeutic and diagnostic potential. For example, PSA levels do not always correlate well with the presence of prostate cancer, being positive in a percentage of non-prostate cancer cases, including benign prostatic hyperplasia (BPH). Furthermore, PSA measurements correlate with prostate volume, and do not indicate the level of metastasis.

In spite of considerable research into therapies for these and other cancers, prostate cancer remains difficult to diagnose and treat effectively. Accordingly, there is a need in the art for improved methods for detecting and treating such cancers. The present invention fulfills these needs and further provides other related advantages.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

Briefly stated, the present invention provides compositions and methods for the diagnosis and therapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. In one aspect, the present

invention provides polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof. Certain portions and other variants are immunogenic, such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished. Within certain embodiments, the polypeptide comprises at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of: (a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; (b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and (c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b). In certain specific embodiments, such a polypeptide comprises at least a portion, or variant thereof, of a tumor protein that includes an amino acid sequence selected from the group consisting of sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

The present invention further provides polynucleotides that encode a polypeptide as described above, or a portion thereof (such as a portion encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein), expression vectors comprising such polynucleotides and host cells transformed or transfected with such expression vectors.

Within other aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within a related aspect of the present invention, vaccines are provided. Such vaccines comprise a polypeptide or polynucleotide as described above and a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides pharmaceutical compositions that comprise: (a) an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein; and (b) a physiologically acceptable carrier.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides pharmaceutical compositions comprising: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B cells.

Within related aspects, vaccines are provided that comprise: (a) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide as described above and (b) a non-specific immune response enhancer.

The present invention further provides, in other aspects, fusion proteins that comprise at least one polypeptide as described above, as well as polynucleotides encoding such fusion proteins.

Within related aspects, pharmaceutical compositions comprising a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier are provided.

Vaccines are further provided, within other aspects, that comprise a fusion protein, or a polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a pharmaceutical composition or vaccine as recited above.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the protein from the sample.

Within related aspects, methods are provided for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated as described above.

Methods are further provided, within other aspects, for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide as described above; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and/or (iii) an antigen presenting cell that expresses such a polypeptide; under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells. Isolated T cell populations comprising T cells prepared as described above are also provided.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population as described above.

The present invention further provides methods for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) incubating $CD4^+$ and/or $CD8^+$ T cells isolated from a patient with one or more of: (i) a polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein; (ii) a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide; and (iii) an antigen-presenting cell that expressed such a polypeptide; and (b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient. Proliferated cells may, but need not, be cloned prior to administration to the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited

above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the amount of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within preferred embodiments, the binding agent is an antibody, more preferably a monoclonal antibody. The cancer may be prostate cancer.

The present invention also provides, within other aspects, methods for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient. Such methods comprise the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a polypeptide as recited above; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

The present invention further provides, within other aspects, methods for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample a level of a polynucleotide, preferably mRNA, that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and (c) comparing the level of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide with a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient. Within certain embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected via polymerase chain reaction using, for example, at least one oligonucleotide primer that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide. Within other embodiments, the amount of mRNA is detected using a hybridization technique, employing an oligonucleotide probe that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a polypeptide as recited above, or a complement of such a polynucleotide.

In related aspects, methods are provided for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of: (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein; (b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; (c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and (d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) with the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

Within further aspects, the present invention provides antibodies, such as monoclonal antibodies, that bind to a polypeptide as described above, as well as diagnostic

kits comprising such antibodies. Diagnostic kits comprising one or more oligonucleotide probes or primers as described above are also provided.

These and other aspects of the present invention will become apparent upon reference to the following detailed description and attached drawings. All references disclosed herein are hereby incorporated by reference in their entirety as if each was incorporated individually.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS AND SEQUENCE IDENTIFIERS

Figure 1 illustrates the ability of T cells to kill fibroblasts expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S, as compared to control fibroblasts. The percentage lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated.

Figures 2A and 2B illustrate the ability of T cells to recognize cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P502S. In each case, the number of γ-interferon spots is shown for different numbers of responders. In Figure 2A, data is presented for fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide, as compared to fibroblasts pulsed with a control E75 peptide. In Figure 2B, data is presented for fibroblasts expressing P502S, as compared to fibroblasts expressing HER-2/*neu*.

Figure 3 represents a peptide competition binding assay showing that the P1S#10 peptide, derived from P501S, binds HLA-A2. Peptide P1S#10 inhibits HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58 peptide to CTL clone D150M58 in TNF release bioassay. D150M58 CTL is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58.

Figure 4 illustrates the ability of T cell lines generated from P1S#10 immunized mice to specifically lyse P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets, as compared to EGFP-transduced Jurkat A2Kb. The percent lysis is shown as a series of effector to target ratios, as indicated.

Figure 5 illustrates the ability of a T cell clone to recognize and specifically lyse Jurkat A2Kb cells expressing the representative prostate tumor polypeptide P501S, thereby demonstrating that the P1S#10 peptide may be a naturally processed epitope of the P501S polypeptide.

Figures 6A and 6B are graphs illustrating the specificity of a $CD8^+$ cell line (3A-1) for a representative prostate tumor antigen (P501S). Figure 6A shows the results of a ^{51}Cr release assay. The percent specific lysis is shown as a series of effector:target ratios, as indicated. Figure 6B shows the production of interferon-gamma by 3A-1 cells stimulated with autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S, at varying effector:target rations as indicated.

SEQ ID NO: 1 is the determined cDNA sequence for F1-13

SEQ ID NO: 2 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-12

SEQ ID NO: 3 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 4 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for F1-16
SEQ ID NO: 5 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-1
SEQ ID NO: 6 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-9
SEQ ID NO: 7 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for H1-4
SEQ ID NO: 8 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 9 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-17
SEQ ID NO: 10 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 11 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-12
SEQ ID NO: 12 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 13 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for N1-1862
SEQ ID NO: 14 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 15 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for J1-13
SEQ ID NO: 16 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-19
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SEQ ID NO: 26 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 27 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-4
SEQ ID NO: 28 is the determined 5' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 29 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-14
SEQ ID NO: 30 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-12
SEQ ID NO: 31 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-16
SEQ ID NO: 32 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for J1-21
SEQ ID NO: 33 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-48
SEQ ID NO: 34 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for K1-55
SEQ ID NO: 35 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-2
SEQ ID NO: 36 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for L1-6
SEQ ID NO: 37 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1858
SEQ ID NO: 38 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1860
SEQ ID NO: 39 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1861

SEQ ID NO: 40 is the determined 3' cDNA sequence for N1-1864
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SEQ ID NO: 75 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1B-3976
SEQ ID NO: 76 is the determined cDNA sequence for V1-3679

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SEQ ID NO: 84 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4785
SEQ ID NO: 85 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4787
SEQ ID NO: 86 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1H-4796
SEQ ID NO: 87 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4807
SEQ ID NO: 88 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4810
SEQ ID NO: 89 is the determined cDNA sequence for 1I-4811
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SEQ ID NO: 108 is the predicted amino acid sequence for F1-12
SEQ ID NO: 109 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for J1-17
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SEQ ID NO: 214 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6fwd
SEQ ID NO: 215 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-b6 rev
SEQ ID NO: 216 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d4fwd
SEQ ID NO: 217 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-d9rev
SEQ ID NO: 218 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3fwd
SEQ ID NO: 219 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-g3rev
SEQ ID NO: 220 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-h11rev
SEQ ID NO: 221 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f12fwd
SEQ ID NO: 222 is the determined cDNA sequence for g-f3rev
SEQ ID NO: 223 is the determined cDNA sequence for P509S

SEQ ID NO: 224 is the determined cDNA sequence for P510S
SEQ ID NO: 225 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703DE5
SEQ ID NO: 226 is the determined cDNA sequence for 9-A11
SEQ ID NO: 227 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-C6
SEQ ID NO: 228 is the determined cDNA sequence for 8-H7
SEQ ID NO: 229 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN13
SEQ ID NO: 230 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN14
SEQ ID NO: 231 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN23
SEQ ID NO: 232 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN24
SEQ ID NO: 233 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN25
SEQ ID NO: 234 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN30
SEQ ID NO: 235 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN34
SEQ ID NO: 236 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN35
SEQ ID NO: 237 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN36
SEQ ID NO: 238 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN38
SEQ ID NO: 239 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN39
SEQ ID NO: 240 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN40
SEQ ID NO: 241 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN41
SEQ ID NO: 242 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN42
SEQ ID NO: 243 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN45
SEQ ID NO: 244 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN46
SEQ ID NO: 245 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN51
SEQ ID NO: 246 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN56
SEQ ID NO: 247 is the determined cDNA sequence for PTPN64
SEQ ID NO: 248 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN65
SEQ ID NO: 249 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN67
SEQ ID NO: 250 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN76
SEQ ID NO: 251 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN84
SEQ ID NO: 252 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN85
SEQ ID NO: 253 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN86
SEQ ID NO: 254 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN87
SEQ ID NO: 255 is the determined cDNA sequence for JPTPN88
SEQ ID NO: 256 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F1
SEQ ID NO: 257 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F2
SEQ ID NO: 258 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C2
SEQ ID NO: 259 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B1
SEQ ID NO: 260 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B2

SEQ ID NO: 261 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D3
SEQ ID NO: 262 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A4
SEQ ID NO: 263 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F5
SEQ ID NO: 264 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E6
SEQ ID NO: 265 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D6
SEQ ID NO: 266 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B5
SEQ ID NO: 267 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A6
SEQ ID NO: 268 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E8
SEQ ID NO: 269 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D7
SEQ ID NO: 270 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D9
SEQ ID NO: 271 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C10
SEQ ID NO: 272 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A9
SEQ ID NO: 273 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1F12
SEQ ID NO: 274 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1E12
SEQ ID NO: 275 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1D11
SEQ ID NO: 276 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C11
SEQ ID NO: 277 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1C12
SEQ ID NO: 278 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1B12
SEQ ID NO: 279 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP1A12
SEQ ID NO: 280 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G2
SEQ ID NO: 281 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H1
SEQ ID NO: 282 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H2
SEQ ID NO: 283 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A3
SEQ ID NO: 284 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A4
SEQ ID NO: 285 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C3
SEQ ID NO: 286 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G4
SEQ ID NO: 287 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B6
SEQ ID NO: 288 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D6
SEQ ID NO: 289 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F5
SEQ ID NO: 290 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8A8
SEQ ID NO: 291 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C7
SEQ ID NO: 292 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8D7
SEQ ID NO: 293 is the determined cDNA sequence for P8D8
SEQ ID NO: 294 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E7
SEQ ID NO: 295 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F8
SEQ ID NO: 296 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8G8
SEQ ID NO: 297 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8B10

SEQ ID NO: 298 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C10
SEQ ID NO: 299 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E9
SEQ ID NO: 300 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E10
SEQ ID NO: 301 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8F9
SEQ ID NO: 302 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8H9
SEQ ID NO: 303 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8C12
SEQ ID NO: 304 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E11
SEQ ID NO: 305 is the determined cDNA sequence for JP8E12
SEQ ID NO: 306 is the amino acid sequence for the peptide PS2#12
SEQ ID NO: 307 is the determined cDNA sequence for P711P
SEQ ID NO: 308 is the determined cDNA sequence for P712P
SEQ ID NO: 309 is the determined cDNA sequence for CLONE23
SEQ ID NO: 310 is the determined cDNA sequence for P774P
SEQ ID NO: 311 is the determined cDNA sequence for P775P
SEQ ID NO: 312 is the determined cDNA sequence for P715P
SEQ ID NO: 313 is the determined cDNA sequence for P710P
SEQ ID NO: 314 is the determined cDNA sequence for P767P
SEQ ID NO: 315 is the determined cDNA sequence for P768P
SEQ ID NO: 316-325 are the determined cDNA sequences of previously isolated genes
SEQ ID NO: 326 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 327 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PDE5
SEQ ID NO: 328 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 329 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703P6.26
SEQ ID NO: 330 is the determined cDNA sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 331 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P703PX-23
SEQ ID NO: 332 is the determined full length cDNA sequence for P509S
SEQ ID NO: 333 is the determined extended cDNA sequence for P707P (also referred to as 11-C9)
SEQ ID NO: 334 is the determined cDNA sequence for P714P
SEQ ID NO: 335 is the determined cDNA sequence for P705P (also referred to as 9-F3)
SEQ ID NO: 336 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P705P
SEQ ID NO: 337 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide P1S#10
SEQ ID NO: 338 is the amino acid sequence of the peptide p5
SEQ ID NO: 339 is the predicted amino acid sequence of P509S
SEQ ID NO: 340 is the determined cDNA sequence for P778P
SEQ ID NO: 341 is the determined cDNA sequence for P786P
SEQ ID NO: 342 is the determined cDNA sequence for P789P

SEQ ID NO: 343 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens MM46 mRNA
SEQ ID NO: 344 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens TNF-alpha stimulated ABC protein (ABC50) mRNA
SEQ ID NO: 345 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens mRNA for E-cadherin
SEQ ID NO: 346 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human nuclear-encoded mitochondrial serine hydroxymethyltransferase (SHMT)
SEQ ID NO: 347 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens natural resistance-associated macrophage protein2 (NRAMP2)
SEQ ID NO: 348 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Homo sapiens phosphoglucomutase-related protein (PGMRP)
SEQ ID NO: 349 is the determined cDNA sequence for a clone showing homology to Human mRNA for proteosome subunit p40
SEQ ID NO: 350 is the determined cDNA sequence for P777P
SEQ ID NO: 351 is the determined cDNA sequence for P779P
SEQ ID NO: 352 is the determined cDNA sequence for P790P
SEQ ID NO: 353 is the determined cDNA sequence for P784P
SEQ ID NO: 354 is the determined cDNA sequence for P776P
SEQ ID NO: 355 is the determined cDNA sequence for P780P
SEQ ID NO: 356 is the determined cDNA sequence for P544S
SEQ ID NO: 357 is the determined cDNA sequence for P745S
SEQ ID NO: 358 is the determined cDNA sequence for P782P
SEQ ID NO: 359 is the determined cDNA sequence for P783P
SEQ ID NO: 360 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17984
SEQ ID NO: 361 is the determined cDNA sequence for P787P
SEQ ID NO: 362 is the determined cDNA sequence for P788P
SEQ ID NO: 363 is the determined cDNA sequence for unknown 17994
SEQ ID NO: 364 is the determined cDNA sequence for P781P
SEQ ID NO: 365 is the determined cDNA sequence for P785P
SEQ ID NO: 366-375 are the determined cDNA sequences for splice variants of B305D.
SEQ ID NO: 376 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 366.
SEQ ID NO: 377 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 372.
SEQ ID NO: 378 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 373.

SEQ ID NO: 379 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 374.

SEQ ID NO: 380 is the predicted amino acid sequence encoded by the sequence of SEQ ID NO: 375.

SEQ ID NO: 381 is the determined cDNA sequence for B716P.

SEQ ID NO: 382 is the determined full-length cDNA sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 383 is the predicted amino acid sequence for P711P.

SEQ ID NO: 384 is the cDNA sequence for P1000C.

SEQ ID NO: 385 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-82.

SEQ ID NO:386 is the cDNA sequence for 23320.

SEQ ID NO:387 is the cDNA sequence for CGI-69.

SEQ ID NO:388 is the cDNA sequence for L-iditol-2-dehydrogenase.

SEQ ID NO:389 is the cDNA sequence for 23379.

SEQ ID NO:390 is the cDNA sequence for 23381.

SEQ ID NO:391 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0122.

SEQ ID NO:392 is the cDNA sequence for 23399.

SEQ ID NO:393 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:394 is the cDNA sequence for HCLBP.

SEQ ID NO:395 is the cDNA sequence for transglutaminase.

SEQ ID NO:396 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.

SEQ ID NO:397 is the cDNA sequence for PAP.

SEQ ID NO:398 is the cDNA sequence for Ets transcription factor PDEF.

SEQ ID NO:399 is the cDNA sequence for hTGR.

SEQ ID NO:400 is the cDNA sequence for KIAA0295.

SEQ ID NO:401 is the cDNA sequence for 22545.

SEQ ID NO:402 is the cDNA sequence for 22547.

SEQ ID NO:403 is the cDNA sequence for 22548.

SEQ ID NO:404 is the cDNA sequence for 22550.

SEQ ID NO:405 is the cDNA sequence for 22551.

SEQ ID NO:406 is the cDNA sequence for 22552.

SEQ ID NO:407 is the cDNA sequence for 22553.

SEQ ID NO:408 is the cDNA sequence for 22558.

SEQ ID NO:409 is the cDNA sequence for 22562.

SEQ ID NO:410 is the cDNA sequence for 22565.

SEQ ID NO:411 is the cDNA sequence for 22567.

SEQ ID NO:412 is the cDNA sequence for 22568.

SEQ ID NO:413 is the cDNA sequence for 22570.

SEQ ID NO:414 is the cDNA sequence for 22571.
SEQ ID NO:415 is the cDNA sequence for 22572.
SEQ ID NO:416 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:417 is the cDNA sequence for 22573.
SEQ ID NO:418 is the cDNA sequence for 22575.
SEQ ID NO:419 is the cDNA sequence for 22580.
SEQ ID NO:420 is the cDNA sequence for 22581.
SEQ ID NO:421 is the cDNA sequence for 22582.
SEQ ID NO:422 is the cDNA sequence for 22583.
SEQ ID NO:423 is the cDNA sequence for 22584.
SEQ ID NO:424 is the cDNA sequence for 22585.
SEQ ID NO:425 is the cDNA sequence for 22586.
SEQ ID NO:426 is the cDNA sequence for 22587.
SEQ ID NO:427 is the cDNA sequence for 22588.
SEQ ID NO:428 is the cDNA sequence for 22589.
SEQ ID NO:429 is the cDNA sequence for 22590.
SEQ ID NO:430 is the cDNA sequence for 22591.
SEQ ID NO:431 is the cDNA sequence for 22592.
SEQ ID NO:432 is the cDNA sequence for 22593.
SEQ ID NO:433 is the cDNA sequence for 22594.
SEQ ID NO:434 is the cDNA sequence for 22595.
SEQ ID NO:435 is the cDNA sequence for 22596.
SEQ ID NO:436 is the cDNA sequence for 22847.
SEQ ID NO:437 is the cDNA sequence for 22848.
SEQ ID NO:438 is the cDNA sequence for 22849.
SEQ ID NO:439 is the cDNA sequence for 22851.
SEQ ID NO:440 is the cDNA sequence for 22852.
SEQ ID NO:441 is the cDNA sequence for 22853.
SEQ ID NO:442 is the cDNA sequence for 22854.
SEQ ID NO:443 is the cDNA sequence for 22855.
SEQ ID NO:444 is the cDNA sequence for 22856.
SEQ ID NO:445 is the cDNA sequence for 22857.
SEQ ID NO:446 is the cDNA sequence for 23601.
SEQ ID NO:447 is the cDNA sequence for 23602.
SEQ ID NO:448 is the cDNA sequence for 23605.
SEQ ID NO:449 is the cDNA sequence for 23606.
SEQ ID NO:450 is the cDNA sequence for 23612.

SEQ ID NO:451 is the cDNA sequence for 23614.
SEQ ID NO:452 is the cDNA sequence for 23618.
SEQ ID NO:453 is the cDNA sequence for 23622.
SEQ ID NO:454 is the cDNA sequence for folate hydrolase.
SEQ ID NO:455 is the cDNA sequence for LIM protein.
SEQ ID NO:456 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:457 is the cDNA sequence for a known gene.
SEQ ID NO:458 is the cDNA sequence for a previously identified gene.
SEQ ID NO:459 is the cDNA sequence for 23045.
SEQ ID NO:460 is the cDNA sequence for 23032.
SEQ ID NO:461 is the cDNA sequence for 23054.
SEQ ID NOs:462-467 are cDNA sequences for known genes.
SEQ ID NOs:468-471 are cDNA sequences for P710P.
SEQ ID NO:472 is a cDNA sequence for P1001C.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE INVENTION

As noted above, the present invention is generally directed to compositions and methods for the therapy and diagnosis of cancer, such as prostate cancer. The compositions described herein may include prostate tumor polypeptides, polynucleotides encoding such polypeptides, binding agents such as antibodies, antigen presenting cells (APCs) and/or immune system cells (*e.g.*, T cells). Polypeptides of the present invention generally comprise at least a portion (such as an immunogenic portion) of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. A "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed in prostate tumor cells at a level that is at least two fold, and preferably at least five fold, greater than the level of expression in a normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein. Certain prostate tumor proteins are tumor proteins that react detectably (within an immunoassay, such as an ELISA or Western blot) with antisera of a patient afflicted with prostate cancer. Polynucleotides of the subject invention generally comprise a DNA or RNA sequence that encodes all or a portion of such a polypeptide, or that is complementary to such a sequence. Antibodies are generally immune system proteins, or antigen-binding fragments thereof, that are capable of binding to a polypeptide as described above. Antigen presenting cells include dendritic cells, macrophages, monocytes, fibroblasts and B-cells that express a polypeptide as described above. T cells that may be employed within such compositions are generally T cells that are specific for a polypeptide as described above.

The present invention is based on the discovery of human prostate tumor proteins. Sequences of polynucleotides encoding certain tumor proteins, or portions thereof, are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Sequences of polypeptides comprising at least a portion of a tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:112-114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 336, 339, 376-380 and 383.

PROSTATE TUMOR PROTEIN POLYNUCLEOTIDES

Any polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion or other variant thereof as described herein is encompassed by the present invention. Preferred polynucleotides comprise at least 15 consecutive nucleotides, preferably at least 30 consecutive nucleotides and more preferably at least 45 consecutive nucleotides, that encode a portion of a prostate tumor protein. More preferably, a polynucleotide encodes an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein. Polynucleotides complementary to any such sequences are also encompassed by the present invention. Polynucleotides may be single-stranded (coding or antisense) or double-stranded, and may be DNA (genomic, cDNA or synthetic) or RNA molecules. RNA molecules include HnRNA molecules, which contain introns and correspond to a DNA molecule in a one-to-one manner, and mRNA molecules, which do not contain introns. Additional coding or non-coding sequences may, but need not, be present within a polynucleotide of the present invention, and a polynucleotide may, but need not, be linked to other molecules and/or support materials.

Polynucleotides may comprise a native sequence (*i.e.*, an endogenous sequence that encodes a prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof) or may comprise a variant of such a sequence. Polynucleotide variants may contain one or more substitutions, additions, deletions and/or insertions such that the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide is not diminished, relative to a native tumor protein. The effect on the immunogenicity of the encoded polypeptide may generally be assessed as described herein. Variants preferably exhibit at least about 70% identity, more preferably at least about 80% identity and most preferably at least about 90% identity to a polynucleotide sequence that encodes a native prostate tumor protein or a portion thereof.

Two polynucleotide or polypeptide sequences are said to be "identical" if the sequence of nucleotides or amino acids in the two sequences is the same when aligned for maximum correspondence as described below. Comparisons between two sequences are typically performed by comparing the sequences over a comparison window to identify and compare local regions of sequence similarity. A "comparison window" as used herein, refers to a segment of at least about 20 contiguous positions, usually 30 to about 75, 40 to about 50,

in which a sequence may be compared to a reference sequence of the same number of contiguous positions after the two sequences are optimally aligned.

Optimal alignment of sequences for comparison may be conducted using the Megalign program in the Lasergene suite of bioinformatics software (DNASTAR, Inc., Madison, WI), using default parameters. This program embodies several alignment schemes described in the following references: Dayhoff, M.O. (1978) A model of evolutionary change in proteins – Matrices for detecting distant relationships. In Dayhoff, M.O. (ed.) Atlas of Protein Sequence and Structure, National Biomedical Research Foundation, Washington DC Vol. 5, Suppl. 3, pp. 345-358; Hein J. (1990) Unified Approach to Alignment and Phylogenes pp. 626-645 *Methods in Enzymology* vol. 183, Academic Press, Inc., San Diego, CA; Higgins, D.G. and Sharp, P.M. (1989) *CABIOS 5*:151-153; Myers, E.W. and Muller W. (1988) *CABIOS 4*:11-17; Robinson, E.D. (1971) *Comb. Theor 11*:105; Santou, N. Nes, M. (1987) *Mol. Biol. Evol. 4*:406-425; Sneath, P.H.A. and Sokal, R.R. (1973) *Numerical Taxonomy – the Principles and Practice of Numerical Taxonomy*, Freeman Press, San Francisco, CA; Wilbur, W.J. and Lipman, D.J. (1983) *Proc. Natl. Acad., Sci. USA 80*:726-730.

Preferably, the "percentage of sequence identity" is determined by comparing two optimally aligned sequences over a window of comparison of at least 20 positions, wherein the portion of the polynucleotide or polypeptide sequence in the comparison window may comprise additions or deletions (*i.e.*, gaps) of 20 percent or less, usually 5 to 15 percent, or 10 to 12 percent, as compared to the reference sequences (which does not comprise additions or deletions) for optimal alignment of the two sequences. The percentage is calculated by determining the number of positions at which the identical nucleic acid bases or amino acid residue occurs in both sequences to yield the number of matched positions, dividing the number of matched positions by the total number of positions in the reference sequence (*i.e.*, the window size) and multiplying the results by 100 to yield the percentage of sequence identity.

Variants may also, or alternatively, be substantially homologous to a native gene, or a portion or complement thereof. Such polynucleotide variants are capable of hybridizing under moderately stringent conditions to a naturally occurring DNA sequence encoding a native prostate tumor protein (or a complementary sequence). Suitable moderately stringent conditions include prewashing in a solution of 5 X SSC, 0.5% SDS, 1.0 mM EDTA (pH 8.0); hybridizing at 50°C-65°C, 5 X SSC, overnight; followed by washing twice at 65°C for 20 minutes with each of 2X, 0.5X and 0.2X SSC containing 0.1% SDS.

It will be appreciated by those of ordinary skill in the art that, as a result of the degeneracy of the genetic code, there are many nucleotide sequences that encode a polypeptide as described herein. Some of these polynucleotides bear minimal homology to

the nucleotide sequence of any native gene. Nonetheless, polynucleotides that vary due to differences in codon usage are specifically contemplated by the present invention. Further, alleles of the genes comprising the polynucleotide sequences provided herein are within the scope of the present invention. Alleles are endogenous genes that are altered as a result of one or more mutations, such as deletions, additions and/or substitutions of nucleotides. The resulting mRNA and protein may, but need not, have an altered structure or function. Alleles may be identified using standard techniques (such as hybridization, amplification and/or database sequence comparison).

Polynucleotides may be prepared using any of a variety of techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be identified, as described in more detail below, by screening a microarray of cDNAs for tumor-associated expression (*i.e.*, expression that is at least five fold greater in a prostate tumor than in normal tissue, as determined using a representative assay provided herein). Such screens may be performed using a Synteni microarray (Palo Alto, CA) according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93*:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94*:2150-2155, 1997). Alternatively, polypeptides may be amplified from cDNA prepared from cells expressing the proteins described herein, such as prostate tumor cells. Such polynucleotides may be amplified via polymerase chain reaction (PCR). For this approach, sequence-specific primers may be designed based on the sequences provided herein, and may be purchased or synthesized.

An amplified portion may be used to isolate a full length gene from a suitable library (*e.g.*, a prostate tumor cDNA library) using well known techniques. Within such techniques, a library (cDNA or genomic) is screened using one or more polynucleotide probes or primers suitable for amplification. Preferably, a library is size-selected to include larger molecules. Random primed libraries may also be preferred for identifying 5' and upstream regions of genes. Genomic libraries are preferred for obtaining introns and extending 5' sequences.

For hybridization techniques, a partial sequence may be labeled (*e.g.*, by nick-translation or end-labeling with ^{32}P) using well known techniques. A bacterial or bacteriophage library is then screened by hybridizing filters containing denatured bacterial colonies (or lawns containing phage plaques) with the labeled probe (*see* Sambrook et al., *Molecular Cloning: A Laboratory Manual,* Cold Spring Harbor Laboratories, Cold Spring Harbor, NY, 1989). Hybridizing colonies or plaques are selected and expanded, and the DNA is isolated for further analysis. cDNA clones may be analyzed to determine the amount of additional sequence by, for example, PCR using a primer from the partial sequence and a primer from the vector. Restriction maps and partial sequences may be generated to identify one or more overlapping clones. The complete sequence may then be determined using

standard techniques, which may involve generating a series of deletion clones. The resulting overlapping sequences are then assembled into a single contiguous sequence. A full length cDNA molecule can be generated by ligating suitable fragments, using well known techniques.

Alternatively, there are numerous amplification techniques for obtaining a full length coding sequence from a partial cDNA sequence. Within such techniques, amplification is generally performed via PCR. Any of a variety of commercially available kits may be used to perform the amplification step. Primers may be designed using, for example, software well known in the art. Primers are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length, have a GC content of at least 50% and anneal to the target sequence at temperatures of about 68°C to 72°C. The amplified region may be sequenced as described above, and overlapping sequences assembled into a contiguous sequence.

One such amplification technique is inverse PCR (*see* Triglia et al., *Nucl. Acids Res. 16*:8186, 1988), which uses restriction enzymes to generate a fragment in the known region of the gene. The fragment is then circularized by intramolecular ligation and used as a template for PCR with divergent primers derived from the known region. Within an alternative approach, sequences adjacent to a partial sequence may be retrieved by amplification with a primer to a linker sequence and a primer specific to a known region. The amplified sequences are typically subjected to a second round of amplification with the same linker primer and a second primer specific to the known region. A variation on this procedure, which employs two primers that initiate extension in opposite directions from the known sequence, is described in WO 96/38591. Another such technique is known as "rapid amplification of cDNA ends" or RACE. This technique involves the use of an internal primer and an external primer, which hybridizes to a polyA region or vector sequence, to identify sequences that are 5' and 3' of a known sequence. Additional techniques include capture PCR (Lagerstrom et al., *PCR Methods Applic. 1*:111-19, 1991) and walking PCR (Parker et al., *Nucl. Acids. Res. 19*:3055-60, 1991). Other methods employing amplification may also be employed to obtain a full length cDNA sequence.

In certain instances, it is possible to obtain a full length cDNA sequence by analysis of sequences provided in an expressed sequence tag (EST) database, such as that available from GenBank. Searches for overlapping ESTs may generally be performed using well known programs (*e.g.*, NCBI BLAST searches), and such ESTs may be used to generate a contiguous full length sequence.

Certain nucleic acid sequences of cDNA molecules encoding at least a portion of a prostate tumor protein are provided in SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472. Isolation of these

polynucleotides is described below. Each of these prostate tumor proteins was overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue.

Polynucleotide variants may generally be prepared by any method known in the art, including chemical synthesis by, for example, solid phase phosphoramidite chemical synthesis. Modifications in a polynucleotide sequence may also be introduced using standard mutagenesis techniques, such as oligonucleotide-directed site-specific mutagenesis (*see* Adelman et al., *DNA 2*:183, 1983). Alternatively, RNA molecules may be generated by *in vitro* or *in vivo* transcription of DNA sequences encoding a prostate tumor protein, or portion thereof, provided that the DNA is incorporated into a vector with a suitable RNA polymerase promoter (such as T7 or SP6). Certain portions may be used to prepare an encoded polypeptide, as described herein. In addition, or alternatively, a portion may be administered to a patient such that the encoded polypeptide is generated *in vivo* (*e.g.*, by transfecting antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic cells, with a cDNA construct encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide, and administering the transfected cells to the patient).

A portion of a sequence complementary to a coding sequence (*i.e.*, an antisense polynucleotide) may also be used as a probe or to modulate gene expression. cDNA constructs that can be transcribed into antisense RNA may also be introduced into cells of tissues to facilitate the production of antisense RNA. An antisense polynucleotide may be used, as described herein, to inhibit expression of a tumor protein. Antisense technology can be used to control gene expression through triple-helix formation, which compromises the ability of the double helix to open sufficiently for the binding of polymerases, transcription factors or regulatory molecules (*see* Gee et al., *In* Huber and Carr, *Molecular and Immunologic Approaches*, Futura Publishing Co. (Mt. Kisco, NY; 1994)). Alternatively, an antisense molecule may be designed to hybridize with a control region of a gene (*e.g.*, promoter, enhancer or transcription initiation site), and block transcription of the gene; or to block translation by inhibiting binding of a transcript to ribosomes.

A portion of a coding sequence, or of a complementary sequence, may also be designed as a probe or primer to detect gene expression. Probes may be labeled with a variety of reporter groups, such as radionuclides and enzymes, and are preferably at least 10 nucleotides in length, more preferably at least 20 nucleotides in length and still more preferably at least 30 nucleotides in length. Primers, as noted above, are preferably 22-30 nucleotides in length.

Any polynucleotide may be further modified to increase stability *in vivo*. Possible modifications include, but are not limited to, the addition of flanking sequences at the 5' and/or 3' ends; the use of phosphorothioate or 2' O-methyl rather than phosphodiesterase linkages in the backbone; and/or the inclusion of nontraditional bases such

as inosine, queosine and wybutosine, as well as acetyl- methyl-, thio- and other modified forms of adenine, cytidine, guanine, thymine and uridine.

Nucleotide sequences as described herein may be joined to a variety of other nucleotide sequences using established recombinant DNA techniques. For example, a polynucleotide may be cloned into any of a variety of cloning vectors, including plasmids, phagemids, lambda phage derivatives and cosmids. Vectors of particular interest include expression vectors, replication vectors, probe generation vectors and sequencing vectors. In general, a vector will contain an origin of replication functional in at least one organism, convenient restriction endonuclease sites and one or more selectable markers. Other elements will depend upon the desired use, and will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Within certain embodiments, polynucleotides may be formulated so as to permit entry into a cell of a mammal, and expression therein. Such formulations are particularly useful for therapeutic purposes, as described below. Those of ordinary skill in the art will appreciate that there are many ways to achieve expression of a polynucleotide in a target cell, and any suitable method may be employed. For example, a polynucleotide may be incorporated into a viral vector such as, but not limited to, adenovirus, adeno-associated virus, retrovirus, or vaccinia or other pox virus (*e.g.*, avian pox virus). Techniques for incorporating DNA into such vectors are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. A retroviral vector may additionally transfer or incorporate a gene for a selectable marker (to aid in the identification or selection of transduced cells) and/or a targeting moiety, such as a gene that encodes a ligand for a receptor on a specific target cell, to render the vector target specific. Targeting may also be accomplished using an antibody, by methods known to those of ordinary skill in the art.

Other formulations for therapeutic purposes include colloidal dispersion systems, such as macromolecule complexes, nanocapsules, microspheres, beads, and lipid-based systems including oil-in-water emulsions, micelles, mixed micelles, and liposomes. A preferred colloidal system for use as a delivery vehicle *in vitro* and *in vivo* is a liposome (*i.e.*, an artificial membrane vesicle). The preparation and use of such systems is well known in the art.

PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Within the context of the present invention, polypeptides may comprise at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof, as described herein. As noted above, a "prostate tumor protein" is a protein that is expressed by prostate tumor cells. Proteins that are prostate tumor proteins also react detectably within an immunoassay (such as an ELISA) with antisera from a patient with prostate cancer. Polypeptides as described herein may be of any length. Additional sequences derived from

the native protein and/or heterologous sequences may be present, and such sequences may (but need not) possess further immunogenic or antigenic properties.

An "immunogenic portion," as used herein is a portion of a protein that is recognized (*i.e.*, specifically bound) by a B-cell and/or T-cell surface antigen receptor. Such immunogenic portions generally comprise at least 5 amino acid residues, more preferably at least 10, and still more preferably at least 20 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein or a variant thereof. Certain preferred immunogenic portions include peptides in which an N-terminal leader sequence and/or transmembrane domain have been deleted. Other preferred immunogenic portions may contain a small N- and/or C-terminal deletion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids), relative to the mature protein.

Immunogenic portions may generally be identified using well known techniques, such as those summarized in Paul, *Fundamental Immunology*, 3rd ed., 243-247 (Raven Press, 1993) and references cited therein. Such techniques include screening polypeptides for the ability to react with antigen-specific antibodies, antisera and/or T-cell lines or clones. As used herein, antisera and antibodies are "antigen-specific" if they specifically bind to an antigen (*i.e.*, they react with the protein in an ELISA or other immunoassay, and do not react detectably with unrelated proteins). Such antisera and antibodies may be prepared as described herein, and using well known techniques. An immunogenic portion of a native prostate tumor protein is a portion that reacts with such antisera and/or T-cells at a level that is not substantially less than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide (*e.g.*, in an ELISA and/or T-cell reactivity assay). Such immunogenic portions may react within such assays at a level that is similar to or greater than the reactivity of the full length polypeptide. Such screens may generally be performed using methods well known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as those described in Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual,* Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. For example, a polypeptide may be immobilized on a solid support and contacted with patient sera to allow binding of antibodies within the sera to the immobilized polypeptide. Unbound sera may then be removed and bound antibodies detected using, for example, ^{125}I-labeled Protein A.

As noted above, a composition may comprise a variant of a native prostate tumor protein. A polypeptide "variant," as used herein, is a polypeptide that differs from a native prostate tumor protein in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions, such that the immunogenicity of the polypeptide is not substantially diminished. In other words, the ability of a variant to react with antigen-specific antisera may be enhanced or unchanged, relative to the native protein, or may be diminished by less than 50%, and preferably less than 20%, relative to the native protein. Such variants may generally be identified by modifying one of the above polypeptide sequences and evaluating the reactivity of the modified polypeptide with antigen-specific antibodies or antisera as described herein.

Preferred variants include those in which one or more portions, such as an N-terminal leader sequence or transmembrane domain, have been removed. Other preferred variants include variants in which a small portion (*e.g.*, 1-30 amino acids, preferably 5-15 amino acids) has been removed from the N- and/or C-terminal of the mature protein. Polypeptide variants preferably exhibit at least about 70%, more preferably at least about 90% and most preferably at least about 95% identity (determined as described above) to the identified polypeptides.

Preferably, a variant contains conservative substitutions. A "conservative substitution" is one in which an amino acid is substituted for another amino acid that has similar properties, such that one skilled in the art of peptide chemistry would expect the secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide to be substantially unchanged. Amino acid substitutions may generally be made on the basis of similarity in polarity, charge, solubility, hydrophobicity, hydrophilicity and/or the amphipathic nature of the residues. For example, negatively charged amino acids include aspartic acid and glutamic acid; positively charged amino acids include lysine and arginine; and amino acids with uncharged polar head groups having similar hydrophilicity values include leucine, isoleucine and valine; glycine and alanine; asparagine and glutamine; and serine, threonine, phenylalanine and tyrosine. Other groups of amino acids that may represent conservative changes include: (1) ala, pro, gly, glu, asp, gln, asn, ser, thr; (2) cys, ser, tyr, thr; (3) val, ile, leu, met, ala, phe; (4) lys, arg, his; and (5) phe, tyr, trp, his. A variant may also, or alternatively, contain nonconservative changes. In a preferred embodiment, variant polypeptides differ from a native sequence by substitution, deletion or addition of five amino acids or fewer. Variants may also (or alternatively) be modified by, for example, the deletion or addition of amino acids that have minimal influence on the immunogenicity, secondary structure and hydropathic nature of the polypeptide.

As noted above, polypeptides may comprise a signal (or leader) sequence at the N-terminal end of the protein which co-translationally or post-translationally directs transfer of the protein. The polypeptide may also be conjugated to a linker or other sequence for ease of synthesis, purification or identification of the polypeptide (*e.g.*, poly-His), or to enhance binding of the polypeptide to a solid support. For example, a polypeptide may be conjugated to an immunoglobulin Fc region.

Polypeptides may be prepared using any of a variety of well known techniques. Recombinant polypeptides encoded by DNA sequences as described above may be readily prepared from the DNA sequences using any of a variety of expression vectors known to those of ordinary skill in the art. Expression may be achieved in any appropriate host cell that has been transformed or transfected with an expression vector containing a DNA molecule that encodes a recombinant polypeptide. Suitable host cells include prokaryotes, yeast and higher eukaryotic cells. Preferably, the host cells employed are

E. coli, yeast or a mammalian cell line such as COS or CHO. Supernatants from suitable host/vector systems which secrete recombinant protein or polypeptide into culture media may be first concentrated using a commercially available filter. Following concentration, the concentrate may be applied to a suitable purification matrix such as an affinity matrix or an ion exchange resin. Finally, one or more reverse phase HPLC steps can be employed to further purify a recombinant polypeptide.

Portions and other variants having fewer than about 100 amino acids, and generally fewer than about 50 amino acids, may also be generated by synthetic means, using techniques well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. For example, such polypeptides may be synthesized using any of the commercially available solid-phase techniques, such as the Merrifield solid-phase synthesis method, where amino acids are sequentially added to a growing amino acid chain. *See* Merrifield, *J. Am. Chem. Soc. 85*:2149-2146, 1963. Equipment for automated synthesis of polypeptides is commercially available from suppliers such as Perkin Elmer/Applied BioSystems Division (Foster City, CA), and may be operated according to the manufacturer's instructions.

Within certain specific embodiments, a polypeptide may be a fusion protein that comprises multiple polypeptides as described herein, or that comprises at least one polypeptide as described herein and an unrelated sequence, such as a known tumor protein. A fusion partner may, for example, assist in providing T helper epitopes (an immunological fusion partner), preferably T helper epitopes recognized by humans, or may assist in expressing the protein (an expression enhancer) at higher yields than the native recombinant protein. Certain preferred fusion partners are both immunological and expression enhancing fusion partners. Other fusion partners may be selected so as to increase the solubility of the protein or to enable the protein to be targeted to desired intracellular compartments. Still further fusion partners include affinity tags, which facilitate purification of the protein.

Fusion proteins may generally be prepared using standard techniques, including chemical conjugation. Preferably, a fusion protein is expressed as a recombinant protein, allowing the production of increased levels, relative to a non-fused protein, in an expression system. Briefly, DNA sequences encoding the polypeptide components may be assembled separately, and ligated into an appropriate expression vector. The 3' end of the DNA sequence encoding one polypeptide component is ligated, with or without a peptide linker, to the 5' end of a DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide component so that the reading frames of the sequences are in phase. This permits translation into a single fusion protein that retains the biological activity of both component polypeptides.

A peptide linker sequence may be employed to separate the first and the second polypeptide components by a distance sufficient to ensure that each polypeptide folds into its secondary and tertiary structures. Such a peptide linker sequence is incorporated into

the fusion protein using standard techniques well known in the art. Suitable peptide linker sequences may be chosen based on the following factors: (1) their ability to adopt a flexible extended conformation; (2) their inability to adopt a secondary structure that could interact with functional epitopes on the first and second polypeptides; and (3) the lack of hydrophobic or charged residues that might react with the polypeptide functional epitopes. Preferred peptide linker sequences contain Gly, Asn and Ser residues. Other near neutral amino acids, such as Thr and Ala may also be used in the linker sequence. Amino acid sequences which may be usefully employed as linkers include those disclosed in Maratea et al., *Gene 40*:39-46, 1985; Murphy et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 83*:8258-8262, 1986; U.S. Patent No. 4,935,233 and U.S. Patent No. 4,751,180. The linker sequence may generally be from 1 to about 50 amino acids in length. Linker sequences are not required when the first and second polypeptides have non-essential N-terminal amino acid regions that can be used to separate the functional domains and prevent steric interference.

The ligated DNA sequences are operably linked to suitable transcriptional or translational regulatory elements. The regulatory elements responsible for expression of DNA are located only 5' to the DNA sequence encoding the first polypeptides. Similarly, stop codons required to end translation and transcription termination signals are only present 3' to the DNA sequence encoding the second polypeptide.

Fusion proteins are also provided that comprise a polypeptide of the present invention together with an unrelated immunogenic protein. Preferably the immunogenic protein is capable of eliciting a recall response. Examples of such proteins include tetanus, tuberculosis and hepatitis proteins (*see*, for example, Stoute et al. *New Engl. J. Med.*, *336*:86-91, 1997).

Within preferred embodiments, an immunological fusion partner is derived from protein D, a surface protein of the gram-negative bacterium Haemophilus influenza B (WO 91/18926). Preferably, a protein D derivative comprises approximately the first third of the protein (*e.g.*, the first N-terminal 100-110 amino acids), and a protein D derivative may be lipidated. Within certain preferred embodiments, the first 109 residues of a Lipoprotein D fusion partner is included on the N-terminus to provide the polypeptide with additional exogenous T-cell epitopes and to increase the expression level in *E. coli* (thus functioning as an expression enhancer). The lipid tail ensures optimal presentation of the antigen to antigen presenting cells. Other fusion partners include the non-structural protein from influenzae virus, NS1 (hemaglutinin). Typically, the N-terminal 81 amino acids are used, although different fragments that include T-helper epitopes may be used.

In another embodiment, the immunological fusion partner is the protein known as LYTA, or a portion thereof (preferably a C-terminal portion). LYTA is derived from *Streptococcus pneumoniae*, which synthesizes an N-acetyl-L-alanine amidase known as

amidase LYTA (encoded by the LytA gene; *Gene 43*:265-292, 1986). LYTA is an autolysin that specifically degrades certain bonds in the peptidoglycan backbone. The C-terminal domain of the LYTA protein is responsible for the affinity to the choline or to some choline analogues such as DEAE. This property has been exploited for the development of *E. coli* C-LYTA expressing plasmids useful for expression of fusion proteins. Purification of hybrid proteins containing the C-LYTA fragment at the amino terminus has been described (*see Biotechnology 10*:795-798, 1992). Within a preferred embodiment, a repeat portion of LYTA may be incorporated into a fusion protein. A repeat portion is found in the C-terminal region starting at residue 178. A particularly preferred repeat portion incorporates residues 188-305.

In general, polypeptides (including fusion proteins) and polynucleotides as described herein are isolated. An "isolated" polypeptide or polynucleotide is one that is removed from its original environment. For example, a naturally-occurring protein is isolated if it is separated from some or all of the coexisting materials in the natural system. Preferably, such polypeptides are at least about 90% pure, more preferably at least about 95% pure and most preferably at least about 99% pure. A polynucleotide is considered to be isolated if, for example, it is cloned into a vector that is not a part of the natural environment.

BINDING AGENTS

The present invention further provides agents, such as antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof, that specifically bind to a prostate tumor protein. As used herein, an antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, is said to "specifically bind" to a prostate tumor protein if it reacts at a detectable level (within, for example, an ELISA) with a prostate tumor protein, and does not react detectably with unrelated proteins under similar conditions. As used herein, "binding" refers to a noncovalent association between two separate molecules such that a complex is formed. The ability to bind may be evaluated by, for example, determining a binding constant for the formation of the complex. The binding constant is the value obtained when the concentration of the complex is divided by the product of the component concentrations. In general, two compounds are said to "bind," in the context of the present invention, when the binding constant for complex formation exceeds about 10^3 L/mol. The binding constant may be determined using methods well known in the art.

Binding agents may be further capable of differentiating between patients with and without a cancer, such as prostate cancer, using the representative assays provided herein. In other words, antibodies or other binding agents that bind to a prostate tumor protein will generate a signal indicating the presence of a cancer in at least about 20% of patients with the disease, and will generate a negative signal indicating the absence of the disease in at least about 90% of individuals without the cancer. To determine whether a binding agent satisfies this requirement, biological samples (*e.g.,* blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) from

patients with and without a cancer (as determined using standard clinical tests) may be assayed as described herein for the presence of polypeptides that bind to the binding agent. It will be apparent that a statistically significant number of samples with and without the disease should be assayed. Each binding agent should satisfy the above criteria; however, those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that binding agents may be used in combination to improve sensitivity.

Any agent that satisfies the above requirements may be a binding agent. For example, a binding agent may be a ribosome, with or without a peptide component, an RNA molecule or a polypeptide. In a preferred embodiment, a binding agent is an antibody or an antigen-binding fragment thereof. Antibodies may be prepared by any of a variety of techniques known to those of ordinary skill in the art. *See, e.g.*, Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, antibodies can be produced by cell culture techniques, including the generation of monoclonal antibodies as described herein, or via transfection of antibody genes into suitable bacterial or mammalian cell hosts, in order to allow for the production of recombinant antibodies. In one technique, an immunogen comprising the polypeptide is initially injected into any of a wide variety of mammals (*e.g.*, mice, rats, rabbits, sheep or goats). In this step, the polypeptides of this invention may serve as the immunogen without modification. Alternatively, particularly for relatively short polypeptides, a superior immune response may be elicited if the polypeptide is joined to a carrier protein, such as bovine serum albumin or keyhole limpet hemocyanin. The immunogen is injected into the animal host, preferably according to a predetermined schedule incorporating one or more booster immunizations, and the animals are bled periodically. Polyclonal antibodies specific for the polypeptide may then be purified from such antisera by, for example, affinity chromatography using the polypeptide coupled to a suitable solid support.

Monoclonal antibodies specific for an antigenic polypeptide of interest may be prepared, for example, using the technique of Kohler and Milstein, *Eur. J. Immunol.* 6:511-519, 1976, and improvements thereto. Briefly, these methods involve the preparation of immortal cell lines capable of producing antibodies having the desired specificity (*i.e.*, reactivity with the polypeptide of interest). Such cell lines may be produced, for example, from spleen cells obtained from an animal immunized as described above. The spleen cells are then immortalized by, for example, fusion with a myeloma cell fusion partner, preferably one that is syngeneic with the immunized animal. A variety of fusion techniques may be employed. For example, the spleen cells and myeloma cells may be combined with a nonionic detergent for a few minutes and then plated at low density on a selective medium that supports the growth of hybrid cells, but not myeloma cells. A preferred selection technique uses HAT (hypoxanthine, aminopterin, thymidine) selection. After a sufficient

time, usually about 1 to 2 weeks, colonies of hybrids are observed. Single colonies are selected and their culture supernatants tested for binding activity against the polypeptide. Hybridomas having high reactivity and specificity are preferred.

Monoclonal antibodies may be isolated from the supernatants of growing hybridoma colonies. In addition, various techniques may be employed to enhance the yield, such as injection of the hybridoma cell line into the peritoneal cavity of a suitable vertebrate host, such as a mouse. Monoclonal antibodies may then be harvested from the ascites fluid or the blood. Contaminants may be removed from the antibodies by conventional techniques, such as chromatography, gel filtration, precipitation, and extraction. The polypeptides of this invention may be used in the purification process in, for example, an affinity chromatography step.

Within certain embodiments, the use of antigen-binding fragments of antibodies may be preferred. Such fragments include Fab fragments, which may be prepared using standard techniques. Briefly, immunoglobulins may be purified from rabbit serum by affinity chromatography on Protein A bead columns (Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual*, Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988) and digested by papain to yield Fab and Fc fragments. The Fab and Fc fragments may be separated by affinity chromatography on protein A bead columns.

Monoclonal antibodies of the present invention may be coupled to one or more therapeutic agents. Suitable agents in this regard include radionuclides, differentiation inducers, drugs, toxins, and derivatives thereof. Preferred radionuclides include ^{90}Y, ^{123}I, ^{125}I, ^{131}I, ^{186}Re, ^{188}Re, ^{211}At, and ^{212}Bi. Preferred drugs include methotrexate, and pyrimidine and purine analogs. Preferred differentiation inducers include phorbol esters and butyric acid. Preferred toxins include ricin, abrin, diptheria toxin, cholera toxin, gelonin, Pseudomonas exotoxin, Shigella toxin, and pokeweed antiviral protein.

A therapeutic agent may be coupled (*e.g.*, covalently bonded) to a suitable monoclonal antibody either directly or indirectly (*e.g.*, via a linker group). A direct reaction between an agent and an antibody is possible when each possesses a substituent capable of reacting with the other. For example, a nucleophilic group, such as an amino or sulfhydryl group, on one may be capable of reacting with a carbonyl-containing group, such as an anhydride or an acid halide, or with an alkyl group containing a good leaving group (*e.g.*, a halide) on the other.

Alternatively, it may be desirable to couple a therapeutic agent and an antibody via a linker group. A linker group can function as a spacer to distance an antibody from an agent in order to avoid interference with binding capabilities. A linker group can also serve to increase the chemical reactivity of a substituent on an agent or an antibody, and

thus increase the coupling efficiency. An increase in chemical reactivity may also facilitate the use of agents, or functional groups on agents, which otherwise would not be possible.

It will be evident to those skilled in the art that a variety of bifunctional or polyfunctional reagents, both homo- and hetero-functional (such as those described in the catalog of the Pierce Chemical Co., Rockford, IL), may be employed as the linker group. Coupling may be effected, for example, through amino groups, carboxyl groups, sulfhydryl groups or oxidized carbohydrate residues. There are numerous references describing such methodology, *e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.

Where a therapeutic agent is more potent when free from the antibody portion of the immunoconjugates of the present invention, it may be desirable to use a linker group which is cleavable during or upon internalization into a cell. A number of different cleavable linker groups have been described. The mechanisms for the intracellular release of an agent from these linker groups include cleavage by reduction of a disulfide bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,489,710, to Spitler), by irradiation of a photolabile bond (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,625,014, to Senter et al.), by hydrolysis of derivatized amino acid side chains (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,638,045, to Kohn et al.), by serum complement-mediated hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,671,958, to Rodwell et al.), and acid-catalyzed hydrolysis (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,569,789, to Blattler et al.).

It may be desirable to couple more than one agent to an antibody. In one embodiment, multiple molecules of an agent are coupled to one antibody molecule. In another embodiment, more than one type of agent may be coupled to one antibody. Regardless of the particular embodiment, immunoconjugates with more than one agent may be prepared in a variety of ways. For example, more than one agent may be coupled directly to an antibody molecule, or linkers which provide multiple sites for attachment can be used. Alternatively, a carrier can be used.

A carrier may bear the agents in a variety of ways, including covalent bonding either directly or via a linker group. Suitable carriers include proteins such as albumins (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,507,234, to Kato et al.), peptides and polysaccharides such as aminodextran (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent No. 4,699,784, to Shih et al.). A carrier may also bear an agent by noncovalent bonding or by encapsulation, such as within a liposome vesicle (*e.g.*, U.S. Patent Nos. 4,429,008 and 4,873,088). Carriers specific for radionuclide agents include radiohalogenated small molecules and chelating compounds. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,735,792 discloses representative radiohalogenated small molecules and their synthesis. A radionuclide chelate may be formed from chelating compounds that include those containing nitrogen and sulfur atoms as the donor atoms for binding the metal, or metal oxide, radionuclide. For example, U.S. Patent No. 4,673,562, to Davison et al. discloses representative chelating compounds and their synthesis.

A variety of routes of administration for the antibodies and immunoconjugates may be used. Typically, administration will be intravenous, intramuscular, subcutaneous or in the bed of a resected tumor. It will be evident that the precise dose of the antibody/immunoconjugate will vary depending upon the antibody used, the antigen density on the tumor, and the rate of clearance of the antibody.

T CELLS

Immunotherapeutic compositions may also, or alternatively, comprise T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein. Such cells may generally be prepared *in vitro* or *ex vivo*, using standard procedures. For example, T cells may be isolated from bone marrow, peripheral blood, or a fraction of bone marrow or peripheral blood of a patient, using a commercially available cell separation system, such as the CEPRATE™ system, available from CellPro Inc., Bothell WA (*see also* U.S. Patent No. 5;240,856; U.S. Patent No. 5,215,926; WO 89/06280; WO 91/16116 and WO 92/07243). Alternatively, T cells may be derived from related or unrelated humans, non-human mammals, cell lines or cultures.

T cells may be stimulated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor polypeptide and/or an antigen presenting cell (APC) that expresses such a polypeptide. Such stimulation is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the generation of T cells that are specific for the polypeptide. Preferably, a prostate tumor polypeptide or polynucleotide is present within a delivery vehicle, such as a microsphere, to facilitate the generation of specific T cells.

T cells are considered to be specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide if the T cells kill target cells coated with the polypeptide or expressing a gene encoding the polypeptide. T cell specificity may be evaluated using any of a variety of standard techniques. For example, within a chromium release assay or proliferation assay, a stimulation index of more than two fold increase in lysis and/or proliferation, compared to negative controls, indicates T cell specificity. Such assays may be performed, for example, as described in Chen et al., *Cancer Res. 54*:1065-1070, 1994. Alternatively, detection of the proliferation of T cells may be accomplished by a variety of known techniques. For example, T cell proliferation can be detected by measuring an increased rate of DNA synthesis (*e.g.*, by pulse-labeling cultures of T cells with tritiated thymidine and measuring the amount of tritiated thymidine incorporated into DNA). Contact with a prostate tumor polypeptide (100 ng/ml - 100 μg/ml, preferably 200 ng/ml - 25 μg/ml) for 3 - 7 days should result in at least a two fold increase in proliferation of the T cells. Contact as described above for 2-3 hours should result in activation of the T cells, as measured using standard cytokine assays in which a two fold increase in the level of cytokine release (*e.g.*, TNF or IFN-γ) is indicative of T cell activation (*see* Coligan et al., Current Protocols in Immunology, vol. 1, Wiley Interscience

(Greene 1998)). T cells that have been activated in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or polypeptide-expressing APC may be $CD4^+$ and/or $CD8^+$. Prostate tumor protein-specific T cells may be expanded using standard techniques. Within preferred embodiments, the T cells are derived from either a patient or a related, or unrelated, donor and are administered to the patient following stimulation and expansion.

For therapeutic purposes, $CD4^+$ or $CD8^+$ T cells that proliferate in response to a prostate tumor polypeptide, polynucleotide or APC can be expanded in number either *in vitro* or *in vivo*. Proliferation of such T cells *in vitro* may be accomplished in a variety of ways. For example, the T cells can be re-exposed to a prostate tumor polypeptide, or a short peptide corresponding to an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, with or without the addition of T cell growth factors, such as interleukin-2, and/or stimulator cells that synthesize a prostate tumor polypeptide. Alternatively, one or more T cells that proliferate in the presence of a prostate tumor protein can be expanded in number by cloning. Methods for cloning cells are well known in the art, and include limiting dilution.

PHARMACEUTICAL COMPOSITIONS AND VACCINES

Within certain aspects, polypeptides, polynucleotides, T cells and/or binding agents disclosed herein may be incorporated into pharmaceutical compositions or immunogenic compositions (*i.e.*, vaccines). Pharmaceutical compositions comprise one or more such compounds and a physiologically acceptable carrier. Vaccines may comprise one or more such compounds and a non-specific immune response enhancer. A non-specific immune response enhancer may be any substance that enhances an immune response to an exogenous antigen. Examples of non-specific immune response enhancers include adjuvants, biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactic galactide) and liposomes (into which the compound is incorporated; *see e.g.*, Fullerton, U.S. Patent No. 4,235,877). Vaccine preparation is generally described in, for example, M.F. Powell and M.J. Newman, eds., "Vaccine Design (the subunit and adjuvant approach)," Plenum Press (NY, 1995). Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines within the scope of the present invention may also contain other compounds, which may be biologically active or inactive. For example, one or more immunogenic portions of other tumor antigens may be present, either incorporated into a fusion polypeptide or as a separate compound, within the composition or vaccine.

A pharmaceutical composition or vaccine may contain DNA encoding one or more of the polypeptides as described above, such that the polypeptide is generated *in situ*. As noted above, the DNA may be present within any of a variety of delivery systems known to those of ordinary skill in the art, including nucleic acid expression systems, bacteria and viral expression systems. Numerous gene delivery techniques are well known in the art, such as those described by Rolland, *Crit. Rev. Therap. Drug Carrier Systems 15*:143-198, 1998,

and references cited therein. Appropriate nucleic acid expression systems contain the necessary DNA sequences for expression in the patient (such as a suitable promoter and terminating signal). Bacterial delivery systems involve the administration of a bacterium (such as *Bacillus-Calmette-Guerrin*) that expresses an immunogenic portion of the polypeptide on its cell surface or secretes such an epitope. In a preferred embodiment, the DNA may be introduced using a viral expression system (*e.g.*, vaccinia or other pox virus, retrovirus, or adenovirus), which may involve the use of a non-pathogenic (defective), replication competent virus. Suitable systems are disclosed, for example, in Fisher-Hoch et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 86*:317-321, 1989; Flexner et al., *Ann. N.Y. Acad. Sci. 569*:86-103, 1989; Flexner et al., *Vaccine 8*:17-21, 1990; U.S. Patent Nos. 4,603,112, 4,769,330, and 5,017,487; WO 89/01973; U.S. Patent No. 4,777,127; GB 2,200,651; EP 0,345,242; WO 91/02805; Berkner, *Biotechniques 6*:616-627, 1988; Rosenfeld et al., *Science 252*:431-434, 1991; Kolls et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 91*:215-219, 1994; Kass-Eisler et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 90*:11498-11502, 1993; Guzman et al., *Circulation 88*:2838-2848, 1993; and Guzman et al., *Cir. Res. 73*:1202-1207, 1993. Techniques for incorporating DNA into such expression systems are well known to those of ordinary skill in the art. The DNA may also be "naked," as described, for example, in Ulmer et al., *Science 259*:1745-1749, 1993 and reviewed by Cohen, *Science 259*:1691-1692, 1993. The uptake of naked DNA may be increased by coating the DNA onto biodegradable beads, which are efficiently transported into the cells.

While any suitable carrier known to those of ordinary skill in the art may be employed in the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention, the type of carrier will vary depending on the mode of administration. Compositions of the present invention may be formulated for any appropriate manner of administration, including for example, topical, oral, nasal, intravenous, intracranial, intraperitoneal, subcutaneous or intramuscular administration. For parenteral administration, such as subcutaneous injection, the carrier preferably comprises water, saline, alcohol, a fat, a wax or a buffer. For oral administration, any of the above carriers or a solid carrier, such as mannitol, lactose, starch, magnesium stearate, sodium saccharine, talcum, cellulose, glucose, sucrose, and magnesium carbonate, may be employed. Biodegradable microspheres (*e.g.*, polylactate polyglycolate) may also be employed as carriers for the pharmaceutical compositions of this invention. Suitable biodegradable microspheres are disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent Nos. 4,897,268 and 5,075,109.

Such compositions may also comprise buffers (*e.g.*, neutral buffered saline or phosphate buffered saline), carbohydrates (*e.g.*, glucose, mannose, sucrose or dextrans), mannitol, proteins, polypeptides or amino acids such as glycine, antioxidants, chelating agents such as EDTA or glutathione, adjuvants (*e.g.*, aluminum hydroxide) and/or

preservatives. Alternatively, compositions of the present invention may be formulated as a lyophilizate. Compounds may also be encapsulated within liposomes using well known technology.

Any of a variety of non-specific immune response enhancers may be employed in the vaccines of this invention. For example, an adjuvant may be included. Most adjuvants contain a substance designed to protect the antigen from rapid catabolism, such as aluminum hydroxide or mineral oil, and a stimulator of immune responses, such as lipid A, *Bortadella pertussis* or *Mycobacterium tuberculosis* derived proteins. Suitable adjuvants are commercially available as, for example, Freund's Incomplete Adjuvant and Complete Adjuvant (Difco Laboratories, Detroit, MI); Merck Adjuvant 65 (Merck and Company, Inc., Rahway, NJ); aluminum salts such as aluminum hydroxide gel (alum) or aluminum phosphate; salts of calcium, iron or zinc; an insoluble suspension of acylated tyrosine; acylated sugars; cationically or anionically derivatized polysaccharides; polyphosphazenes; biodegradable microspheres; monophosphoryl lipid A and quil A. Cytokines, such as GM-CSF or interleukin-2, -7, or -12, may also be used as adjuvants.

Within the vaccines provided herein, the adjuvant composition is preferably designed to induce an immune response predominantly of the Th1 type. High levels of Th1-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IFN-γ, IL-2 and IL-12) tend to favor the induction of cell mediated immune responses to an administered antigen. In contrast, high levels of Th2-type cytokines (*e.g.*, IL-4, IL-5, IL-6, IL-10 and TNF-β) tend to favor the induction of humoral immune responses. Following application of a vaccine as provided herein, a patient will support an immune response that includes Th1- and Th2-type responses. Within a preferred embodiment, in which a response is predominantly Th1-type, the level of Th1-type cytokines will increase to a greater extent than the level of Th2-type cytokines. The levels of these cytokines may be readily assessed using standard assays. For a review of the families of cytokines, see Mosmann and Coffman, *Ann. Rev. Immunol.* 7:145-173, 1989.

Preferred adjuvants for use in eliciting a predominantly Th1-type response include, for example, a combination of monophosphoryl lipid A, preferably 3-de-O-acylated monophosphoryl lipid A (3D-MPL), together with an aluminum salt. MPL adjuvants are available from Ribi ImmunoChem Research Inc. (Hamilton, MT; *see* US Patent Nos. 4,436,727; 4,877,611; 4,866,034 and 4,912,094). CpG-containing oligonucleotides (in which the CpG dinucleotide is unmethylated) also induce a predominantly Th1 response. Such oligonucleotides are well known and are described, for example, in WO 96/02555. Another preferred adjuvant is a saponin, preferably QS21, which may be used alone or in combination with other adjuvants. For example, an enhanced system involves the combination of a monophosphoryl lipid A and saponin derivative, such as the combination of QS21 and 3D-MPL as described in WO 94/00153, or a less reactogenic composition where the QS21 is

quenched with cholesterol, as described in WO 96/33739. Other preferred formulations comprises an oil-in-water emulsion and tocopherol. A particularly potent adjuvant formulation involving QS21, 3D-MPL and tocopherol in an oil-in-water emulsion is described in WO 95/17210. Any vaccine provided herein may be prepared using well known methods that result in a combination of antigen, immune response enhancer and a suitable carrier or excipient.

The compositions described herein may be administered as part of a sustained release formulation (*i.e.*, a formulation such as a capsule or sponge that effects a slow release of compound following administration). Such formulations may generally be prepared using well known technology and administered by, for example, oral, rectal or subcutaneous implantation, or by implantation at the desired target site. Sustained-release formulations may contain a polypeptide, polynucleotide or antibody dispersed in a carrier matrix and/or contained within a reservoir surrounded by a rate controlling membrane. Carriers for use within such formulations are biocompatible, and may also be biodegradable; preferably the formulation provides a relatively constant level of active component release. The amount of active compound contained within a sustained release formulation depends upon the site of implantation, the rate and expected duration of release and the nature of the condition to be treated or prevented.

Any of a variety of delivery vehicles may be employed within pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines to facilitate production of an antigen-specific immune response that targets tumor cells. Delivery vehicles include antigen presenting cells (APCs), such as dendritic cells, macrophages, B cells, monocytes and other cells that may be engineered to be efficient APCs. Such cells may, but need not, be genetically modified to increase the capacity for presenting the antigen, to improve activation and/or maintenance of the T cell response, to have anti-tumor effects *per se* and/or to be immunologically compatible with the receiver (*i.e.*, matched HLA haplotype). APCs may generally be isolated from any of a variety of biological fluids and organs, including tumor and peritumoral tissues, and may be autologous, allogeneic, syngeneic or xenogeneic cells.

Certain preferred embodiments of the present invention use dendritic cells or progenitors thereof as antigen-presenting cells. Dendritic cells are highly potent APCs (Banchereau and Steinman, *Nature 392*:245-251, 1998) and have been shown to be effective as a physiological adjuvant for eliciting prophylactic or therapeutic antitumor immunity (*see* Timmerman and Levy, *Ann. Rev. Med. 50*:507-529, 1999). In general, dendritic cells may be identified based on their typical shape (stellate *in situ*, with marked cytoplasmic processes (dendrites) visible *in vitro*) and based on the lack of differentiation markers of B cells (CD19 and CD20), T cells (CD3), monocytes (CD14) and natural killer cells (CD56), as determined using standard assays. Dendritic cells may, of course, be engineered to express specific cell-

surface receptors or ligands that are not commonly found on dendritic cells *in vivo* or *ex vivo*, and such modified dendritic cells are contemplated by the present invention. As an alternative to dendritic cells, secreted vesicles antigen-loaded dendritic cells (called exosomes) may be used within a vaccine (*see* Zitvogel et al., *Nature Med. 4*:594-600, 1998).

Dendritic cells and progenitors may be obtained from peripheral blood, bone marrow, tumor-infiltrating cells, peritumoral tissues-infiltrating cells, lymph nodes, spleen, skin, umbilical cord blood or any other suitable tissue or fluid. For example, dendritic cells may be differentiated *ex vivo* by adding a combination of cytokines such as GM-CSF, IL-4, IL-13 and/or TNFα to cultures of monocytes harvested from peripheral blood. Alternatively, CD34 positive cells harvested from peripheral blood, umbilical cord blood or bone marrow may be differentiated into dendritic cells by adding to the culture medium combinations of GM-CSF, IL-3, TNFα, CD40 ligand, LPS, flt3 ligand and/or other compound(s) that induce maturation and proliferation of dendritic cells.

Dendritic cells are conveniently categorized as "immature" and "mature" cells, which allows a simple way to discriminate between two well characterized phenotypes. However, this nomenclature should not be construed to exclude all possible intermediate stages of differentiation. Immature dendritic cells are characterized as APC with a high capacity for antigen uptake and processing, which correlates with the high expression of Fcγ receptor, mannose receptor and DEC-205 marker. The mature phenotype is typically characterized by a lower expression of these markers, but a high expression of cell surface molecules responsible for T cell activation such as class I and class II MHC, adhesion molecules (*e.g.*, CD54 and CD11) and costimulatory molecules (*e.g.*, CD40, CD80 and CD86).

APCs may generally be transfected with a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein (or portion or other variant thereof) such that the prostate tumor polypeptide, or an immunogenic portion thereof, is expressed on the cell surface. Such transfection may take place *ex vivo*, and a composition or vaccine comprising such transfected cells may then be used for therapeutic purposes, as described herein. Alternatively, a gene delivery vehicle that targets a dendritic or other antigen presenting cell may be administered to a patient, resulting in transfection that occurs *in vivo*. *In vivo* and *ex vivo* transfection of dendritic cells, for example, may generally be performed using any methods known in the art, such as those described in WO 97/24447, or the gene gun approach described by Mahvi et al., *Immunology and cell Biology 75*:456-460, 1997. Antigen loading of dendritic cells may be achieved by incubating dendritic cells or progenitor cells with the prostate tumor polypeptide, DNA (naked or within a plasmid vector) or RNA; or with antigen-expressing recombinant bacterium or viruses (*e.g.*, vaccinia, fowlpox, adenovirus or lentivirus vectors). Prior to loading, the polypeptide may be covalently conjugated to an immunological partner that

provides T cell help (*e.g.*, a carrier molecule). Alternatively, a dendritic cell may be pulsed with a non-conjugated immunological partner, separately or in the presence of the polypeptide.

CANCER THERAPY

In further aspects of the present invention, the compositions described herein may be used for immunotherapy of cancer, such as prostate cancer. Within such methods, pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines are typically administered to a patient. As used herein, a "patient" refers to any warm-blooded animal, preferably a human. A patient may or may not be afflicted with cancer. Accordingly, the above pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be used to prevent the development of a cancer or to treat a patient afflicted with a cancer. A cancer may be diagnosed using criteria generally accepted in the art, including the presence of a malignant tumor. Pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered either prior to or following surgical removal of primary tumors and/or treatment such as administration of radiotherapy or conventional chemotherapeutic drugs.

Within certain embodiments, immunotherapy may be active immunotherapy, in which treatment relies on the *in vivo* stimulation of the endogenous host immune system to react against tumors with the administration of immune response-modifying agents (such as polypeptides and polynucleotides disclosed herein).

Within other embodiments, immunotherapy may be passive immunotherapy, in which treatment involves the delivery of agents with established tumor-immune reactivity (such as effector cells or antibodies) that can directly or indirectly mediate antitumor effects and does not necessarily depend on an intact host immune system. Examples of effector cells include T cells as discussed above, T lymphocytes (such as $CD8^+$ cytotoxic T lymphocytes and $CD4^+$ T-helper tumor-infiltrating lymphocytes), killer cells (such as Natural Killer cells and lymphokine-activated killer cells), B cells and antigen-presenting cells (such as dendritic cells and macrophages) expressing a polypeptide provided herein. T cell receptors and antibody receptors specific for the polypeptides recited herein may be cloned, expressed and transferred into other vectors or effector cells for adoptive immunotherapy. The polypeptides provided herein may also be used to generate antibodies or anti-idiotypic antibodies (as described above and in U.S. Patent No. 4,918,164) for passive immunotherapy.

Effector cells may generally be obtained in sufficient quantities for adoptive immunotherapy by growth *in vitro*, as described herein. Culture conditions for expanding single antigen-specific effector cells to several billion in number with retention of antigen recognition *in vivo* are well known in the art. Such *in vitro* culture conditions typically use intermittent stimulation with antigen, often in the presence of cytokines (such as IL-2) and non-dividing feeder cells. As noted above, immunoreactive polypeptides as provided herein

may be used to rapidly expand antigen-specific T cell cultures in order to generate a sufficient number of cells for immunotherapy. In particular, antigen-presenting cells, such as dendritic, macrophage, monocyte, fibroblast or B cells, may be pulsed with immunoreactive polypeptides or transfected with one or more polynucleotides using standard techniques well known in the art. For example, antigen-presenting cells can be transfected with a polynucleotide having a promoter appropriate for increasing expression in a recombinant virus or other expression system. Cultured effector cells for use in therapy must be able to grow and distribute widely, and to survive long term *in vivo*. Studies have shown that cultured effector cells can be induced to grow in vivo and to survive long term in substantial numbers by repeated stimulation with antigen supplemented with IL-2 (*see*, for example, Cheever et al., *Immunological Reviews 157*:177, 1997).

Alternatively, a vector expressing a polypeptide recited herein may be introduced into antigen presenting cells taken from a patient and clonally propagated *ex vivo* for transplant back into the same patient. Transfected cells may be reintroduced into the patient using any means known in the art, preferably in sterile form by intravenous, intracavitary, intraperitoneal or intratumor administration.

Routes and frequency of administration of the therapeutic compositions disclosed herein, as well as dosage, will vary from individual to individual, and may be readily established using standard techniques. In general, the pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines may be administered by injection (*e.g.*, intracutaneous, intramuscular, intravenous or subcutaneous), intranasally (*e.g.*, by aspiration) or orally. Preferably, between 1 and 10 doses may be administered over a 52 week period. Preferably, 6 doses are administered, at intervals of 1 month, and booster vaccinations may be given periodically thereafter. Alternate protocols may be appropriate for individual patients. A suitable dose is an amount of a compound that, when administered as described above, is capable of promoting an anti-tumor immune response, and is at least 10-50% above the basal (*i.e.*, untreated) level. Such response can be monitored by measuring the anti-tumor antibodies in a patient or by vaccine-dependent generation of cytolytic effector cells capable of killing the patient's tumor cells *in vitro*. Such vaccines should also be capable of causing an immune response that leads to an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial or longer disease-free survival) in vaccinated patients as compared to non-vaccinated patients. In general, for pharmaceutical compositions and vaccines comprising one or more polypeptides, the amount of each polypeptide present in a dose ranges from about 100 μg to 5 mg per kg of host. Suitable dose sizes will vary with the size of the patient, but will typically range from about 0.1 mL to about 5 mL.

In general, an appropriate dosage and treatment regimen provides the active compound(s) in an amount sufficient to provide therapeutic and/or prophylactic benefit. Such

a response can be monitored by establishing an improved clinical outcome (*e.g.*, more frequent remissions, complete or partial, or longer disease-free survival) in treated patients as compared to non-treated patients. Increases in preexisting immune responses to a prostate tumor protein generally correlate with an improved clinical outcome. Such immune responses may generally be evaluated using standard proliferation, cytotoxicity or cytokine assays, which may be performed using samples obtained from a patient before and after treatment.

METHODS FOR DETECTING CANCER

In general, a cancer may be detected in a patient based on the presence of one or more prostate tumor proteins and/or polynucleotides encoding such proteins in a biological sample (for example, blood, sera, urine and/or tumor biopsies) obtained from the patient. In other words, such proteins may be used as markers to indicate the presence or absence of a cancer such as prostate cancer. In addition, such proteins may be useful for the detection of other cancers. The binding agents provided herein generally permit detection of the level of antigen that binds to the agent in the biological sample. Polynucleotide primers and probes may be used to detect the level of mRNA encoding a tumor protein, which is also indicative of the presence or absence of a cancer. In general, a prostate tumor sequence should be present at a level that is at least three fold higher in tumor tissue than in normal tissue

There are a variety of assay formats known to those of ordinary skill in the art for using a binding agent to detect polypeptide markers in a sample. *See*, *e.g.*, Harlow and Lane, *Antibodies: A Laboratory Manual,* Cold Spring Harbor Laboratory, 1988. In general, the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient may be determined by (a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent; (b) detecting in the sample a level of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and (c) comparing the level of polypeptide with a predetermined cut-off value.

In a preferred embodiment, the assay involves the use of binding agent immobilized on a solid support to bind to and remove the polypeptide from the remainder of the sample. The bound polypeptide may then be detected using a detection reagent that contains a reporter group and specifically binds to the binding agent/polypeptide complex. Such detection reagents may comprise, for example, a binding agent that specifically binds to the polypeptide or an antibody or other agent that specifically binds to the binding agent, such as an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or a lectin. Alternatively, a competitive assay may be utilized, in which a polypeptide is labeled with a reporter group and allowed to bind to the immobilized binding agent after incubation of the binding agent with the sample. The extent to which components of the sample inhibit the binding of the labeled polypeptide to the binding agent is indicative of the reactivity of the sample with the immobilized binding

agent. Suitable polypeptides for use within such assays include full length prostate tumor proteins and portions thereof to which the binding agent binds, as described above.

The solid support may be any material known to those of ordinary skill in the art to which the tumor protein may be attached. For example, the solid support may be a test well in a microtiter plate or a nitrocellulose or other suitable membrane. Alternatively, the support may be a bead or disc, such as glass, fiberglass, latex or a plastic material such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride. The support may also be a magnetic particle or a fiber optic sensor, such as those disclosed, for example, in U.S. Patent No. 5,359,681. The binding agent may be immobilized on the solid support using a variety of techniques known to those of skill in the art, which are amply described in the patent and scientific literature. In the context of the present invention, the term "immobilization" refers to both noncovalent association, such as adsorption, and covalent attachment (which may be a direct linkage between the agent and functional groups on the support or may be a linkage by way of a cross-linking agent). Immobilization by adsorption to a well in a microtiter plate or to a membrane is preferred. In such cases, adsorption may be achieved by contacting the binding agent, in a suitable buffer, with the solid support for a suitable amount of time. The contact time varies with temperature, but is typically between about 1 hour and about 1 day. In general, contacting a well of a plastic microtiter plate (such as polystyrene or polyvinylchloride) with an amount of binding agent ranging from about 10 ng to about 10 μg, and preferably about 100 ng to about 1 μg, is sufficient to immobilize an adequate amount of binding agent.

Covalent attachment of binding agent to a solid support may generally be achieved by first reacting the support with a bifunctional reagent that will react with both the support and a functional group, such as a hydroxyl or amino group, on the binding agent. For example, the binding agent may be covalently attached to supports having an appropriate polymer coating using benzoquinone or by condensation of an aldehyde group on the support with an amine and an active hydrogen on the binding partner (*see, e.g.*, Pierce Immunotechnology Catalog and Handbook, 1991, at A12-A13).

In certain embodiments, the assay is a two-antibody sandwich assay. This assay may be performed by first contacting an antibody that has been immobilized on a solid support, commonly the well of a microtiter plate, with the sample, such that polypeptides within the sample are allowed to bind to the immobilized antibody. Unbound sample is then removed from the immobilized polypeptide-antibody complexes and a detection reagent (preferably a second antibody capable of binding to a different site on the polypeptide) containing a reporter group is added. The amount of detection reagent that remains bound to the solid support is then determined using a method appropriate for the specific reporter group.

More specifically, once the antibody is immobilized on the support as described above, the remaining protein binding sites on the support are typically blocked. Any suitable blocking agent known to those of ordinary skill in the art, such as bovine serum albumin or Tween 20™ (Sigma Chemical Co., St. Louis, MO). The immobilized antibody is then incubated with the sample, and polypeptide is allowed to bind to the antibody. The sample may be diluted with a suitable diluent, such as phosphate-buffered saline (PBS) prior to incubation. In general, an appropriate contact time (*i.e.*, incubation time) is a period of time that is sufficient to detect the presence of polypeptide within a sample obtained from an individual with prostate cancer. Preferably, the contact time is sufficient to achieve a level of binding that is at least about 95% of that achieved at equilibrium between bound and unbound polypeptide. Those of ordinary skill in the art will recognize that the time necessary to achieve equilibrium may be readily determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. At room temperature, an incubation time of about 30 minutes is generally sufficient.

Unbound sample may then be removed by washing the solid support with an appropriate buffer, such as PBS containing 0.1% Tween 20™. The second antibody, which contains a reporter group, may then be added to the solid support. Preferred reporter groups include those groups recited above.

The detection reagent is then incubated with the immobilized antibody-polypeptide complex for an amount of time sufficient to detect the bound polypeptide. An appropriate amount of time may generally be determined by assaying the level of binding that occurs over a period of time. Unbound detection reagent is then removed and bound detection reagent is detected using the reporter group. The method employed for detecting the reporter group depends upon the nature of the reporter group. For radioactive groups, scintillation counting or autoradiographic methods are generally appropriate. Spectroscopic methods may be used to detect dyes, luminescent groups and fluorescent groups. Biotin may be detected using avidin, coupled to a different reporter group (commonly a radioactive or fluorescent group or an enzyme). Enzyme reporter groups may generally be detected by the addition of substrate (generally for a specific period of time), followed by spectroscopic or other analysis of the reaction products.

To determine the presence or absence of a cancer, such as prostate cancer, the signal detected from the reporter group that remains bound to the solid support is generally compared to a signal that corresponds to a predetermined cut-off value. In one preferred embodiment, the cut-off value for the detection of a cancer is the average mean signal obtained when the immobilized antibody is incubated with samples from patients without the cancer. In general, a sample generating a signal that is three standard deviations above the predetermined cut-off value is considered positive for the cancer. In an alternate preferred

embodiment, the cut-off value is determined using a Receiver Operator Curve, according to the method of Sackett et al., *Clinical Epidemiology: A Basic Science for Clinical Medicine*, Little Brown and Co., 1985, p. 106-7. Briefly, in this embodiment, the cut-off value may be determined from a plot of pairs of true positive rates (*i.e.*, sensitivity) and false positive rates (100%-specificity) that correspond to each possible cut-off value for the diagnostic test result. The cut-off value on the plot that is the closest to the upper left-hand corner (*i.e.*, the value that encloses the largest area) is the most accurate cut-off value, and a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method may be considered positive. Alternatively, the cut-off value may be shifted to the left along the plot, to minimize the false positive rate, or to the right, to minimize the false negative rate. In general, a sample generating a signal that is higher than the cut-off value determined by this method is considered positive for a cancer.

In a related embodiment, the assay is performed in a flow-through or strip test format, wherein the binding agent is immobilized on a membrane, such as nitrocellulose. In the flow-through test, polypeptides within the sample bind to the immobilized binding agent as the sample passes through the membrane. A second, labeled binding agent then binds to the binding agent-polypeptide complex as a solution containing the second binding agent flows through the membrane. The detection of bound second binding agent may then be performed as described above. In the strip test format, one end of the membrane to which binding agent is bound is immersed in a solution containing the sample. The sample migrates along the membrane through a region containing second binding agent and to the area of immobilized binding agent. Concentration of second binding agent at the area of immobilized antibody indicates the presence of a cancer. Typically, the concentration of second binding agent at that site generates a pattern, such as a line, that can be read visually. The absence of such a pattern indicates a negative result. In general, the amount of binding agent immobilized on the membrane is selected to generate a visually discernible pattern when the biological sample contains a level of polypeptide that would be sufficient to generate a positive signal in the two-antibody sandwich assay, in the format discussed above. Preferred binding agents for use in such assays are antibodies and antigen-binding fragments thereof. Preferably, the amount of antibody immobilized on the membrane ranges from about 25 ng to about 1 μg, and more preferably from about 50 ng to about 500 ng. Such tests can typically be performed with a very small amount of biological sample.

Of course, numerous other assay protocols exist that are suitable for use with the tumor proteins or binding agents of the present invention. The above descriptions are intended to be exemplary only. For example, it will be apparent to those of ordinary skill in the art that the above protocols may be readily modified to use prostate tumor polypeptides to

detect antibodies that bind to such polypeptides in a biological sample. The detection of such prostate tumor protein specific antibodies may correlate with the presence of a cancer.

A cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the presence of T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Within certain methods, a biological sample comprising $CD4^+$ and/or $CD8^+$ T cells isolated from a patient is incubated with a prostate tumor polypeptide, a polynucleotide encoding such a polypeptide and/or an APC that expresses at least an immunogenic portion of such a polypeptide, and the presence or absence of specific activation of the T cells is detected. Suitable biological samples include, but are not limited to, isolated T cells. For example, T cells may be isolated from a patient by routine techniques (such as by Ficoll/Hypaque density gradient centrifugation of peripheral blood lymphocytes). T cells may be incubated *in vitro* for 2-9 days (typically 4 days) at 37°C with prostate tumor polypeptide (*e.g.*, 5 - 25 μg/ml). It may be desirable to incubate another aliquot of a T cell sample in the absence of prostate tumor polypeptide to serve as a control. For $CD4^+$ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating proliferation of the T cells. For $CD8^+$ T cells, activation is preferably detected by evaluating cytolytic activity. A level of proliferation that is at least two fold greater and/or a level of cytolytic activity that is at least 20% greater than in disease-free patients indicates the presence of a cancer in the patient.

As noted above, a cancer may also, or alternatively, be detected based on the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. For example, at least two oligonucleotide primers may be employed in a polymerase chain reaction (PCR) based assay to amplify a portion of a prostate tumor cDNA derived from a biological sample, wherein at least one of the oligonucleotide primers is specific for (*i.e.*, hybridizes to) a polynucleotide encoding the prostate tumor protein. The amplified cDNA is then separated and detected using techniques well known in the art, such as gel electrophoresis. Similarly, oligonucleotide probes that specifically hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein may be used in a hybridization assay to detect the presence of polynucleotide encoding the tumor protein in a biological sample.

To permit hybridization under assay conditions, oligonucleotide primers and probes should comprise an oligonucleotide sequence that has at least about 60%, preferably at least about 75% and more preferably at least about 90%, identity to a portion of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein that is at least 10 nucleotides, and preferably at least 20 nucleotides, in length. Preferably, oligonucleotide primers and/or probes will hybridize to a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide disclosed herein under moderately stringent conditions, as defined above. Oligonucleotide primers and/or probes which may be usefully employed in the diagnostic methods described herein preferably are at least 10-40 nucleotides in length. In a preferred embodiment, the oligonucleotide primers

comprise at least 10 contiguous nucleotides, more preferably at least 15 contiguous nucleotides, of a DNA molecule having a sequence recited in SEQ ID NO: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375 and 381. Techniques for both PCR based assays and hybridization assays are well known in the art (*see*, for example, Mullis et al., *Cold Spring Harbor Symp. Quant. Biol.*, *51*:263, 1987; Erlich ed., *PCR Technology*, Stockton Press, NY, 1989).

One preferred assay employs RT-PCR, in which PCR is applied in conjunction with reverse transcription. Typically, RNA is extracted from a biological sample, such as biopsy tissue, and is reverse transcribed to produce cDNA molecules. PCR amplification using at least one specific primer generates a cDNA molecule, which may be separated and visualized using, for example, gel electrophoresis. Amplification may be performed on biological samples taken from a test patient and from an individual who is not afflicted with a cancer. The amplification reaction may be performed on several dilutions of cDNA spanning two orders of magnitude. A two-fold or greater increase in expression in several dilutions of the test patient sample as compared to the same dilutions of the non-cancerous sample is typically considered positive.

In another embodiment, the disclosed compositions may be used as markers for the progression of cancer. In this embodiment, assays as described above for the diagnosis of a cancer may be performed over time, and the change in the level of reactive polypeptide(s) or polynucleotide evaluated. For example, the assays may be performed every 24-72 hours for a period of 6 months to 1 year, and thereafter performed as needed. In general, a cancer is progressing in those patients in whom the level of polypeptide or polynucleotide detected increases over time. In contrast, the cancer is not progressing when the level of reactive polypeptide or polynucleotide either remains constant or decreases with time.

Certain *in vivo* diagnostic assays may be performed directly on a tumor. One such assay involves contacting tumor cells with a binding agent. The bound binding agent may then be detected directly or indirectly via a reporter group. Such binding agents may also be used in histological applications. Alternatively, polynucleotide probes may be used within such applications.

As noted above, to improve sensitivity, multiple prostate tumor protein markers may be assayed within a given sample. It will be apparent that binding agents specific for different proteins provided herein may be combined within a single assay. Further, multiple primers or probes may be used concurrently. The selection of tumor protein markers may be based on routine experiments to determine combinations that results in optimal sensitivity. In addition, or alternatively, assays for tumor proteins provided herein may be combined with assays for other known tumor antigens.

DIAGNOSTIC KITS

The present invention further provides kits for use within any of the above diagnostic methods. Such kits typically comprise two or more components necessary for performing a diagnostic assay. Components may be compounds, reagents, containers and/or equipment. For example, one container within a kit may contain a monoclonal antibody or fragment thereof that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein. Such antibodies or fragments may be provided attached to a support material, as described above. One or more additional containers may enclose elements, such as reagents or buffers, to be used in the assay. Such kits may also, or alternatively, contain a detection reagent as described above that contains a reporter group suitable for direct or indirect detection of antibody binding.

Alternatively, a kit may be designed to detect the level of mRNA encoding a prostate tumor protein in a biological sample. Such kits generally comprise at least one oligonucleotide probe or primer, as described above, that hybridizes to a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein. Such an oligonucleotide may be used, for example, within a PCR or hybridization assay. Additional components that may be present within such kits include a second oligonucleotide and/or a diagnostic reagent or container to facilitate the detection of a polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein.

The following Examples are offered by way of illustration and not by way of limitation.

EXAMPLES

EXAMPLE 1
ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library was constructed from prostate tumor poly A^+ RNA using a Superscript Plasmid System for cDNA Synthesis and Plasmid Cloning kit (BRL Life Technologies, Gaithersburg, MD 20897) following the manufacturer's protocol. Specifically, prostate tumor tissues were homogenized with polytron (Kinematica, Switzerland) and total RNA was extracted using Trizol reagent (BRL Life Technologies) as directed by the manufacturer. The poly A^+ RNA was then purified using a Qiagen oligotex spin column mRNA purification kit (Qiagen, Santa Clarita, CA 91355) according to the manufacturer's protocol. First-strand cDNA was synthesized using the NotI/Oligo-dT18 primer. Double-stranded cDNA was synthesized, ligated with EcoRI/BAXI adaptors (Invitrogen, San Diego, CA) and digested with NotI. Following size fractionation with Chroma Spin-1000 columns (Clontech, Palo Alto, CA), the cDNA was ligated into the EcoRI/NotI site of pCDNA3.1 (Invitrogen) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells (BRL Life Technologies) by electroporation.

Using the same procedure, a normal human pancreas cDNA expression library was prepared from a pool of six tissue specimens (Clontech). The cDNA libraries were characterized by determining the number of independent colonies, the percentage of clones that carried insert, the average insert size and by sequence analysis. The prostate tumor library contained 1.64×10^7 independent colonies, with 70% of clones having an insert and the average insert size being 1745 base pairs. The normal pancreas cDNA library contained 3.3×10^6 independent colonies, with 69% of clones having inserts and the average insert size being 1120 base pairs. For both libraries, sequence analysis showed that the majority of clones had a full length cDNA sequence and were synthesized from mRNA, with minimal rRNA and mitochondrial DNA contamination.

cDNA library subtraction was performed using the above prostate tumor and normal pancreas cDNA libraries, as described by Hara *et al.* (*Blood, 84*:189-199, 1994) with some modifications. Specifically, a prostate tumor-specific subtracted cDNA library was generated as follows. Normal pancreas cDNA library (70 µg) was digested with EcoRI, NotI, and SfuI, followed by a filling-in reaction with DNA polymerase Klenow fragment. After phenol-chloroform extraction and ethanol precipitation, the DNA was dissolved in 100 µl of

H_2O, heat-denatured and mixed with 100 μl (100 μg) of Photoprobe biotin (Vector Laboratories, Burlingame, CA). As recommended by the manufacturer, the resulting mixture was irradiated with a 270 W sunlamp on ice for 20 minutes. Additional Photoprobe biotin (50 μl) was added and the biotinylation reaction was repeated. After extraction with butanol five times, the DNA was ethanol-precipitated and dissolved in 23 μl H_2O to form the driver DNA.

To form the tracer DNA, 10 μg prostate tumor cDNA library was digested with BamHI and XhoI, phenol chloroform extracted and passed through Chroma spin-400 columns (Clontech). Following ethanol precipitation, the tracer DNA was dissolved in 5 μl H_2O. Tracer DNA was mixed with 15 μl driver DNA and 20 μl of 2 x hybridization buffer (1.5 M NaCl/10 mM EDTA/50 mM HEPES pH 7.5/0.2% sodium dodecyl sulfate), overlaid with mineral oil, and heat-denatured completely. The sample was immediately transferred into a 68 ^{0}C water bath and incubated for 20 hours (long hybridization [LH]). The reaction mixture was then subjected to a streptavidin treatment followed by phenol/chloroform extraction. This process was repeated three more times. Subtracted DNA was precipitated, dissolved in 12 μl H_2O, mixed with 8 μl driver DNA and 20 μl of 2 x hybridization buffer, and subjected to a hybridization at 68 ^{0}C for 2 hours (short hybridization [SH]). After removal of biotinylated double-stranded DNA, subtracted cDNA was ligated into BamHI/XhoI site of chloramphenicol resistant pBCSK$^+$ (Stratagene, La Jolla, CA 92037) and transformed into ElectroMax *E. coli* DH10B cells by electroporation to generate a prostate tumor specific subtracted cDNA library (referred to as "prostate subtraction 1").

To analyze the subtracted cDNA library, plasmid DNA was prepared from 100 independent clones, randomly picked from the subtracted prostate tumor specific library and grouped based on insert size. Representative cDNA clones were further characterized by DNA sequencing with a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A (Foster City, CA). Six cDNA clones, hereinafter referred to as F1-13, F1-12, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4, were shown to be abundant in the subtracted prostate-specific cDNA library. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for F1-12 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 2 and 3, respectively, with determined 3' cDNA sequences for F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, H1-9 and H1-4 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 1 and 4-7, respectively.

The cDNA sequences for the isolated clones were compared to known sequences in the gene bank using the EMBL and GenBank databases (release 96). Four of the prostate tumor cDNA clones, F1-13, F1-16, H1-1, and H1-4, were determined to encode the following previously identified proteins: prostate specific antigen (PSA), human glandular kallikrein, human tumor expression enhanced gene, and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. H1-9 was found to be identical to a previously identified human

autonomously replicating sequence. No significant homologies to the cDNA sequence for F1-12 were found.

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of a full-length cDNA sequence for F1-12. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 107, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 108.

To clone less abundant prostate tumor specific genes, cDNA library subtraction was performed by subtracting the prostate tumor cDNA library described above with the normal pancreas cDNA library and with the three most abundant genes in the previously subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library: human glandular kallikrein, prostate specific antigen (PSA), and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II. Specifically, 1 μg each of human glandular kallikrein, PSA and mitochondria cytochrome C oxidase subunit II cDNAs in pCDNA3.1 were added to the driver DNA and subtraction was performed as described above to provide a second subtracted cDNA library hereinafter referred to as the "subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike".

Twenty-two cDNA clones were isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike. The determined 3' and 5' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-17, L1-12, N1-1862, J1-13, J1-19, J1-25. J1-24, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4 and L1-14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11, 12-13, 14-15, 16-17, 18-19, 20-21, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27 and 28-29, respectively. The determined 3' cDNA sequences for the clones referred to as J1-12, J1-16, J1-21, K1-48, K1-55, L1-2, L1-6, N1-1858, N1-1860, N1-1861, N1-1864 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 30-40, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to three of the five most abundant DNA species, (J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862; SEQ ID NOS: 8-9, 10-11 and 12-13, respectively). Of the remaining two most abundant species, one (J1-12; SEQ ID NO:30) was found to be identical to the previously identified human pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, and the other (K1-48; SEQ ID NO:33) was determined to have some homology to *R. norvegicus* mRNA for 2-arylpropionyl-CoA epimerase. Of the 17 less abundant cDNA clones isolated from the subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, four (J1-16, K1-55, L1-6 and N1-1864; SEQ ID NOS:31, 34, 36 and 40, respectively) were found to be identical to previously identified sequences, two (J1-21 and N1-1860; SEQ ID NOS: 32 and 38, respectively) were found to show some homology to non-human sequences, and two (L1-2 and N1-1861; SEQ ID NOS: 35 and 39, respectively) were found to show some homology to known human sequences. No significant homologies were found to the polypeptides J1-13, J1-19, J1-24, J1-25, K1-58, K1-63, L1-4, L1-14 (SEQ ID NOS: 14-15, 16-17, 20-21, 18-19, 22-23, 24-25, 26-27, 28-29, respectively).

Subsequent studies led to the isolation of full length cDNA sequences for J1-17, L1-12 and N1-1862 (SEQ ID NOS: 109-111, respectively). The corresponding predicted

amino acid sequences are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 112-114. L1-12 is also referred to as P501S.

In a further experiment, four additional clones were identified by subtracting a prostate tumor cDNA library with normal prostate cDNA prepared from a pool of three normal prostate poly A+ RNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 2"). The determined cDNA sequences for these clones, hereinafter referred to as U1-3064, U1-3065, V1-3692 and 1A-3905, are provided in SEQ ID NO: 69-72, respectively. Comparison of the determined sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to U1-3065.

A second subtraction with spike (referred to as "prostate subtraction spike 2") was performed by subtracting a prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike with normal pancreas cDNA library and further spiked with PSA, J1-17, pulmonary surfactant-associated protein, mitochondrial DNA, cytochrome c oxidase subunit II, N1-1862, autonomously replicating sequence, L1-12 and tumor expression enhanced gene. Four additional clones, hereinafter referred to as V1-3686, R1-2330, 1B-3976 and V1-3679, were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO:73-76, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to V1-3686 and R1-2330.

Further analysis of the three prostate subtractions described above (prostate subtraction 2, subtracted prostate tumor specific cDNA library with spike, and prostate subtraction spike 2) resulted in the identification of sixteen additional clones, referred to as 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1G-4734, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4810, 1I-4811, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 77-92, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4741, 1G-4734, 1I-4807, 1J-4876 and 1K-4896 (SEQ ID NOS: 79, 81, 87, 90 and 92, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4736, 1G-4738, 1G-4741, 1G-4744, 1H-4774, 1H-4781, 1H-4785, 1H-4787, 1H-4796, 1I-4807, 1J-4876, 1K-4884 and 1K-4896, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 179-188 and 191-193, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1I-4810 and 1I-4811, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 189 and 190, respectively.

Additional studies with prostate subtraction spike 2 resulted in the isolation of three more clones. Their sequences were determined as described above and compared to the most recent GenBank. All three clones were found to have homology to known genes, which are Cysteine-rich protein, KIAA0242, and KIAA0280 (SEQ ID NO: 317, 319, and 320, respectively). Further analysis of these clones by Synteni microarray (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA) demonstrated that all three clones were over-expressed in most prostate tumors and

prostate BPH, as well as in the majority of normal prostate tissues tested, but low expression in all other normal tissues.

An additional subtraction was performed by subtracting a normal prostate cDNA library with normal pancreas cDNA (referred to as "prostate subtraction 3"). This led to the identification of six additional clones referred to as 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766, 1H-4770, 1H-4771 and 1H-4772 (SEQ ID NOS: 93-98). Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to 1G-4761 and 1H-4771 (SEQ ID NOS: 93 and 97, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1G-4761, 1G-4762, 1H-4766 and 1H-4772 provided in SEQ ID NOS: 194-196 and 199, respectively, and to the determination of additional partial cDNA sequences for 1H-4770 and 1H-4771, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 197 and 198, respectively.

Subtraction of a prostate tumor cDNA library, prepared from a pool of polyA+ RNA from three prostate cancer patients, with a normal pancreas cDNA library (prostate subtraction 4) led to the identification of eight clones, referred to as 1D-4297, 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280 (SEQ ID NOS: 99-107). These sequences were compared to those in the gene bank as described above. No significant homologies were found to 1D-4283 and 1D-4304 (SEQ ID NOS: 103 and 104, respectively). Further analysis of the isolated clones led to the determination of extended cDNA sequences for 1D-4309, 1D.1-4278, 1D-4288, 1D-4283, 1D-4304, 1D-4296 and 1D-4280, provided in SEQ ID NOS: 200-206, respectively.

cDNA clones isolated in prostate subtraction 1 and prostate subtraction 2, described above, were colony PCR amplified and their mRNA expression levels in prostate tumor, normal prostate and in various other normal tissues were determined using microarray technology (Synteni, Palo Alto, CA). Briefly, the PCR amplification products were dotted onto slides in an array format, with each product occupying a unique location in the array. mRNA was extracted from the tissue sample to be tested, reverse transcribed, and fluorescent-labeled cDNA probes were generated. The microarrays were probed with the labeled cDNA probes, the slides scanned and fluorescence intensity was measured. This intensity correlates with the hybridization intensity. Two clones (referred to as P509S and P510S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate and expressed at low levels in all other normal tissues tested (liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon). The determined cDNA sequences for P509S and P510S are provided in SEQ ID NO: 223 and 224, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank as described above, revealed some homology to previously identified ESTs.

Additional, studies led to the isolation of the full-length cDNA sequence for P509S. This sequence is provided in SEQ ID NO: 332, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 339.

EXAMPLE 2

DETERMINATION OF TISSUE SPECIFICITY OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

Using gene specific primers, mRNA expression levels for the representative prostate tumor polypeptides F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (also referred to as P502S), L1-12 (also referred to as P501S), F1-12 (also referred to as P504S) and N1-1862 (also referred to as P503S) were examined in a variety of normal and tumor tissues using RT-PCR.

Briefly, total RNA was extracted from a variety of normal and tumor tissues using Trizol reagent as described above. First strand synthesis was carried out using 1-2 μg of total RNA with SuperScript II reverse transcriptase (BRL Life Technologies) at 42 ^{0}C for one hour. The cDNA was then amplified by PCR with gene-specific primers. To ensure the semi-quantitative nature of the RT-PCR, β-actin was used as an internal control for each of the tissues examined. First, serial dilutions of the first strand cDNAs were prepared and RT-PCR assays were performed using β-actin specific primers. A dilution was then chosen that enabled the linear range amplification of the β-actin template and which was sensitive enough to reflect the differences in the initial copy numbers. Using these conditions, the β-actin levels were determined for each reverse transcription reaction from each tissue. DNA contamination was minimized by DNase treatment and by assuring a negative PCR result when using first strand cDNA that was prepared without adding reverse transcriptase.

mRNA Expression levels were examined in four different types of tumor tissue (prostate tumor from 2 patients, breast tumor from 3 patients, colon tumor, lung tumor), and sixteen different normal tissues, including prostate, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, testes, bone marrow and brain. F1-16 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor tissue, colon tumor and normal prostate, and at lower levels in normal liver, skin and testes, with expression being undetectable in the other tissues examined. H1-1 was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor, lung tumor, breast tumor, normal prostate, normal colon and normal brain, at much lower levels in normal lung, pancreas, skeletal muscle, skin, small intestine, bone marrow, and was not detected in the other tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) and L1-12 (P501S) appear to be specifically over-expressed in prostate, with both genes being expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate but at low to undetectable levels in all the other tissues examined. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors and detectable in normal colon and kidney. The RT-PCR results thus indicate that

F1-16, H1-1, J1-17 (P502S), N1-1862 (P503S) and L1-12 (P501S) are either prostate specific or are expressed at significantly elevated levels in prostate.

Further RT-PCR studies showed that F1-12 (P504S) is over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney but not detectable in all other tissues tested. Similarly, R1-2330 was shown to be over-expressed in 40% of prostate tumors, detectable in normal kidney and liver, but not detectable in all other tissues tested. U1-3064 was found to be over-expressed in 60% of prostate tumors, and also expressed in breast and colon tumors, but was not detectable in normal tissues.

RT-PCR characterization of R1-2330, U1-3064 and 1D-4279 showed that these three antigens are over-expressed in prostate and/or prostate tumors.

Northern analysis with four prostate tumors, two normal prostate samples, two BPH prostates, and normal colon, kidney, liver, lung, pancrease, skeletal muscle, brain, stomach, testes, small intestine and bone marrow, showed that L1-12 (P501S) is over-expressed in prostate tumors and normal prostate, while being undetectable in other normal tissues tested. J1-17 (P502S) was detected in two prostate tumors and not in the other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be over-expressed in three prostate tumors and to be expressed in normal prostate, colon and kidney, but not in other tissues tested. F1-12 (P504S) was found to be highly expressed in two prostate tumors and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

The microarray technology described above was used to determine the expression levels of representative antigens described herein in prostate tumor, breast tumor and the following normal tissues: prostate, liver, pancreas, skin, bone marrow, brain, breast, adrenal gland, bladder, testes, salivary gland, large intestine, kidney, ovary, lung, spinal cord, skeletal muscle and colon. L1-12 (P501S) was found to be over-expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, with some expression being detected in normal skeletal muscle. Both J1-12 and F1-12 (P504S) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor, with expression being lower or undetectable in all other tissues tested. N1-1862 (P503S) was found to be expressed at high levels in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and at low levels in normal large intestine and normal colon, with expression being undetectable in all other tissues tested. R1-2330 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and to be expressed at lower levels in all other tissues tested. 1D-4279 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, expressed at lower levels in normal spinal cord, and to be undetectable in all other tissues tested.

Further microarray analysis to specifically address the extent to which P501S (SEQ ID NO: 110) was expressed in breast tumor revealed moderate over-expression not only in breast tumor, but also in metastatic breast tumor (2/31), with negligible to low expression

in normal tissues. This data suggests that P501S may be over-expressed in various breast tumors as well as in prostate tumors.

The expression levels of 32 ESTs (expressed sequence tags) described by Vasmatzis *et al.* (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95*:300-304, 1998) in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by microarray technology as described above. Two of these clones (referred to as P1000C and P1001C) were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, and expressed at low to undetectable levels in all other tissues tested (normal aorta, thymus, resting and activated PBMC, epithelial cells, spinal cord, adrenal gland, fetal tissues, skin, salivary gland, large intestine, bone marrow, liver, lung, dendritic cells, stomach, lymph nodes, brain, heart, small intestine, skeletal muscle, colon and kidney. The determined cDNA sequences for P1000C and P1001C are provided in SEQ ID NO: 384 and 472, respectively. The sequence of P1001C was found to show some homology to the previously isolated Human mRNA for JM27 protein. No significant homologies were found to the sequence of P1000C.

The expression of the polypeptide encoded by the full length cDNA sequence for F1-12 (also referred to as P504S; SEQ ID NO: 108) was investigated by immunohistochemical analysis. Rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibodies were generated against the full length P504S protein by standard techniques. Subsequent isolation and characterization of the polyclonal antibodies were also performed by techniques well known in the art. Immunohistochemical analysis showed that the P504S polypeptide was expressed in 100% of prostate carcinoma samples tested (n=5).

The rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody did not appear to label benign prostate cells with the same cytoplasmic granular staining, but rather with light nuclear staining. Analysis of normal tissues revealed that the encoded polypeptide was found to be expressed in some, but not all normal human tissues. Positive cytoplasmic staining with rabbit-anti-P504S polyclonal antibody was found in normal human kidney, liver, brain, colon and lung-associated macrophages, whereas heart and bone marrow were negative.

This data indicates that the P504S polypeptide is present in prostate cancer tissues, and that there are qualitative and quantitative differences in the staining between benign prostatic hyperplasia tissues and prostate cancer tissues, suggesting that this polypeptide may be detected selectively in prostate tumors and therefore be useful in the diagnosis of prostate cancer.

EXAMPLE 3
ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA subtraction library, containing cDNA from normal prostate subtracted with ten other normal tissue cDNAs (brain, heart, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, placenta, skeletal muscle, spleen and thymus) and then submitted to a first round of PCR amplification, was purchased from Clontech. This library was subjected to a second round of PCR amplification, following the manufacturer's protocol. The resulting cDNA fragments were subcloned into the vector pT7 Blue T-vector (Novagen, Madison, WI) and transformed into XL-1 Blue MRF' *E. coli* (Stratagene). DNA was isolated from independent clones and sequenced using a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems Division Automated Sequencer Model 373A.

Fifty-nine positive clones were sequenced. Comparison of the DNA sequences of these clones with those in the gene bank, as described above, revealed no significant homologies to 25 of these clones, hereinafter referred to as P5, P8, P9, P18, P20, P30, P34, P36, P38, P39, P42, P49, P50, P53, P55, P60, P64, P65, P73, P75, P76, P79 and P84. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 41-45, 47-52 and 54-65, respectively. P29, P47, P68, P80 and P82 (SEQ ID NO: 46, 53 and 66-68, respectively) were found to show some degree of homology to previously identified DNA sequences. To the best of the inventors' knowledge, none of these sequences have been previously shown to be present in prostate.

Further studies using the PCR-based methodology described above resulted in the isolation of more than 180 additional clones, of which 23 clones were found to show no significant homologies to known sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 115-123, 127, 131, 137, 145, 147-151, 153, 156-158 and 160. Twenty-three clones (SEQ ID NO: 124-126, 128-130, 132-136, 138-144, 146, 152, 154, 155 and 159) were found to show some homology to previously identified ESTs. An additional ten clones (SEQ ID NO: 161-170) were found to have some degree of homology to known genes. Larger cDNA clones containing the P20 sequence represent splice variants of a gene referred to as P703P. The determined DNA sequence for the variants referred to as DE1, DE13 and DE14 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 171, 175 and 177, respectively, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 172, 176 and 178, respectively. The determined cDNA sequence for an extended spliced form of P703 is provided in SEQ ID NO: 225. The DNA sequences for the splice variants referred to as DE2 and DE6 are provided in SEQ ID NOS: 173 and 174, respectively.

mRNA Expression levels for representative clones in tumor tissues (prostate (n=5), breast (n=2), colon and lung) normal tissues (prostate (n=5), colon, kidney, liver, lung (n=2), ovary (n=2), skeletal muscle, skin, stomach, small intestine and brain), and activated

and non-activated PBMC was determined by RT-PCR as described above. Expression was examined in one sample of each tissue type unless otherwise indicated.

P9 was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor compared to all normal tissues tested except for normal colon which showed comparable expression. P20, a portion of the P703P gene, was found to be highly expressed in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to all twelve normal tissues tested. A modest increase in expression of P20 in breast tumor (n=2), colon tumor and lung tumor was seen compared to all normal tissues except lung (1 of 2). Increased expression of P18 was found in normal prostate, prostate tumor and breast tumor compared to other normal tissues except lung and stomach. A modest increase in expression of P5 was observed in normal prostate compared to most other normal tissues. However, some elevated expression was seen in normal lung and PBMC. Elevated expression of P5 was also observed in prostate tumors (2 of 5), breast tumor and one lung tumor sample. For P30, similar expression levels were seen in normal prostate and prostate tumor, compared to six of twelve other normal tissues tested. Increased expression was seen in breast tumors, one lung tumor sample and one colon tumor sample, and also in normal PBMC. P29 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to the majority of normal tissues. However, substantial expression of P29 was observed in normal colon and normal lung (2 of 2). P80 was found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor (5 of 5) and normal prostate (5 of 5) compared to all other normal tissues tested, with increased expression also being seen in colon tumor.

Further studies resulted in the isolation of twelve additional clones, hereinafter referred to as 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3. The determined DNA sequences for 10-d8, 10-h10, 11-c8, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-h11, 9-f12 and 9-f3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 207, 208, 209, 216, 217, 220, 221 and 222, respectively. The determined forward and reverse DNA sequences for 7-g6, 8-b5, 8-b6 and 8-g3 are provided in SEQ ID NO: 210 and 211; 212 and 213; 214 and 215; and 218 and 219, respectively. Comparison of these sequences with those in the gene bank revealed no significant homologies to the sequence of 9-f3. The clones 10-d8, 11-c8 and 8-h11 were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs, while 10-h10, 8-b5, 8-b6, 8-d4, 8-d9, 8-g3 and 9-f12 were found to show some homology to previously identified genes. Further characterization of 7-G6 and 8-G3 showed identity to the known genes PAP and PSA, respectively.

mRNA expression levels for these clones were determined using the micro-array technology described above. The clones 7-G6, 8-G3, 8-B5, 8-B6, 8-D4, 8-D9, 9-F3, 9-F12, 9-H3, 10-A2, 10-A4, 11-C9 and 11-F2 were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumor and normal prostate, with expression in other tissues tested being low or undetectable.

Increased expression of 8-F11 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, skeletal muscle and colon. Increased expression of 10-H10 was seen in prostate tumor and normal prostate, bladder, lung, colon, brain and large intestine. Increased expression of 9-B1 was seen in prostate tumor, breast tumor, and normal prostate, salivary gland, large intestine and skin, with increased expression of 11-C8 being seen in prostate tumor, and normal prostate and large intestine.

An additional cDNA fragment derived from the PCR-based normal prostate subtraction, described above, was found to be prostate specific by both micro-array technology and RT-PCR. The determined cDNA sequence of this clone (referred to as 9-A11) is provided in SEQ ID NO: 226. Comparison of this sequence with those in the public databases revealed 99% identity to the known gene HOXB13.

Further studies led to the isolation of the clones 8-C6 and 8-H7. The determined cDNA sequences for these clones are provided in SEQ ID NO: 227 and 228, respectively. These sequences were found to show some homology to previously isolated ESTs.

PCR and hybridization-based methodologies were employed to obtain longer cDNA sequences for clone P20 (also referred to as P703P), yielding three additional cDNA fragments that progressively extend the 5' end of the gene. These fragments, referred to as P703PDE5, P703P6.26, and P703PX-23 (SEQ ID NO: 326, 328 and 330, with the predicted corresponding amino acid sequences being provided in SEQ ID NO: 327, 329 and 331, respectively) contain additional 5' sequence. P703PDE5 was recovered by screening of a cDNA library (#141-26) with a portion of P703P as a probe. P703P6.26 was recovered from a mixture of three prostate tumor cDNAs and P703PX_23 was recovered from cDNA library (#438-48). Together, the additional sequences include all of the putative mature serine protease along with part of the putative signal sequence. Further studies using a PCR-based subtraction library of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a pool of normal tissues (referred to as JP: PCR subtraction) resulted in the isolation of thirteen additional clones, seven of which did not share any significant homology to known GenBank sequences. The determined cDNA sequences for these seven clones (P711P, P712P, novel 23, P774P, P775P, P710P and P768P) are provided in SEQ ID NO: 307-311, 313 and 315, respectively. The remaining six clones (SEQ ID NO: 316 and 321-325) were shown to share some homology to known genes. By microarray analysis, all thirteen clones showed three or more fold over-expression in prostate tissues, including prostate tumors, BPH and normal prostate as compared to normal non-prostate tissues. Clones P711P, P712P, novel 23 and P768P showed over-expression in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues tested (n=29), and in the majority of normal prostate tissues (n=4), but background to low expression levels in all normal tissues.

Clones P774P, P775P and P710P showed comparatively lower expression and expression in fewer prostate tumors and BPH samples, with negative to low expression in normal prostate.

The full-length cDNA for P711P was obtained by employing the partial sequence of SEQ ID NO: 307 to screen a prostate cDNA library. Specifically, a directionally cloned prostate cDNA library was prepared using standard techniques. One million colonies of this library were plated onto LB/Amp plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs which were picked up by these filters were denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P711P cDNA fragment of SEQ ID NO: 307 was radio-labeled and used to hybridize with these filters. Positive clones were selected, and cDNAs were prepared and sequenced using an automatic Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems sequencer. The determined full-length sequence of P711P is provided in SEQ ID NO: 382, with the corresponding predicted amino acid sequence being provided in SEQ ID NO: 383.

Using PCR and hybridization-based methodologies, additional cDNA sequence information was derived for two clones described above, 11-C9 and 9-F3, herein after referred to as P707P and P714P, respectively (SEQ ID NO: 333 and 334). After comparison with the most recent GenBank, P707P was found to be a splice variant of the known gene HoxB13. In contrast, no significant homologies to P714P were found.

Clones 8-B3, P89, P98, P130 and P201 (as disclosed in U.S. Patent Application No. 09/020,956, filed February 9, 1998) were found to be contained within one contiguous sequence, referred to as P705P (SEQ ID NO: 335, with the predicted amino acid sequence provided in SEQ ID NO: 336), which was determined to be a splice variant of the known gene NKX 3.1.

EXAMPLE 4
SYNTHESIS OF POLYPEPTIDES

Polypeptides may be synthesized on a Perkin Elmer/Applied Biosystems 430A peptide synthesizer using FMOC chemistry with HPTU (O-Benzotriazole-N,N,N',N'-tetramethyluronium hexafluorophosphate) activation. A Gly-Cys-Gly sequence may be attached to the amino terminus of the peptide to provide a method of conjugation, binding to an immobilized surface, or labeling of the peptide. Cleavage of the peptides from the solid support may be carried out using the following cleavage mixture: trifluoroacetic acid:ethanedithiol:thioanisole:water:phenol (40:1:2:2:3). After cleaving for 2 hours, the peptides may be precipitated in cold methyl-t-butyl-ether. The peptide pellets may then be dissolved in water containing 0.1% trifluoroacetic acid (TFA) and lyophilized prior to purification by C18 reverse phase HPLC. A gradient of 0%-60% acetonitrile (containing 0.1% TFA) in water (containing 0.1% TFA) may be used to elute the peptides. Following

lyophilization of the pure fractions, the peptides may be characterized using electrospray or other types of mass spectrometry and by amino acid analysis.

EXAMPLE 5
FURTHER ISOLATION AND CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES BY PCR-BASED SUBTRACTION

A cDNA library generated from prostate primary tumor mRNA as described above was subtracted with cDNA from normal prostate. The subtraction was performed using a PCR-based protocol (Clontech), which was modified to generate larger fragments. Within this protocol, tester and driver double stranded cDNA were separately digested with five restriction enzymes that recognize six-nucleotide restriction sites (MluI, MscI, PvuII, SalI and StuI). This digestion resulted in an average cDNA size of 600 bp, rather than the average size of 300 bp that results from digestion with RsaI according to the Clontech protocol. This modification did not affect the subtraction efficiency. Two tester populations were then created with different adapters, and the driver library remained without adapters.

The tester and driver libraries were then hybridized using excess driver cDNA. In the first hybridization step, driver was separately hybridized with each of the two tester cDNA populations. This resulted in populations of (a) unhybridized tester cDNAs, (b) tester cDNAs hybridized to other tester cDNAs, (c) tester cDNAs hybridized to driver cDNAs and (d) unhybridized driver cDNAs. The two separate hybridization reactions were then combined, and rehybridized in the presence of additional denatured driver cDNA. Following this second hybridization, in addition to populations (a) through (d), a fifth population (e) was generated in which tester cDNA with one adapter hybridized to tester cDNA with the second adapter. Accordingly, the second hybridization step resulted in enrichment of differentially expressed sequences which could be used as templates for PCR amplification with adaptor-specific primers.

The ends were then filled in, and PCR amplification was performed using adaptor-specific primers. Only population (e), which contained tester cDNA that did not hybridize to driver cDNA, was amplified exponentially. A second PCR amplification step was then performed, to reduce background and further enrich differentially expressed sequences.

This PCR-based subtraction technique normalizes differentially expressed cDNAs so that rare transcripts that are overexpressed in prostate tumor tissue may be recoverable. Such transcripts would be difficult to recover by traditional subtraction methods.

In addition to genes known to be overexpressed in prostate tumor, seventy-seven further clones were identified. Sequences of these partial cDNAs are provided in SEQ ID NO: 29 to 305. Most of these clones had no significant homology to database sequences. Exceptions were JPTPN23 (SEQ ID NO: 231; similarity to pig valosin-containing protein), JPTPN30 (SEQ ID NO: 234; similarity to rat mRNA for proteasome subunit), JPTPN45 (SEQ ID NO: 243; similarity to rat *norvegicus* cytosolic NADP-dependent isocitrate dehydrogenase), JPTPN46 (SEQ ID NO: 244; similarity to human subclone H8 4 d4 DNA sequence), JP1D6 (SEQ ID NO: 265; similarity to *G. gallus* dynein light chain-A), JP8D6 (SEQ ID NO: 288; similarity to human BAC clone RG016J04), JP8F5 (SEQ ID NO: 289; similarity to human subclone H8 3 b5 DNA sequence), and JP8E9 (SEQ ID NO: 299; similarity to human Alu sequence).

Additional studies using the PCR-based subtraction library consisting of a prostate tumor pool subtracted against a normal prostate pool (referred to as PT-PN PCR subtraction) yielded three additional clones. Comparison of the cDNA sequences of these clones with the most recent release of GenBank revealed no significant homologies to the two clones referred to as P715P and P767P (SEQ ID NO: 312 and 314). The remaining clone was found to show some homology to the known gene KIAA0056 (SEQ ID NO: 318). Using microarray analysis to measure mRNA expression levels in various tissues, all three clones were found to be over-expressed in prostate tumors and BPH tissues. Specifically, clone P715P was over-expressed in most prostate tumors and BPH tissues by a factor of three or greater, with elevated expression seen in the majority of normal prostate samples and in fetal tissue, but negative to low expression in all other normal tissues. Clone P767P was over-expressed in several prostate tumors and BPH tissues, with moderate expression levels in half of the normal prostate samples, and background to low expression in all other normal tissues tested.

Further analysis, by microarray as described above, of the PT-PN PCR subtraction library and of a DNA subtraction library containing cDNA from prostate tumor subtracted with a pool of normal tissue cDNAs, led to the isolation of 27 additional clones (SEQ ID NO: 340-365 and 381) which were determined to be over-expressed in prostate tumor. The clones of SEQ ID NO: 341, 342, 345, 347, 348, 349, 351, 355-359, 361, 362 and 364 were also found to be expressed in normal prostate. Expression of all 26 clones in a variety of normal tissues was found to be low or undetectable, with the exception of P544S (SEQ ID NO: 356) which was found to be expressed in small intestine. Of the 26 clones, 10 (SEQ ID NO: 340-349) were found to show some homology to previously identified sequences. No significant homologies were found to the clones of SEQ ID NO: 350-365.

EXAMPLE 6
PEPTIDE PRIMING OF MICE AND PROPAGATION OF CTL LINES

6.1. This Example illustrates the preparation of a CTL cell line specific for cells expressing the P502S gene.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with P2S#12 peptide (VLGWVAEL; SEQ ID NO: 306), which is derived from the P502S gene (also referred to herein as J1-17, SEQ ID NO: 8), as described by Theobald et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92*:11993-11997, 1995 with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 100μg of P2S#12 and 120μg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and using a nylon mesh single cell suspensions prepared. Cells were then resuspended at 6 x 10^6 cells/ml in complete media (RPMI-1640; Gibco BRL, Gaithersburg, MD) containing 10% FCS, 2mM Glutamine (Gibco BRL), sodium pyruvate (Gibco BRL), non-essential amino acids (Gibco BRL), 2 x 10^{-5} M 2-mercaptoethanol, 50U/ml penicillin and streptomycin, and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P2S#12-pulsed (5mg/ml P2S#12 and 10mg/ml β2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7μg/ml dextran sulfate and 25μg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later, cells (5 x 10^5/ml) were restimulated with 2.5 x 10^6/ml peptide pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells (Sherman et al, *Science 258*:815-818, 1992) and 3 x 10^6/ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20U/ml IL-2. Cells continued to be restimulated on a weekly basis as described, in preparation for cloning the line.

P2S#12 line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1 x 10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5 x 10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were

restimulated as before. On day 21, clones that were growing were isolated and maintained in culture. Several of these clones demonstrated significantly higher reactivity (lysis) against human fibroblasts (HLA A2.1 expressing) transduced with P502S than against control fibroblasts. An example is presented in Figure 1.

This data indicates that P2S #12 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA A2.1 molecule.

6.2. This Example illustrates the preparation of murine CTL lines and CTL clones specific for cells expressing the P501S gene.

This series of experiments were performed similarly to that described above. Mice were immunized with the P1S#10 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 337), which is derived from the P501S gene (also referred to herein as L1-12, SEQ ID NO: 110). The P1S#10 peptide was derived by analysis of the predicted polypeptide sequence for P501S for potential HLA-A2 binding sequences as defined by published HLA-A2 binding motifs (Parker, KC, *et al*, *J. Immunol.*, 152:163, 1994). P1S#10 peptide was synthesized as described in Example 4, and empirically tested for HLA-A2 binding using a T cell based competition assay. Predicted A2 binding peptides were tested for their ability to compete HLA-A2 specific peptide presentation to an HLA-A2 restricted CTL clone (D150M58), which is specific for the HLA-A2 binding influenza matrix peptide fluM58. D150M58 CTL secretes TNF in response to self-presentation of peptide fluM58. In the competition assay, test peptides at 100-200 μg/ml were added to cultures of D150M58 CTL in order to bind HLA-A2 on the CTL. After thirty minutes, CTL cultured with test peptides, or control peptides, were tested for their antigen dose response to the fluM58 peptide in a standard TNF bioassay. As shown in Figure 3, peptide P1S#10 competes HLA-A2 restricted presentation of fluM58, demonstrating that peptide P1S#10 binds HLA-A2.

Mice expressing the transgene for human HLA A2.1 were immunized as described by Theobald et al. (*Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 92*:11993-11997, 1995) with the following modifications. Mice were immunized with 62.5μg of P1S #10 and 120μg of an I-A^b binding peptide derived from Hepatitis B Virus protein emulsified in incomplete Freund's adjuvant. Three weeks later these mice were sacrificed and single cell suspensions prepared using a nylon mesh. Cells were then resuspended at 6 x 10^6 cells/ml in complete media (as described above) and cultured in the presence of irradiated (3000 rads) P1S#10-pulsed (2μg/ml P1S#10 and 10mg/ml β2-microglobulin) LPS blasts (A2 transgenic spleens cells cultured in the presence of 7μg/ml dextran sulfate and 25μg/ml LPS for 3 days). Six days later cells (5 x 10^5/ml) were restimulated with 2.5 x 10^6/ml peptide-pulsed irradiated (20,000 rads) EL4A2Kb cells, as described above, and 3 x 10^6/ml A2 transgenic spleen feeder cells. Cells were cultured in the presence of 20 U/ml IL-2. Cells were restimulated on a weekly

basis in preparation for cloning. After three rounds of *in vitro* stimulations, one line was generated that recognized P1S#10-pulsed Jurkat A2Kb targets and P501S-transduced Jurkat targets as shown in Figure 4.

A P1S#10-specific CTL line was cloned by limiting dilution analysis with peptide pulsed EL4 A2Kb tumor cells (1×10^4 cells/ well) as stimulators and A2 transgenic spleen cells as feeders (5×10^5 cells/ well) grown in the presence of 30U/ml IL-2. On day 14, cells were restimulated as before. On day 21, viable clones were isolated and maintained in culture. As shown in Figure 5, five of these clones demonstrated specific cytolytic reactivity against P501S-transduced Jurkat A2Kb targets. This data indicates that P1S#10 represents a naturally processed epitope of the P501S protein that is expressed in the context of the human HLA-A2.1 molecule.

EXAMPLE 7
ABILITY OF HUMAN T CELLS TO RECOGNIZE PROSTATE TUMOR POLYPEPTIDES

This Example illustrates the ability of T cells specific for a prostate tumor polypeptide to recognize human tumor.

Human $CD8^+$ T cells were primed *in vitro* to the P2S-12 peptide (SEQ ID NO: 306) derived from P502S (also referred to as J1-17) using dendritic cells according to the protocol of Van Tsai et al. (*Critical Reviews in Immunology 18*:65-75, 1998). The resulting $CD8^+$ T cell microcultures were tested for their ability to recognize the P2S-12 peptide presented by autologous fibroblasts or fibroblasts which were transduced to express the P502S gene in a γ-interferon ELISPOT assay (*see* Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med. 186*:859-865, 1997). Briefly, titrating numbers of T cells were assayed in duplicate on 10^4 fibroblasts in the presence of 3 μg/ml human β_2-microglobulin and 1 μg/ml P2S-12 peptide or control E75 peptide. In addition, T cells were simultaneously assayed on autologous fibroblasts transduced with the P502S gene or as a control, fibroblasts transduced with HER-2/*neu*. Prior to the assay, the fibroblasts were treated with 10 ng/ml γ-interferon for 48 hours to upregulate class I MHC expression. One of the microcultures (#5) demonstrated strong recognition of both peptide pulsed fibroblasts as well as transduced fibroblasts in a γ-interferon ELISPOT assay. Figure 2A demonstrates that there was a strong increase in the number of γ-interferon spots with increasing numbers of T cells on fibroblasts pulsed with the P2S-12 peptide (solid bars) but not with the control E75 peptide (open bars). This shows the ability of these T cells to specifically recognize the P2S-12 peptide. As shown in Figure 2B, this microculture also demonstrated an increase in the number of γ-interferon spots with increasing numbers of T

cells on fibroblasts transduced to express the P502S gene but not the HER-2/*neu* gene. These results provide additional confirmatory evidence that the P2S-12 peptide is a naturally processed epitope of the P502S protein. Furthermore, this also demonstrates that there exists in the human T cell repertoire, high affinity T cells which are capable of recognizing this epitope. These T cells should also be capable of recognizing human tumors which express the P502S gene.

EXAMPLE 8
PRIMING OF CTL *IN VIVO* USING NAKED DNA IMMUNIZATION WITH A PROSTATE ANTIGEN

The prostate tumor antigen L1-12, as described above, is also referred to as P501S. HLA A2Kb Tg mice (provided by Dr L. Sherman, The Scripps Research Institute, La Jolla, CA) were immunized with 100 μg VR10132-P501S either intramuscularly or intradermally. The mice were immunized three times, with a two week interval between immunizations. Two weeks after the last immunization, immune spleen cells were cultured with Jurkat A2Kb-P501S transduced stimulator cells. CTL lines were stimulated weekly. After two weeks of *in vitro* stimulation, CTL activity was assessed against P501S transduced targets. Two out of 8 mice developed strong anti-P501S CTL responses. These results demonstrate that P501S contains at least one naturally processed A2-restricted CTL epitope.

EXAMPLE 9
GENERATION OF HUMAN CTL *IN VITRO* USING WHOLE GENE PRIMING AND STIMULATION TECHNIQUES WITH PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

Using *in vitro* whole-gene priming with P501S-retrovirally transduced autologous fibroblasts (see, for example, Yee et al, *The Journal of Immunology*, 157(9):4079-86, 1996), human CTL lines were derived that specifically recognize autologous fibroblasts transduced with P501S (also known as L1-12), as determined by interferon-γ ELISPOT analysis as described above. Using a panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S, these CTL lines were shown to be restricted HLA-A2 class I allele. Specifically, dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by growing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S vaccinia virus at a multiplicity of infection (M.O.I) of five, and matured overnight by the addition of 3 μg/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation. CD8+ T cells were isolated using a magnetic bead system, and

priming cultures were initiated using standard culture techniques. Cultures were restimulated every 7-10 days using autologous primary fibroblasts retrovirally transduced with P501S. Following four stimulation cycles, CD8+ T cell lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-γ when stimulated with P501S-transduced autologous fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity could be sustained by the continued stimulation of the cultures with P501S-transduced fibroblasts in the presence of IL-15. A panel of HLA-mismatched fibroblast lines transduced with P501S were generated to define the restriction allele of the response. By measuring interferon-γ in an ELISPOT assay, the P501S specific response was shown to be restricted by HLA-A2. These results demonstrate that a CD8+ CTL response to P501S can be elicited.

EXAMPLE 10
IDENTIFICATION OF A NATURALLY PROCESSED CTL EPITOPE CONTAINED WITHIN A PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN

The 9-mer peptide p5 (SEQ ID NO: 338) was derived from the P703P antigen (also referred to as P20). The p5 peptide is immunogenic in human HLA-A2 donors and is a naturally processed epitope. Antigen specific CD8+ T cells can be primed following repeated *in vitro* stimulations with monocytes pulsed with p5 peptide. These CTL specifically recognize p5-pulsed target cells in both ELISPOT (as described above) and chromium release assays. Additionally, immunization of HLA-A2 transgenic mice with p5 leads to the generation of CTL lines which recognize a variety of P703P transduced target cells expressing either HLA-A2Kb or HLA-A2. Specifically, HLA-A2 transgenic mice were immunized subcutaneously in the footpad with 100 μg of p5 peptide together with 140 μg of hepatitis B virus core peptide (a Th peptide) in Freund's incomplete adjuvant. Three weeks post immunization, spleen cells from immunized mice were stimulated *in vitro* with peptide-pulsed LPS blasts. CTL activity was assessed by chromium release assay five days after primary *in vitro* stimulation. Retrovirally transduced cells expressing the control antigen P703P and HLA-A2Kb were used as targets. CTL lines that specifically recognized both p5-pulsed targets as well as P703P-expressing targets were identified.

Human *in vitro* priming experiments demonstrated that the p5 peptide is immunogenic in humans. Dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal human donors by culturing for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml human GM-CSF and 30 ng/ml human IL-4. Following culture, the DC were pulsed with p5 peptide and cultured with GM-CSF and IL-4 together with CD8+ T cell enriched PBMC. CTL lines were restimulated on a weekly basis

with p5-pulsed monocytes. Five to six weeks after initiation of the CTL cultures, CTL recognition of p5-pulsed target cells was demonstrated.

EXAMPLE 11
EXPRESSION OF A BREAST TUMOR-DERIVED ANTIGEN IN PROSTATE

Isolation of the antigen B305D from breast tumor by differential display is described in US Patent Application No. 08/700,014, filed August 20, 1996. Several different splice forms of this antigen were isolated. The determined cDNA sequences for these splice forms are provided in SEQ ID NO: 366-375, with the predicted amino acid sequences corresponding to the sequences of SEQ ID NO: 292, 298 and 301-303 being provided in SEQ ID NO: 299-306, respectively.

The expression levels of B305D in a variety of tumor and normal tissues were examined by real time PCR and by Northern analysis. The results indicated that B305D is highly expressed in breast tumor, prostate tumor, normal prostate tumor and normal testes, with expression being low or undetectable in all other tissues examined (colon tumor, lung tumor, ovary tumor, and normal bone marrow, colon, kidney, liver, lung, ovary, skin, small intestine, stomach).

EXAMPLE 12
ELICITATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN-SPECIFIC CTL RESPONSES IN HUMAN BLOOD

This Example illustrates the ability of a prostate tumor antigen to elicit a CTL response in blood of normal humans.

Autologous dendritic cells (DC) were differentiated from monocyte cultures derived from PBMC of normal donors by growth for five days in RPMI medium containing 10% human serum, 50 ng/ml GMCSF and 30 ng/ml IL-4. Following culture, DC were infected overnight with recombinant P501S-expressing vaccinia virus at an M.O.I. of 5 and matured for 8 hours by the addition of 2 micrograms/ml CD40 ligand. Virus was inactivated by UV irradiation, $CD8^+$ cells were isolated by positive selection using magnetic beads, and priming cultures were initiated in 24-well plates. Following five stimulation cycles, CD8+ lines were identified that specifically produced interferon-gamma when stimulated with autologous P501S-transduced fibroblasts. The P501S-specific activity of cell line 3A-1 could be maintained following additional stimulation cycles on autologous B-LCL transduced with P501S. Line 3A-1 was shown to specifically recognize autologous B-LCL transduced to

express P501S, but not EGFP-transduced autologous B-LCL, as measured by cytotoxity assays (^{51}Cr release) and interferon-gamma production (Interferon-gamma Elispot; *see* above and Lalvani et al., *J. Exp. Med. 186*:859-865, 1997). The results of these assays are presented in Figures 6A and 6B.

EXAMPLE 13
IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of certain prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 372 clones were identified, and 319 were successfully sequenced. Table I presents a summary of these clones, which are shown in SEQ ID NOs:385-400. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:386, 389, 390 and 392 correspond to novel genes, and SEQ ID NOs: 393 and 396 correspond to previously identified sequences. The others (SEQ ID NOs:385, 387, 388, 391, 394, 395 and 397-400) correspond to known sequences, as shown in Table I.

Table I

Summary of Prostate Tumor Antigens

Known Genes	Previously identified Genes	Novel Genes
T-cell gamma chain	P504S	23379 (SEQ ID NO:389)
Kallikrein	P1000C	23399 (SEQ ID NO:392)
Vector	P501S	23320 (SEQ ID NO:386)
CGI-82 protein mRNA (23319; SEQ ID NO:385)	P503S	23381 (SEQ ID NO:390)
PSA	P510S	
Ald. 6 Dehyd.	P784P	
L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase (23376; SEQ ID NO:388)	P502S	
Ets transcription factor PDEF (22672; SEQ ID NO:398)	P706P	
hTGR (22678; SEQ ID NO:399)	19142.2, bangur.seq (22621; SEQ ID NO:396)	
KIAA0295(22685; SEQ ID NO:400)	5566.1 Wang(23404; SEQ ID NO:393)	
Prostatic Acid Phosphatase(22655; SEQ ID NO:397)	P712P	

transglutaminase (22611; SEQ ID NO:395)	P778P	
HDLBP (23508; SEQ ID NO:394)		
CGI-69 Protein(23367; SEQ ID NO:387)		
KIAA0122(23383; SEQ ID NO:391)		
TEEG		

CGI-82 showed 4.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 43% of prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate, not detected in other normal tissues tested. L-iditol-2 dehydrogenase showed 4.94 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 90% of prostate tumors, 100% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Ets transcription factor PDEF showed 5.55 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% prostate tumors, 25% normal prostate and not detected in other normal tissues tested. hTGR1 showed 9.11 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 63% of prostate tumors and is not detected in normal tissues tested including normal prostate. KIAA0295 showed 5.59 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 47% of prostate tumors, low to undetectable in normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Prostatic acid phosphatase showed 9.14 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 67% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and not detected in other normal tissues tested. Transglutaminase showed 14.84 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 30% of prostate tumors, 50% of normal prostate, and is not detected in other normal tissues tested. High density lipoprotein binding protein (HDLBP) showed 28.06 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% of normal prostate, and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. CGI-69 showed 3.56 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It is a low abundant gene, detected in more than 90% of prostate tumors, and in 75% normal prostate tissues. The expression of this gene in normal tissues was very low. KIAA0122 showed 4.24 fold over-expression in prostate

tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 57% of prostate tumors, it was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. 19142.2 bangur showed 23.25 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors and 100% of normal prostate. It was undetectable in other normal tissues tested. 5566.1 Wang showed 3.31 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 97% of prostate tumors, 75% normal prostate and was also over-expressed in normal bone marrow, pancreas, and activated PBMC. Novel clone 23379 showed 4.86 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in 97% of prostate tumors and 75% normal prostate and is undetectable in all other normal tissues tested. Novel clone 23399 showed 4.09 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was over-expressed in 27% of prostate tumors and was undetectable in all normal tissues tested including normal prostate tissues. Novel clone 23320 showed 3.15 fold over-expression in prostate tissues as compared to other normal tissues tested. It was detectable in all prostate tumors and 50% of normal prostate tissues. It was also expressed in normal colon and trachea. Other normal tissues do not express this gene at high level.

EXAMPLE 14
IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY ELECTRONIC SUBTRACTION

This Example describes the use of an electronic subtraction technique to identify prostate tumor antigens.

Potential prostate-specific genes present in the GenBank human EST database were identified by electronic subtraction (similar to that described by Vasmatizis et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 95*:300-304, 1998). The sequences of EST clones (43,482) derived from various prostate libraries were obtained from the GenBank public human EST database. Each prostate EST sequence was used as a query sequence in a BLASTN (National Center for Biotechnology Information) search against the human EST database. All matches considered identical (length of matching sequence >100 base pairs, density of identical matches over this region > 70%) were grouped (aligned) together in a cluster. Clusters containing more than 200 ESTs were discarded since they probably represented repetitive elements or highly expressed genes such as those for ribosomal proteins. If two or more clusters shared common ESTs, those clusters were grouped together into a "supercluster," resulting in 4,345 prostate superclusters.

Records for the 479 human cDNA libraries represented in the GenBank release were downloaded to create a database of these cDNA library records. These 479 cDNA libraries were grouped into three groups, Plus (normal prostate and prostate tumor libraries, and breast cell lines, in which expression was desired), Minus (libraries from other normal adult tissues, in which expression was not desirable), and Other (fetal tissue, infant tissue, tissues found only in women, non-prostate tumors and cell lines other than prostate cell lines, in which expression was considered to be irrelevant). A summary of these library groups is presented in Table II.

Table II
Prostate cDNA Libraries and ESTs

Library	# of Libraries	# of ESTs
Plus	25	43,482
Normal	11	18,875
Tumor	11	21,769
Cell lines	3	2,838
Minus	166	
Other	287	

Each supercluster was analyzed in terms of the ESTs within the supercluster. The tissue source of each EST clone was noted and used to classify the superclusters into four groups: Type 1- EST clones found in the Plus group libraries only; no expression detected in Minus or Other group libraries; Type 2- EST clones found in the Plus and Other group libraries only; no expression detected in the Minus group; Type 3- EST clones found in the Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than in either the Minus or Other groups; and Type 4- EST clones found in Plus, Minus and Other group libraries, but the expression in the Plus group is higher than the expression in the Minus group. This analysis identified 4,345 breast clusters (*see* Table III). From these clusters, 3,172 EST clones were ordered from Research Genetics, Inc., and were received as frozen glycerol stocks in 96-well plates.

Table III

Prostate Cluster Summary

Type	# of Superclusters	# of ESTs Ordered
1	688	677
2	2899	2484
3	85	11
4	673	0
Total	4345	3172

The inserts were PCR-amplified using amino-linked PCR primers for Synteni microarray analysis. When more than one PCR product was obtained for a particular clone, that PCR product was not used for expression analysis. In total, 2,528 clones from the electronic subtraction method were analyzed by microarray analysis to identify electronic subtraction breast clones that had high tumor vs. normal tissue mRNA. Such screens were performed using a Synteni (Palo Alto, CA) microarray, according to the manufacturer's instructions (and essentially as described by Schena et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 93*:10614-10619, 1996 and Heller et al., *Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. USA 94*:2150-2155, 1997). Within these analyses, the clones were arrayed on the chip, which was then probed with fluorescent probes generated from normal and tumor prostate cDNA, as well as various other normal tissues. The slides were scanned and the fluorescence intensity was measured.

Clones with an expression ratio greater than 3 (*i.e.*, the level in prostate tumor cDNA was at least three times the level in normal prostate cDNA) were identified as prostate tumor-specific sequences (Table IV). The sequences of these clones are provided in SEQ ID NOs:401-453, with certain novel sequences shown in SEQ ID NOs:407, 413, 416-419, 422, 426, 427 and 450.

Table IV

Prostate-tumor Specific Clones

SEQ ID NO.	Sequence Designation	Comments
401	22545	previously identified P1000C
402	22547	previously identified P704P

403	22548	known
404	22550	known
405	22551	PSA
406	22552	prostate secretory protein 94
407	22553	novel
408	22558	previously identified P509S
409	22562	glandular kallikrein
410	22565	previously identified P1000C
411	22567	PAP
412	22568	B1006C (breast tumor antigen)
413	22570	novel
414	22571	PSA
415	22572	previously identified P706P
416	22573	novel
417	22574	novel
418	22575	novel
419	22580	novel
420	22581	PAP
421	22582	prostatic secretory protein 94
422	22583	novel
423	22584	prostatic secretory protein 94
424	22585	prostatic secretory protein 94
425	22586	known
426	22587	novel
427	22588	novel
428	22589	PAP
429	22590	known
430	22591	PSA
431	22592	known
432	22593	Previously identified P777P
433	22594	T cell receptor gamma chain
434	22595	Previously identified P705P
435	22596	Previously identified P707P
436	22847	PAP
437	22848	known
438	22849	prostatic secretory protein 57

439	22851	PAP
440	22852	PAP
441	22853	PAP
442	22854	previously identified P509S
443	22855	previously identified P705P
444	22856	previously identified P774P
445	22857	PSA
446	23601	previously identified P777P
447	23602	PSA
448	23605	PSA
449	23606	PSA
450	23612	novel
451	23614	PSA
452	23618	previously identified P1000C
453	23622	previously identified P705P

EXAMPLE 15
FURTHER IDENTIFICATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGENS BY MICROARRAY ANALYSIS

This Example describes the isolation of additional prostate tumor polypeptides from a prostate tumor cDNA library.

A human prostate tumor cDNA expression library as described above was screened using microarray analysis to identify clones that display at least a three fold over-expression in prostate tumor and/or normal prostate tissue, as compared to non-prostate normal tissues (not including testis). 142 clones were identified and sequenced. Certain of these clones are shown in SEQ ID NOs:454-467. Of these sequences SEQ ID NOs:459-461 correspond to novel genes. The others (SEQ ID NOs:454-458 and 461-467) correspond to known sequences.

EXAMPLE 16
FURTHER CHARACTERIZATION OF PROSTATE TUMOR ANTIGEN P710P

This Example describes the full length cloning of P710P.

The prostate cDNA library described above was screened with the P710P fragment described above. One million colonies were plated on LB/Ampicillin plates. Nylon membrane filters were used to lift these colonies, and the cDNAs picked up by these filters were then denatured and cross-linked to the filters by UV light. The P710P fragment was radiolabeled and used to hybridize with the filters. Positive cDNA clones were selected and their cDNAs recovered and sequenced by an automatic ABI Sequencer. Four sequences were obtained, and are presented in SEQ ID NOs:468-471.

From the foregoing, it will be appreciated that, although specific embodiments of the invention have been described herein for the purposes of illustration, various modifications may be made without deviating from the spirit and scope of the invention. Accordingly, the present invention is not limited except as by the appended claims.

CLAIMS

1. An isolated polypeptide comprising at least an immunogenic portion of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(a) sequences recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472;

(b) sequences that hybridize to any of the foregoing sequences under moderately stringent conditions; and

(c) complements of any of the sequence of (a) or (b).

2. An isolated polypeptide according to claim 1, wherein the polypeptide comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

3. An isolated polypeptide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NO: 108, 112, 113, 114, 172, 176, 178, 327, 329, 331, 339 and 383.

4. An isolated polynucleotide encoding at least 15 amino acid residues of a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof that differs in one or more substitutions, deletions, additions and/or insertions such that the ability of the variant to react with antigen-specific antisera is not substantially diminished, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434,

435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

5. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a prostate tumor protein, or a variant thereof, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing sequences.

6. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

7. An isolated polynucleotide comprising a sequence that hybridizes, under moderately stringent conditions, to a sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

8. An isolated polynucleotide complementary to a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

9. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according to any one of claims 4-7.

10. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 9.

11. An expression vector comprising a polynucleotide according claim 8.

12. A host cell transformed or transfected with an expression vector according to claim 11.

13. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

14. A vaccine comprising a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

15. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

16. A vaccine according to claim 14, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

17. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

18. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 4, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

19. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

20. A vaccine according to claim 18, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

21. An isolated antibody, or antigen-binding fragment thereof, that specifically binds to a prostate tumor protein that comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472 or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotide sequences.

22. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antibody or fragment thereof according to claim 18, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

23. A pharmaceutical composition comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a pharmaceutically acceptable carrier or excipient.

24. A pharmaceutical composition according to claim 23, wherein the antigen presenting cell is a dendritic cell or a macrophage.

25. A vaccine comprising an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

26. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

27. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

28. A vaccine according to claim 25, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

29. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

30. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a polynucleotide according to claim 4, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

31. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antibody or antigen-binding fragment thereof according to claim 21, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

32. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide according to claim 1, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

33. A method according to claim 32, wherein the antigen-presenting cell is a dendritic cell.

34. A method according to any one of claims 29-32, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

35. A fusion protein comprising at least one polypeptide according to claim 1.

36. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an expression enhancer that increases expression of the fusion protein in a host cell transfected with a polynucleotide encoding the fusion protein.

37. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises a T helper epitope that is not present within the polypeptide of claim 1.

38. A fusion protein according to claim 35, wherein the fusion protein comprises an affinity tag.

39. An isolated polynucleotide encoding a fusion protein according to claim 35.

40. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a fusion protein according to claim 32, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

41. A vaccine comprising a fusion protein according to claim 35, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

42. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

43. A vaccine according to claim 41, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

44. A pharmaceutical composition comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a physiologically acceptable carrier.

45. A vaccine comprising a polynucleotide according to claim 40, in combination with a non-specific immune response enhancer.

46. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer is an adjuvant.

47. A vaccine according to claim 45, wherein the non-specific immune response enhancer induces a predominantly Type I response.

48. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a pharmaceutical composition according to claim 40 or claim 44.

49. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a vaccine according to claim 41 or claim 45.

50. A method for removing tumor cells from a biological sample, comprising contacting a biological sample with T cells that specifically react with a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

wherein the step of contacting is performed under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the removal of cells expressing the prostate tumor protein from the sample.

51. A method according to claim 50, wherein the biological sample is blood or a fraction thereof.

52. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient a biological sample treated according to the method of claim 50.

53. A method for stimulating and/or expanding T cells specific for a prostate tumor protein, comprising contacting T cells with one or more of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence provided in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); and/or

(iv) an antigen presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

under conditions and for a time sufficient to permit the stimulation and/or expansion of T cells.

54. An isolated T cell population, comprising T cells prepared according to the method of claim 53.

55. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising administering to a patient an effective amount of a T cell population according to claim 54.

56. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating $CD4^{+}$ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or

(iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate; and

(b) administering to the patient an effective amount of the proliferated T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

57. A method for inhibiting the development of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) incubating $CD4^+$ and/or CD8+ T cells isolated from a patient with at least one component selected from the group consisting of:

(i) a polypeptide according to claim 1;

(ii) a polypeptide encoded by a polynucleotide comprising a sequence of any one of SEQ ID NOs: 1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472;

(iii) a polynucleotide encoding a polypeptide of (i) or (ii); or

(iv) an antigen-presenting cell that expresses a polypeptide of (i) or (ii);

such that T cells proliferate;

(b) cloning at least one proliferated cell; and

(c) administering to the patient an effective amount of the cloned T cells, and thereby inhibiting the development of a cancer in the patient.

58. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence selected from the group consisting of:

(i) polynucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472; and

(ii) complements of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent; and

(c) comparing the amount of polypeptide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

59. A method according to claim 58, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

60. A method according to claim 59, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

61. A method according to claim 58, wherein the cancer is prostate cancer.

62. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient at a first point in time with a binding agent that binds to a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of polypeptide that binds to the binding agent;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polypeptide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

63. A method according to claim 62, wherein the binding agent is an antibody.

64. A method according to claim 63, wherein the antibody is a monoclonal antibody.

65. A method according to claim 62, wherein the cancer is a prostate cancer.

66. A method for determining the presence or absence of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide; and

(c) comparing the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide to a predetermined cut-off value, and therefrom determining the presence or absence of a cancer in the patient.

67. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

68. A method according to claim 66, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

69. A method for monitoring the progression of a cancer in a patient, comprising the steps of:

(a) contacting a biological sample obtained from a patient with an oligonucleotide that hybridizes to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:1-111, 115-171, 173-175, 177, 179-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332-335, 340-375, 381, 382 or 384-472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides;

(b) detecting in the sample an amount of a polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide;

(c) repeating steps (a) and (b) using a biological sample obtained from the patient at a subsequent point in time; and

(d) comparing the amount of polynucleotide detected in step (c) to the amount detected in step (b) and therefrom monitoring the progression of the cancer in the patient.

70. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a polymerase chain reaction.

71. A method according to claim 69, wherein the amount of polynucleotide that hybridizes to the oligonucleotide is determined using a hybridization assay.

72. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

(a) one or more antibodies according to claim 21; and

(b) a detection reagent comprising a reporter group.

73. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the antibodies are immobilized on a solid support.

74. A kit according to claim 73, wherein the solid support comprises nitrocellulose, latex or a plastic material.

75. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the detection reagent comprises an anti-immunoglobulin, protein G, protein A or lectin.

76. A kit according to claim 72, wherein the reporter group is selected from the group consisting of radioisotopes, fluorescent groups, luminescent groups, enzymes, biotin and dye particles.

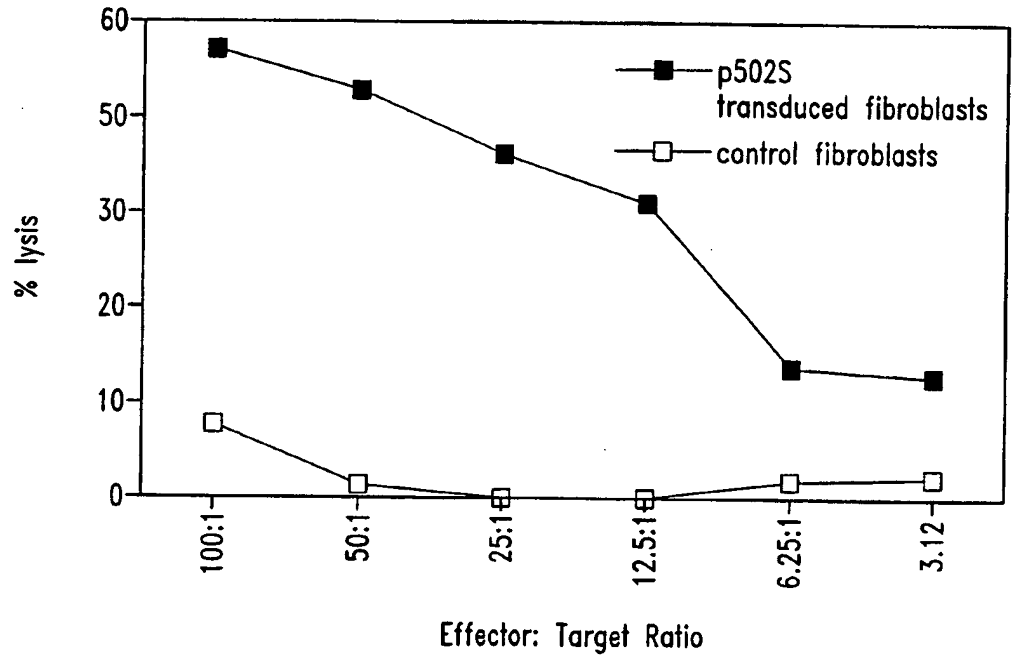
77. An oligonucleotide comprising 10 to 40 nucleotides that hybridize under moderately stringent conditions to a polynucleotide that encodes a prostate tumor protein, wherein the tumor protein comprises an amino acid sequence that is encoded by a polynucleotide sequence recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472, or a complement of any of the foregoing polynucleotides.

78. A oligonucleotide according to claim 77, wherein the oligonucleotide comprises 10-40 nucleotides recited in any one of SEQ ID NOs:2, 3, 8-29, 41-45, 47-52, 54-65, 70, 73-74, 79, 81, 87, 90, 92, 93, 97, 103, 104, 107, 109-111, 115-160, 171, 173-175, 177, 181, 188, 191, 193, 194, 198, 203, 204, 207, 209, 220, 222-225, 227-305, 307-315, 326, 328, 330, 332, 334, 350-365, 381, 382, 384, 386, 389, 390, 392, 393, 396, 401, 402, 407, 408, 410, 413, 415-419, 422, 426, 427, 432, 434, 435, 442-444, 446, 450, 452, 453, 459-461, 468-471 or 472.

79. A diagnostic kit, comprising:

(a) an oligonucleotide according to claim 77; and

(b) a diagnostic reagent for use in a polymerase chain reaction or hybridization assay.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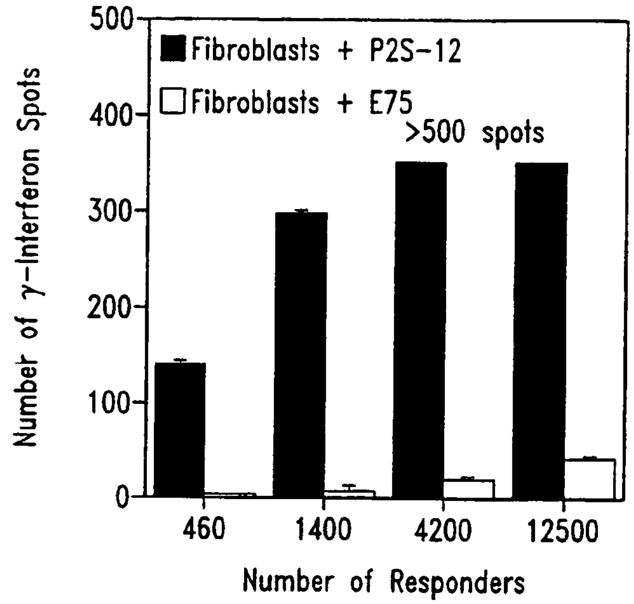
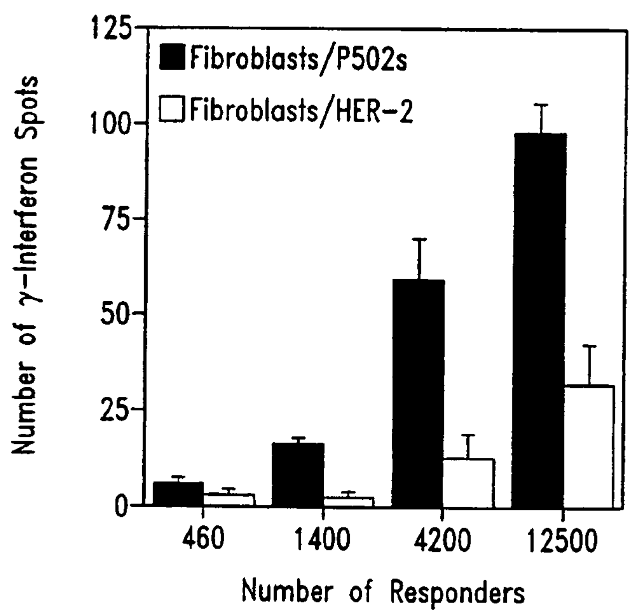
50
30
20
10
0
% lysis
p502S
transduced fibroblasts
control fibroblasts
100:1
50:1
25:1
12.5:1
6.25:1
3.12
Effector: Target Ratio

Fig. 1



500
400
300
200
100
0
Number of γ-Interferon Spots
Fibroblasts + P2S-12
Fibroblasts + E75
>500 spots
460
1400
4200
12500
Number of Responders

Fig. 2A



125
100
75
50
25
0
Number of γ-Interferon Spots
Fibroblasts/P502s
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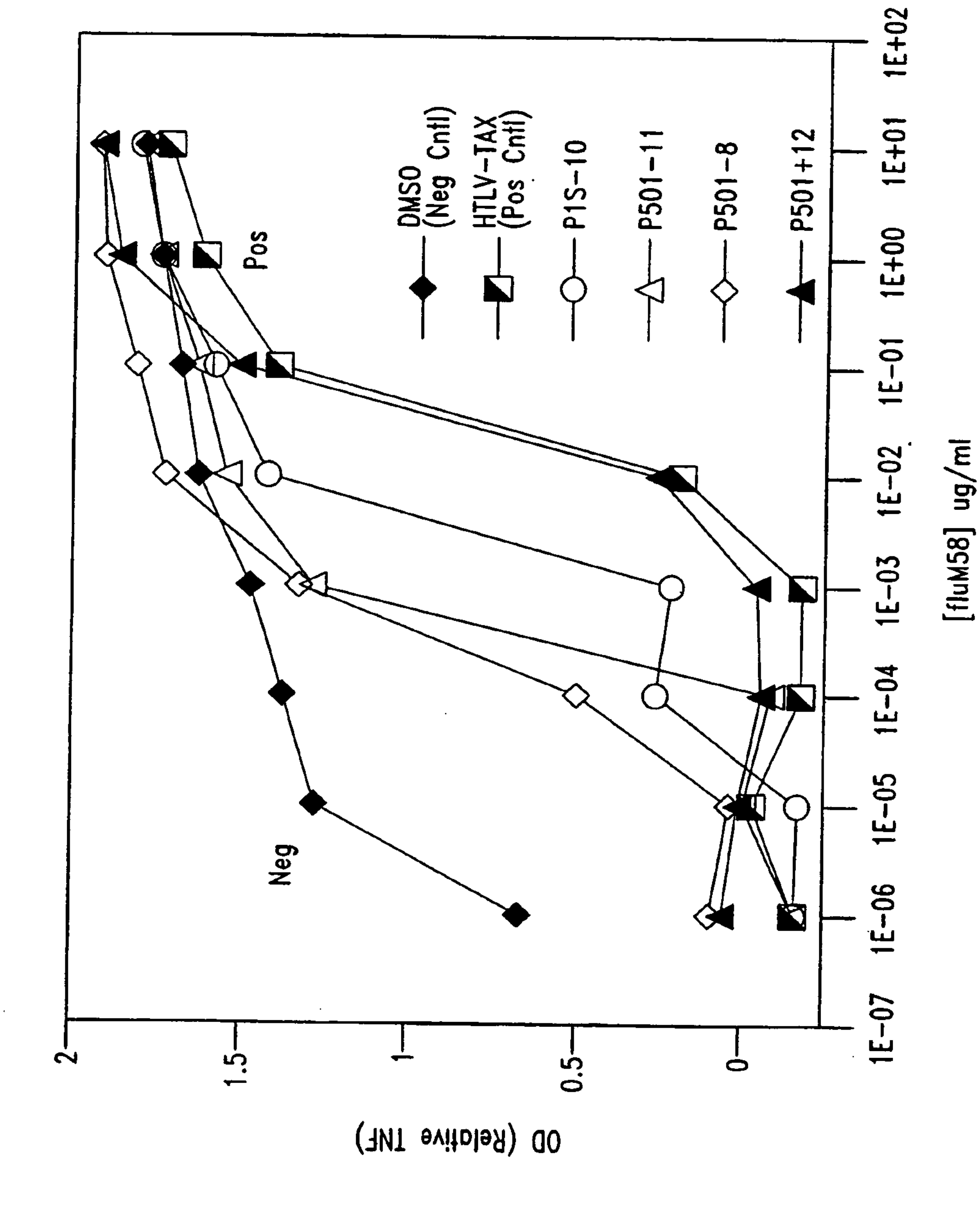
460
1400
4200
12500
Number of Responders

Fig. 2B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P1S-10
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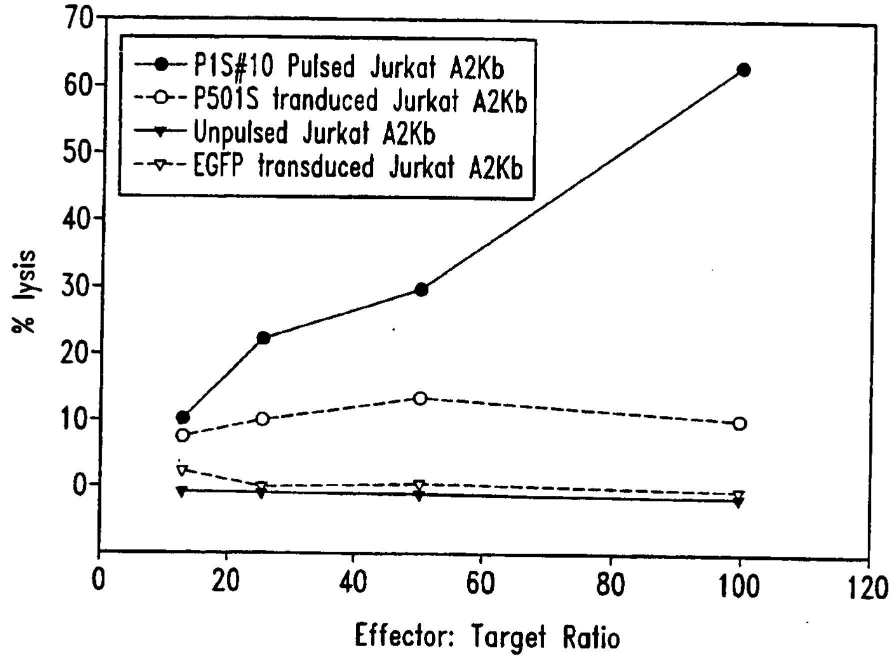
P501-8
P501+12
Pos
Neg
OD (Relative TNF)
2
1.5
1
0.5
0
1E-07
1E-06
1E-05
1E-04
1E-03
1E-02
1E-01
1E+00
1E+01
1E+02
[fluM58] ug/ml

Fig. 3



% lysis
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60
50
40
30
20
10
0
0
20
40
60
80
100
120
Effector: Target Ratio
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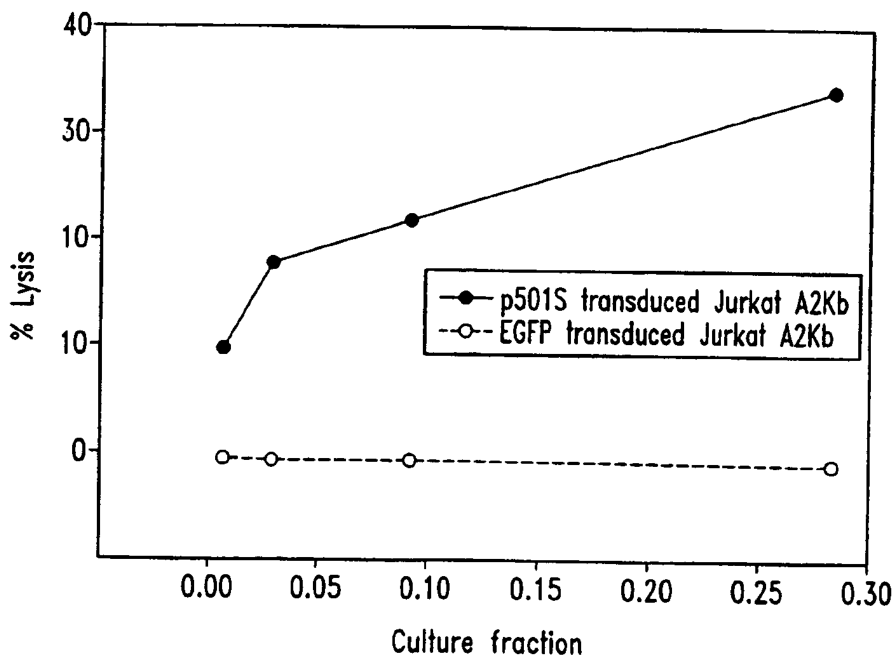
P501S tranduced Jurkat A2Kb
Unpulsed Jurkat A2Kb
EGFP transduced Jurkat A2Kb

Fig. 4



% Lysis
40
30
10
10
0
0.00
0.05
0.10
0.15
0.20
0.25
0.30
Culture fraction
p501S transduced Jurkat A2Kb
EGFP transduced Jurkat A2Kb

Fig. 5

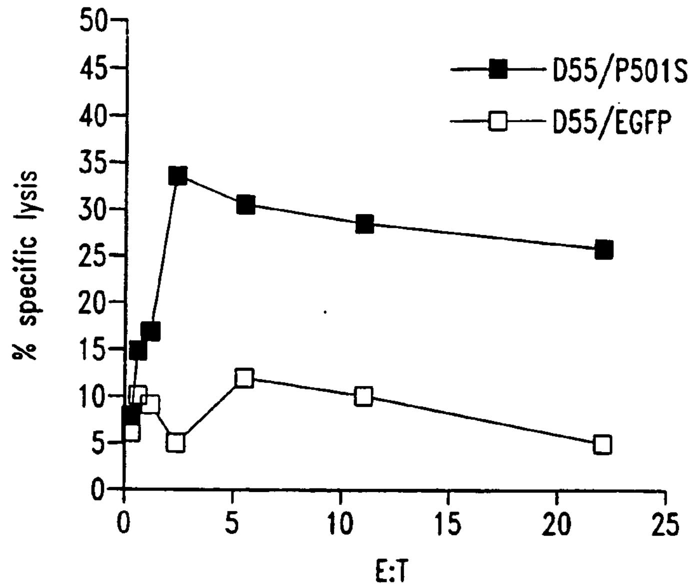
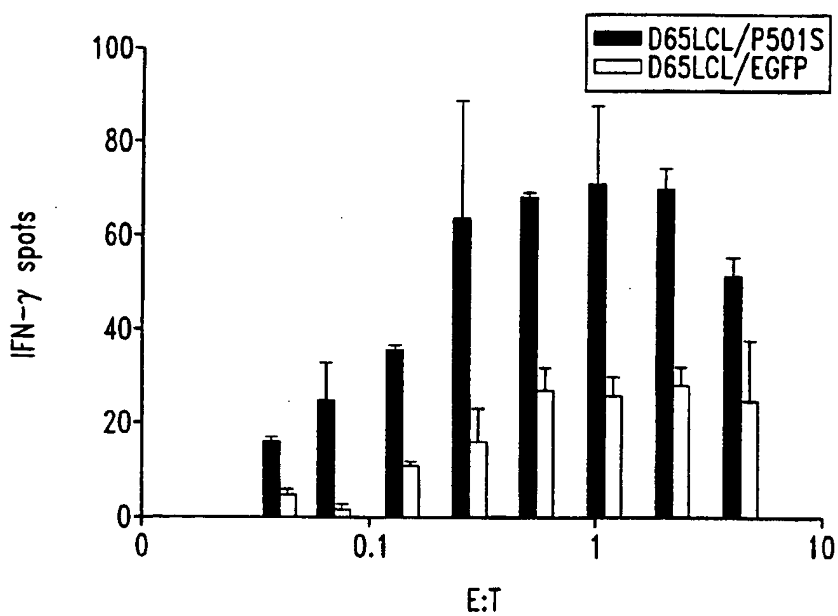

50
45
40
35
30
25
20
15
10
5
0
% specific lysis
D55/P501S
D55/EGFP
0
5
10
15
20
25
E:T

Fig. 6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D65LCL/EGFP
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80
60
40
20
0
IFN-γ spots
0
0.1
1
10
E:T

Fig. 7

SEQUENCE LISTING

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OF PROSTATE CANCER AND METHODS FOR THEIR USE

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gcgcgcttgg cgtaatcatg gtcataactg tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca 480
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ttcatggctg ttggagcaat agaaccccag ttctacgagc tgctgatcaa aggacttgga 120

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ctaaagtctg atgaacttcc caatcagatg agcatggatg attggccaga aatgaagaag    180
aagtttgcag atgtatttgc aaagaagacg aaggcagagt ggtgtcaaat ctttgacggc    240
acagatgcct gtgtgactcc ggttctgact tttgaggagg ttgttcatca tgatcacaac    300
aaggaacggg gctcgtttat caccagtgag gagcaggacg tgagcccccg ccctgcacct    360
ctgctgttaa acaccccagc catcccttct ttcaaaaggg atccactagt tctagaagcg    420
gccgccaccg cggtggagct ccagcttttg ttccctttag tgagggttaa ttgcgcgctt    480
ggcgtaatca tggtcatagc tgtttcctgt gtgaaattgt tatccgctca caattccccc    540
aacatacgag ccggaacata aagtgttaag cctggggtgc ctaatgantg agctaactcn    600
cattaattgc gttgcgctca ctgcccgctt tccagtcggg aaaactgtcg tgccactgcn    660
ttantgaatc ngccaccccc cgggaaaagg cggttgcntt ttgggcctct tccgctttcc    720
tcgctcattg atcctngcnc ccggtcttcg gctgcggnga acggttcact cctcaaaggc    780
ggtntnccgg ttatccccaa acnggggata cccnga                              816
```

<210> 3
<211> 773
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(773)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 3

```
cttttgaaag aagggatggc tggggtgttt aacagcagag gtgcagggcg ggggctcacg     60
tcctgctcct cactggtgat aaacgagccc cgttccttgt tgtgatcatg atgaacaacc    120
tcctcaaaag tcagaaccgg agtcacacag gcatctgtgc cgtcaaagat ttgacaccac    180
tctgccttcg tcttctttgc aaatacatct gcaaacttct tcttcatttc tggccaatca    240
tccatgctca tctgattggg aagttcatca gactttagtc canntccttt gatcagcagc    300
tcgtagaact ggggttctat tgctccaaca gccatgaatt ccccatctgc tgtcctgtaa    360
gtcgtataga aaggtgctcc accatccaac atgttctgtc ctcgaggggg ggcccggtac    420
ccaattcgcc ctatantgag tcgtattacg cgcgctcact ggccgtcgtt ttacaacgtc    480
gtgactggga aaaccctggg cgttaccaac ttaatcgcct tgcagcacat ccccctttcg    540
ccagctgggc gtaatancga aaaggcccgc accgatcgcc cttccaacag ttgcgcacct    600
gaatgggnaa atgggacccc cctgttaccg cgcattnaac ccccgcnggg tttngttgtt    660
acccccacnt nnaccgctta cactttgcca gcgccttanc gcccgctccc tttcnccttt    720
cttcccttcc tttcncnccn ctttccccg gggtttcccc cntcaaaccc cna            773
```

<210> 4
<211> 828
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(828)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 4

```
cctcctgagt cctactgacc tgtgctttct ggtgtggagt ccagggctgc taggaaaagg     60
aatgggcaga cacaggtgta tgccaatgtt tctgaaatgg gtataatttc gtcctctcct    120
tcggaacact ggctgtctct gaagacttct cgctcagttt cagtgaggac acacacaaag    180
acgtgggtga ccatgttgtt tgtggggtgc agagatggga ggggtgggc ccaccctgga    240
agagtggaca gtgacacaag gtggacactc tctacagatc actgaggata agctggagcc    300
acaatgcatg aggcacacac acagcaagga tgacnctgta aacatagccc acgctgtcct    360
```

gngggcactg ggaagcctan atnaggccgt gagcanaaag aaggggagga tccactagtt 420
ctanagcggc cgccaccgcg gtgganctcc anctttttgtt ccctttagtg agggttaatt 480
gcgcgcttgg cntaatcatg gtcatanctn tttcctgtgt gaaattgtta tccgctcaca 540
attccacaca acatacganc cggaaacata aantgtaaac ctggggtgcc taatgantga 600
ctaactcaca ttaattgcgt tgcgctcact gcccgctttc caatcnggaa acctgtcttg 660
ccncttgcat tnatgaatcn gccaaccccc ggggaaaagc gtttgcgttt tgggcgctct 720
tccgcttcct cnctcantta ntccctncnc tcggtcattc cggctgcngc aaaccggttc 780
accncctcca aagggggtat tccggtttcc ccnaatccgg gganancc 828

<210> 5
<211> 834
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(834)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 5
tttttttttt tttttactga tagatggaat ttattaagct tttcacatgt gatagcacat 60
agttttaatt gcatccaaag tactaacaaa aactctagca atcaagaatg gcagcatgtt 120
attttataac aatcaacacc tgtggctttt aaaatttggt tttcataaga taatttatac 180
tgaagtaaat ctagccatgc ttttaaaaaa tgctttaggt cactccaagc ttggcagtta 240
acatttggca taaacaataa taaaacaatc acaatttaat aaataacaaa tacaacattg 300
taggccataa tcatatacag tataaggaaa aggtggtagt gttgagtaag cagttattag 360
aatagaatac cttggcctct atgcaaatat gtctagacac tttgattcac tcagccctga 420
cattcagttt tcaaagtagg agacaggttc tacagtatca ttttacagtt tccaacacat 480
tgaaaacaag tagaaaatga tgagttgatt tttattaatg cattacatcc tcaagagtta 540
tcaccaaccc ctcagttata aaaaatttc aagttatatt agtcatataa cttggtgtgc 600
ttattttaaa ttagtgctaa atggattaag tgaagacaac aatggtcccc taatgtgatt 660
gatattggtc atttttacca gcttctaaat ctnaactttc aggcttttga actggaacat 720
tgnatnacag tgttccanag ttncaaccta ctggaacatt acagtgtgct tgattcaaaa 780
tgttattttg ttaaaaatta aattttaacc tggtggaaaa ataatttgaa atna 834

<210> 6
<211> 818
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(818)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 6
tttttttttt tttttttttt aagaccctca tcaatagatg gagacataca gaaatagtca 60
aaccacatct acaaaatgcc agtatcaggc ggcggcttcg aagccaaagt gatgtttgga 120
tgtaaagtga aatattagtt ggcggatgaa gcagatagtg aggaaagttg agccaataat 180
gacgtgaagt ccgtggaagc ctgtggctac aaaaaatgtt gagccgtaga tgccgtcgga 240
aatggtgaag ggagactcga agtactctga ggcttgtagg agggtaaaat agagacccag 300
taaaattgta ataagcagtg cttgaattat ttggtttcgg ttgttttcta ttagactatg 360
gtgagctcag gtgattgata ctcctgatgc gagtaatacg gatgtgttta ggagtgggac 420
ttctagggga tttagcgggg tgatgcctgt tgggggccag tgccctccta gttgggggggt 480
aggggctagg ctggagtggt aaaaggctca gaaaaatcct gcgaagaaaa aaacttctga 540

```
ggtaataaat aggattatcc cgtatcgaag gccttttttgg acaggtggtg tgtggtggcc    600
ttggtatgtg ctttctcgtg ttacatcgcg ccatcattgg tatatggtta gtgtgttggg    660
ttantanggc ctantatgaa gaacttttgg antggaatta aatcaatngc ttggccggaa    720
gtcattanga nggctnaaaa ggccctgtta ngggtctggg ctnggtttta cccnacccat    780
ggaatncncc ccccggacna ntgnatccct attcttaa                            818
```

<210> 7
<211> 817
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(817)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 7

```
tttttttttt tttttttttt tggctctaga gggggtagag ggggtgctat agggtaaata     60
cgggccctat ttcaaagatt tttaggggaa ttaattctag gacgatgggt atgaaactgt    120
ggtttgctcc acagatttca gagcattgac cgtagtatac ccccggtcgt gtagcggtga    180
aagtggtttg gtttagacgt ccgggaattg catctgtttt taagcctaat gtggggacag    240
ctcatgagtg caagacgtct tgtgatgtaa ttattatacn aatgggggct tcaatcggga    300
gtactactcg attgtcaacg tcaaggagtc gcaggtcgcc tggttctagg aataatgggg    360
gaagtatgta ggaattgaag attaatccgc cgtagtcggt gttctcctag gttcaatacc    420
attggtggcc aattgatttg atggtaaggg gagggatcgt tgaactcgtc tgttatgtaa    480
aggatncctt ngggatggga aggcnatnaa ggactangga tnaatggcgg gcangatatt    540
tcaaacngtc tctanttcct gaaacgtctg aaatgttaat aanaattaan tttngttatt    600
gaatnttnng gaaaagggct tacaggacta gaaaccaaat angaaaanta atnntaangg    660
cnttatcntn aaaggtnata accnctccta tnatcccacc caatngnatt ccccacncnn    720
acnattggat nccccanttc canaaanggc cncccccccgg tgnanncenc cttttgttcc    780
cttnantgan ggttattcnc ccctngcntt atcancc                              817
```

<210> 8
<211> 799
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(799)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 8

```
catttccggg tttactttct aaggaaagcc gagcggaagc tgctaacgtg ggaatcggtg     60
cataaggaga actttctgct ggcacgcgct agggacaagc gggagagcga ctccgagcgt    120
ctgaagcgca cgtcccagaa ggtggacttg gcactgaaac agctgggaca catccgcgag    180
tacgaacagc gcctgaaagt gctggagcgg gaggtccagc agtgtagccg cgtcctgggg    240
tgggtggccg angcctganc cgctctgcct tgctgccccc angtgggccg ccaccccctg    300
acctgcctgg gtccaaacac tgagccctgc tggcggactt caagganaac ccccacangg    360
ggattttgct cctanantaa ggctcatctg ggcctcggcc cccccacctg gttggccttg    420
tctttgangt gagccccatg tccatctggg ccactgtcng gaccaccttt ngggagtgtt    480
ctccttacaa ccacannatg cccggctcct cccggaaacc antcccancc tgngaaggat    540
caagncctgn atccactnnt nctanaaccg gccnccnccg cngtggaacc cnccttntgt    600
tcctttttcnt tnagggttaa tnncgccttg gccttnccan ngtcctncnc nttttccnnt    660
gttnaaattg ttangcnccc nccnntcccn cnncnncnan cccgacccnn annttnnann    720
```

ncctgggggt nccnncngat tgacccnncc nccctntant tgcnttnggg nncnntgccc 780
ctttccctct ngggannceg 799

<210> 9
<211> 801
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(801)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 9
acgccttgat cctcccaggc tgggactggt tctgggagga gccgggcatg ctgtggtttg 60
taangatgac actcccaaag gtggtcctga cagtggccca gatggacatg gggctcacct 120
caaggacaag gccaccaggt gcgggggccg aagcccacat gatccttact ctatgagcaa 180
aatcccctgt gggggcttct ccttgaagtc cgccancagg gctcagtctt tggacccang 240
caggtcatgg ggttgtngnc caactggggg ccncaacgca aaanggcnca gggcctcngn 300
cacccatccc angacgcggc tacactnctg gacctcccnc tccaccactt tcatgcgctg 360
ttcntacccg cgnatntgtc ccanctgttt cngtgccnac tccancttct nggacgtgcg 420
ctacatacgc ccggantcnc nctcccgctt tgtccctatc cacgtnccan caacaaattt 480
cnccntantg caccnattcc cacntttnnc agntttccnc nncgngcttc cttntaaaag 540
ggttganccc cggaaaatnc cccaaagggg gggggccngg tacccaactn ccccctnata 600
gctgaantcc ccatnaccnn gnctcnatgg anccntccnt tttaannacn ttctnaactt 660
gggaananсс ctcgnccntn cccccnttaa tcccnccttg cnangnncnt cccccnntcc 720
ncccnnntng gcntntnann cnaaaaaggc ccnnnancaa tctcctnncn cctcanttcg 780
ccancccctcg aaatcggccn c 801

<210> 10
<211> 789
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(789)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 10
cagtctatnt ggccagtgtg gcagctttcc ctgtggctgc cggtgccaca tgcctgtccc 60
acagtgtggc cgtggtgaca gcttcagccg ccctcaccgg gttcaccttc tcagccctgc 120
agatcctgcc ctacacactg gcctccctct accaccggga gaagcaggtg ttcctgccca 180
aataccgagg ggacactgga ggtgctagca gtgaggacag cctgatgacc agcttcctgc 240
caggccctaa gcctggagct cccttcccta atggacacgt gggtgctgga ggcagtggcc 300
tgctcccacc tccacccgcg ctctgcgggg cctctgcctg tgatgtctcc gtacgtgtgg 360
tggtgggtga gcccaccgan gccagggtgg ttccgggccg gggcatctgc ctggacctcg 420
ccatcctgga tagtgcttcc tgctgtccca ngtggcccca tccctgttta tgggctccat 480
tgtccagctc agccagtctg tcactgccta tatggtgtct gccgcaggcc tgggtctggt 540
cccatttact ttgctacaca ggtantattt gacaagaacg anttggccaa atactcagcg 600
ttaaaaaatt ccagcaacat tgggggtgga aggcctgcct cactgggtcc aactccccgc 660
tcctgttaac cccatggggc tgccggcttg gccgccaatt tctgttgctg ccaaantnat 720
gtggctctct gctgccacct gttgctggct gaagtgcnta cngcncanct ngggggtng 780
ggngttccc 789

<210> 11
<211> 772
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(772)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 11
```
cccaccctac ccaaatatta gacaccaaca cagaaaagct agcaatggat tcccttctac      60
tttgttaaat aaataagtta aatatttaaa tgcctgtgtc tctgtgatgg caacagaagg     120
accaacaggc cacatcctga taaaaggtaa gaggggggtg gatcagcaaa aagacagtgc     180
tgtgggctga ggggacctgg ttcttgtgtg ttgcccctca ggactcttcc cctacaaata     240
actttcatat gttcaaatcc catggaggag tgtttcatcc tagaaactcc catgcaagag     300
ctacattaaa cgaagctgca ggttaagggg cttanagatg ggaaaccagg tgactgagtt     360
tattcagctc ccaaaaaccc ttctctaggt gtgtctcaac taggaggcta gctgttaacc     420
ctgagcctgg gtaatccacc tgcagagtcc ccgcattcca gtgcatggaa cccttctggc     480
ctccctgtat aagtccagac tgaaaccccc ttggaaggnc tccagtcagg cagccctana     540
aactggggaa aaaagaaaag gacgccccan cccccagctg tgcanctacg cacctcaaca     600
gcacagggtg gcagcaaaaa aaccacttta ctttggcaca aacaaaaact ngggggggca     660
accccggcac cccnangggg gttaacagga ancngggnaa cntggaaccc aattnaggca     720
ggcccnccac cccnaatntt gctgggaaat ttttcctccc ctaaattntt tc             772
```

<210> 12
<211> 751
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(751)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 12
```
gccccaattc cagctgccac accacccacg gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa      60
agctgattga agcaaccctc tactttttgg tcgtgagcct tttgcttggt gcaggtttca     120
ttggctgtgt tggtgacgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg     180
aagtanggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc     240
atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca     300
ggcactacca gcaacgtcag ggaagtgctc agccattgtg gtgtacacca aggcgaccac     360
agcagctgcn acctcagcaa tgaagatgan gaggangatg aagaagaacg tcncgagggc     420
acacttgctc tcagtcttan caccatanca gcccntgaaa accaananca aagaccacna     480
cnccggctgc gatgaagaaa tnaccccncg ttgacaaact tgcatggcac tggganccac     540
agtggcccna aaaatcttca aaaaggatgc cccatcnatt gacccccccaa atgcccactg     600
ccaacagggg ctgccccacn cncnnaacga tganccnatt gnacaagatc tncntggtct     660
tnatnaacnt gaaccctgcn tngtggctcc tgttcaggnc cnnggcctga cttctnaann     720
aangaactcn gaagncccca cnggananne g                                    751
```

<210> 13
<211> 729
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(729)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 13
gagccaggcg tccctctgcc tgcccactca gtggcaacac ccgggagctg ttttgtcctt 60
tgtgganccct cagcagtncc ctctttcaga actcantgcc aaganccctg aacaggagcc 120
accatgcagt gcttcagctt cattaagacc atgatgatcc tcttcaattt gctcatcttt 180
ctgtgtggtg cagccctgtt ggcagtgggc atctgggtgt caatcgatgg ggcatccttt 240
ctgaagatct tcgggccact gtcgtccagt gccatgcagt ttgtcaacgt gggctacttc 300
ctcatcgcag ccggcgttgt ggtcttagct ctaggtttcc tgggctgcta tggtgctaag 360
actgagagca agtgtgccct cgtgacgttc ttcttcatcc tcctcctcat cttcattgct 420
gaggttgcaa tgctgtggtc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttcctgacgt 480
tgctggtaat gcctgccatc aanaaaagat tatgggttcc caggaanact tcactcaagt 540
gttggaacac caccatgaaa gggctcaagt gctgtggctt cnnccaacta tacggatttt 600
gaagantcac ctacttcaaa gaaaanagtg cctttccccc atttctgttg caattgacaa 660
acgtccccaa cacagccaat tgaaaacctg cacccaaccc aaanggtcc ccaaccanaa 720
attnaaggg 729

<210> 14
<211> 816
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(816)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 14
tgctcttcct caaagttgtt cttgttgcca taacaaccac cataggtaaa gcgggcgcag 60
tgttcgctga aggggttgta gtaccagcgc gggatgctct ccttgcagag tcctgtgtct 120
ggcaggtcca cgcagtgccc tttgtcactg gggaaatgga tgcgctggag ctcgtcaaag 180
ccactcgtgt atttttcaca ggcagcctcg tccgacgcgt cggggcagtt gggggtgtct 240
tcacactcca ggaaactgtc natgcagcag ccattgctgc agcggaactg ggtgggctga 300
cangtgccag agcacactgg atggcgcctt tccatgnnan gggccctgng ggaaagtccc 360
tganccccan anctgcctct caaangcccc accttgcaca ccccgacagg ctagaatgga 420
atcttcttcc cgaaaggtag ttnttcttgt tgcccaancc ancccccntaa acaaactctt 480
gcanatctgc tccgnggggg tcntantacc ancgtgggaa aagaacccca ggcngcgaac 540
caancttgtt tggatncgaa gcnataatct nctnttctgc ttggtggaca gcaccantna 600
ctgtnnanct ttagnccntg gtcctcntgg gttgnncttg aacctaatcn ccnntcaact 660
gggacaaggt aantngccnt cctttnaatt cccnancntn ccccctggtt tggggttttn 720
cncnctccta ccccagaaan nccgtgttcc cccccaacta ggggccnaaa ccnnttnttc 780
cacaaccctn ccccacccac gggttcngnt ggttng 816

<210> 15
<211> 783
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(783)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 15
ccaaggcctg ggcaggcata nacttgaagg tacaacccca ggaacccctg gtgctgaagg 60
atgtggaaaa cacagattgg cgcctactgc ggggtgacac ggatgtcagg gtagagagga 120
aagacccaaa ccaggtggaa ctgtggggac tcaaggaang cacctacctg ttccagctga 180
cagtgactag ctcagaccac ccagaggaca cggccaacgt cacagtcact gtgctgtcca 240
ccaagcagac agaagactac tgcctcgcat ccaacaangt gggtcgctgc cggggctctt 300
tcccacgctg gtactatgac cccacggagc agatctgcaa gagtttcgtt tatggaggct 360
gcttgggcaa caagaacaac taccttcggg aagaagagtg cattctancc tgtcngggtg 420
tgcaaggtgg gcctttgana ngcanctctg gggctcangc gactttcccc cagggcccct 480
ccatggaaag gcgccatcca ntgttctctg gcacctgtca gcccacccag ttccgctgca 540
ncaatggctg ctgcatcnac antttcctng aattgtgaca acaccccca ntgcccccaa 600
ccctcccaac aaagcttccc tgttnaaaaa tacnccantt ggcttttnac aaacncccgg 660
cncctccntt ttccccnntn aacaaagggc nctngcnttt gaactgcccn aacccnggaa 720
tctnccnngg aaaaantncc cccctggtt cctnnaancc cctccncnaa anctnccccc 780
ccc 783

<210> 16
<211> 801
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(801)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 16
gccccaattc cagctgccac accacccacg gtgactgcat tagttcggat gtcatacaaa 60
agctgattga agcaaccctc tactttttgg tcgtgagcct tttgcttggt gcaggtttca 120
ttggctgtgt tggtgacgtt gtcattgcaa cagaatgggg gaaaggcact gttctctttg 180
aagtagggtg agtcctcaaa atccgtatag ttggtgaagc cacagcactt gagccctttc 240
atggtggtgt tccacacttg agtgaagtct tcctgggaac cataatcttt cttgatggca 300
ggcactacca gcaacgtcag gaagtgctca gccattgtgg tgtacaccaa ggcgaccaca 360
gcagctgcaa cctcagcaat gaagatgagg aggaggatga agaagaacgt cncgagggca 420
cacttgctct ccgtcttagc accatagcag cccangaaac caagagcaaa gaccacaacg 480
ccngctgcga atgaaagaaa ntacccacgt tgacaaactg catggccact ggacgacagt 540
tggcccgaan atcttcagaa aagggatgcc ccatcgattg aacacccana tgcccactgc 600
cnacagggct gcncccncncn gaaagaatga gccattgaag aaggatcntc ntggtcttaa 660
tgaactgaaa ccntgcatgg tggcccctgt tcagggctct tggcagtgaa ttctganaaa 720
aaggaacngc ntnagccccc ccaaangana aaacaccccc gggtgttgcc ctgaattggc 780
ggccaaggan ccctgccccn g 801

<210> 17
<211> 740
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(740)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 17
gtgagagcca ggcgtccctc tgcctgccca ctcagtggca acacccggga gctgttttgt 60

cctttgtgga gcctcagcag ttccctcttt cagaactcac tgccaagagc cctgaacagg 120
agccaccatg cagtgcttca gcttcattaa gaccatgatg atcctcttca atttgctcat 180
ctttctgtgt ggtgcagccc tgttggcagt gggcatctgg gtgtcaatcg atggggcatc 240
ctttctgaag atcttcgggc cactgtcgtc cagtgccatg cagtttgtca acgtgggcta 300
cttcctcatc gcagccggcg ttgtggtctt tgctcttggt ttcctgggct gctatggtgc 360
taagacggag agcaagtgtg ccctcgtgac gttcttcttc atcctcctcc tcatcttcat 420
tgctgaagtt gcagctgctg tggtcgcctt ggtgtacacc acaatggctg aaccattcct 480
gacgttgctg gtantgcctg ccatcaanaa agattatggg ttcccaggaa aaattcactc 540
aantntggaa caccnccatg aaaagggctc caatttctgn tggcttcccc aactataccg 600
gaattttgaa agantcnccc tacttccaaa aaaaaanant tgcctttncc cccnttctgt 660
tgcaatgaaa acntcccaan acngccaatn aaaacctgcc cnnncaaaaa ggntcncaaa 720
caaaaaaant nnaagggttn 740

<210> 18
<211> 802
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(802)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 18
ccgctggttg cgctggtcca gngnagccac gaagcacgtc agcatacaca gcctcaatca 60
caaggtcttc cagctgccgc acattacgca gggcaagagc ctccagcaac actgcatatg 120
ggatacactt tactttagca gccagggtga caactgagag gtgtcgaagc ttattcttct 180
gagcctctgt tagtggagga agattccggg cttcagctaa gtagtcagcg tatgtcccat 240
aagcaaacac tgtgagcagc cggaaggtag aggcaaagtc actctcagcc agctctctaa 300
cattgggcat gtccagcagt tctccaaaca cgtagacacc agnggcctcc agcacctgat 360
ggatgagtgt ggccagcgct gccccccttgg ccgacttggc taggagcaga aattgctcct 420
ggttctgccc tgtcaccttc acttccgcac tcatcactgc actgagtgtg ggggacttgg 480
gctcaggatg tccagagacg tggttccgcc ccctcnctta atgacaccgn ccanncaacc 540
gtcggctccc gccgantgng ttcgtcgtnc ctgggtcagg gtctgctggc cnctacttgc 600
aancttcgtc nggcccatgg aattcaccnc accggaactn gtangatcca ctnnttctat 660
aaccggncgc caccgcnnnt ggaactccac tcttnttncc tttacttgag ggttaaggtc 720
acccttnncg ttaccttggt ccaaaccntn ccntgtgtcg anatngtnaa tcnggnccna 780
tnccanccnc atangaagcc ng 802

<210> 19
<211> 731
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(731)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 19
cnaagcttcc aggtnacggg ccgcnaancc tgacccnagg tancanaang cagncngcgg 60
gagcccaccg tcacgnggng gngtctttat nggagggggc ggagccacat cnctggacnt 120
cntgacccca actccccncc ncncantgca gtgatgagtg cagaactgaa ggtnacgtgg 180
caggaaccaa gancaaannc tgctccnntc caagtcggcn naggggggcgg ggctggccac 240
gcncatccnt cnagtgctgn aaagccccnn cctgtctact tgtttggaga acngcnnnga 300

catgcccagn gttanataac nggcngagag tnantttgcc tctcccttcc ggctgcgcan 360
cgngtntgct tagnggacat aacctgacta cttaactgaa cccnngaatc tnccnccccct 420
ccactaagct cagaacaaaa aacttcgaca ccactcantt gtcacctgnc tgctcaagta 480
aagtgtaccc catncccaat gtntgctnga ngctctgncc tgcnttangt tcggtcctgg 540
gaagacctat caattnaagc tatgtttctg actgcctctt gctccctgna acaancnacc 600
cnncnntcca agggggggnc ggcccccaat ccccccaacc ntnaattnan tttanccccn 660
cccccnggcc cggcctttta cnancntcnn nnacngggna aaaccnnngc tttncccaac 720
nnaatccncc t 731

<210> 20
<211> 754
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(754)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 20
tttttttttt tttttttttt taaaaacccc ctccattnaa tgnaaacttc cgaaattgtc 60
caaccccctc ntccaaatnn ccntttccgg gngggggttc caaacccaan ttanntttgg 120
annttaaatt aaatnttnnt tggnggnnna anccnaatgt nangaaagtt naacccanta 180
tnancttnaa tncctggaaa ccngtngntt ccaaaaatnt ttaaccctta antccctccg 240
aaatngttna nggaaaaccc aanttctcnt aaggttgttt gaaggntnaa tnaaaanccc 300
nnccaattgt ttttngccac gcctgaatta attggnttcc gntgttttcc nttaaaanaa 360
ggnnanccccc ggttantnaa tccccccnnc cccaattata ccganttttt ttngaattgg 420
gancccncgg gaattaacgg ggnnnntccc tnttgggggg cnggnncccc cccentcggg 480
ggttngggnc aggncnnaat tgtttaaggg tccgaaaaat ccctccnaga aaaaaanctc 540
ccaggntgag nntngggttt nccccccccc canggcccct ctcgnanagt tggggtttgg 600
ggggcctggg attttntttc ccctnttncc tccccccccc ccngggganag aggttngngt 660
tttgntcnnc ggccccnccn aaganctttn ccganttnan ttaaatccnt gcctnggcga 720
agtccnttgn agggntaaan ggccccctnn cggg 754

<210> 21
<211> 755
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(755)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 21
atcanccccat gaccccnaac nngggaccnc tcanccggnc nnncnaccnc cggccnatca 60
nngtnagnnc actncnnttn natcacnccc cnccnactac gcccncnanc cnacgcncta 120
nncanatncc actganngcg cgangtngan ngagaaanct nataccanag ncaccanacn 180
ccagctgtcc nanaangcct nnnatacngg nnnatccaat ntgnanccctc cnaagtattn 240
nncnncanat gattttcctn anccgattac ccntnccccc tancccctcc cccccaacna 300
cgaaggcnct ggnccnaagg nngcgncncc ccgctagntc cccnncaagt cncncnccta 360
aactcanccn nattacncgc ttcntgagta tcactccccg aatctcaccc tactcaactc 420
aaaaanatcn gatacaaaat aatncaagcc tgnttatnac actntgactg ggtctctatt 480
ttagnggtcc ntnaancntc ctaatacttc cagtctncct tcnccaattt ccnaanggct 540
ctttcngaca gcatnttttg gttcccnntt gggttcttan ngaattgccc ttcntngaac 600

gggctcntct tttccttcgg ttancctggn ttcnnccggc cagttattat ttcccntttt 660
aaattcntnc cntttanttt tggcnttcna aaccccggc cttgaaaacg gccccctggt 720
aaaaggttgt tttganaaaa tttttgtttt gttcc 755

<210> 22
<211> 849
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(849)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 22
tttttttttt tttttangtg tngtcgtgca ggtagaggct tactacaant gtgaanacgt 60
acgctnggan taangcgacc cganttctag gannencccct aaaatcanac tgtgaagatn 120
atcctgnnna cggaanggtc accggnngat nntgctaggg tgnccnctcc cannncnttn 180
cataactcng nggccctgcc caccaccttc ggcggcccng ngnccgggcc cgggtcattn 240
gnnttaaccn cactnngcna ncggtttccn nccccnncng acccnggcga tccggggtnc 300
tctgtcttcc cctgnagncn anaaantggg ccncggnccc ctttacccct nnacaagcca 360
cngccntcta nccncngccc cccctccant nngggggact gccnanngct ccgttnctng 420
nnaccccnnn gggtncctcg gttgtcgant cnaccgnang ccanggattc cnaaggaagg 480
tgcgttnttg gcccctaccc ttcgctncgg nncacccttc ccgacnanga nccgctcccg 540
cncnncgnng cctcncctcg caacacccgc nctcntcngt ncggnnnccc ccccacccgc 600
nccctcncnc ngncgnancn ctccnccncc gtctcannca ccaccccgcc ccgccaggcc 660
ntcanccacn ggnngacnng nagcncnntc gcnccgcgcn gcgncncccct cgccncngaa 720
ctncntcngg ccantnncgc tcaanccnna cnaaacgccg ctgcgcggcc cgnagcgncc 780
ncctccncga gtcctcccgn cttccnaccc angnnttccn cgaggacacn nnaccccgcc 840
nncangcgg 849

<210> 23
<211> 872
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(872)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 23
gcgcaaacta tacttcgctc gnactcgtgc gcctcgctnc tcttttcctc cgcaaccatg 60
tctgacnanc ccgattnggc ngatatcnan aagntcganc agtccaaact gantaacaca 120
cacacncnan aganaaatcc nctgccttcc anagtanacn attgaacnng agaaccangc 180
nggcgaatcg taatnaggcg tgcgccgcca atntgtcncc gtttattntn ccagcntcnc 240
ctnccnaccc tacntcttcn nagctgtcnn acccctngtn cgnacccccc naggtcggga 300
tcgggtttnn nntgaccgng cnncccctcc ccccntccat nacganccnc ccgcaccacc 360
nanngcncgc nccccgnnct cttcgccncc ctgtcctntn cccctgtngc ctggcncngn 420
accgcattga ccctcgccnn ctncnngaaa ncgnanacgt ccgggttgnn annancgctg 480
tgggnnngcg tctgcnccgc gttccttccn ncnncttcca ccatcttcnt tacngggtct 540
ccncgccntc tcnnncacnc cctgggacgc tntcctntgc ccccсttnac tccccccctt 600
cgncgtgncc cgnccccacc ntcatttnca nacgntcttc acaannncct ggntnnctcc 660
cnancngncn gtcanccnag ggaagggngg ggnnccnntg nttgacgttg nggngangtc 720
cgaanantcc tcnccntcan cnctacccct cgggcgnnct ctcngttncc aacttancaa 780

ntctcccccg ngngcncntc tcagcctcnc ccnccccnct ctctgcantg tnctctgctc 840
tnaccnntac gantnttcgn cnccctcttt cc 872

<210> 24
<211> 815
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(815)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 24
gcatgcaagc ttgagtattc tatagngtca cctaaatanc ttggcntaat catggtcnta 60
nctgncttcc tgtgtcaaat gtatacnaan tanatatgaa tctnatntga caaganngta 120
tcntncatta gtaacaantg tnntgtccat cctgtcngan canattccca tnnattncgn 180
cgcattcncn gcncantatn taatngggaa ntcnnntnnn ncaccnncat ctatcntncc 240
gcnccctgac tggnagagat ggatnanttc tnntntgacc nacatgttca tcttggattn 300
aananccccc cgcngnccac cggttngnng cnagccnntc ccaagacctc ctgtggaggt 360
aacctgcgtc aganncatca aacntgggaa acccgcnncc angtnnaagt ngnnncanan 420
gatcccgtcc aggnttnacc atcccttcnc agcgccccct ttngtgcctt anagngnagc 480
gtgtccnanc cnctcaacat ganacgcgcc agnccanccg caattnggca caatgtcgnc 540
gaaccccctа gggggantna tncaaanccc caggattgtc cncncangaa atcccncanc 600
cccnccctac ccnnctttgg gacngtgacc aantcccgga gtnccagtcc ggccngnctc 660
ccccaccggt nnccntgggg gggtgaanct cngnntcanc cngncgaggn ntcgnaagga 720
accggncctn ggncgaanng ancnntcnga agngccncnt cgtataaccc cccctcncca 780
nccnacngnt agntcccccc cngggtncgg aangg 815

<210> 25
<211> 775
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(775)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 25
ccgagatgtc tcgctccgtg gccttagctg tgctcgcgct actctctctt tctggcctgg 60
aggctatcca gcgtactcca aagattcagg tttactcacg tcatccagca gagaatggaa 120
agtcaaattt cctgaattgc tatgtgtctg ggtttcatcc atccgacatt gaanttgact 180
tactgaagaa tgganagaga attgaaaaag tggagcattc agacttgtct ttcagcaagg 240
actggtcttt ctatctcntg tactacactg aattcacccc cactgaaaaa gatgagtatg 300
cctgccgtgt gaaccatgtg actttgtcac agcccaagat agttaagtgg gatcgagaca 360
tgtaagcagn cnncatggaa gtttgaagat gccgcatttg gattggatga attccaaatt 420
ctgcttgctt gcnttttaat antgatatgc ntatacaccc taccctttat gnccccaaat 480
tgtaggggtt acatnantgt tcncntngga catgatcttc ctttataant ccnccnttcg 540
aattgcccgt cncccngttn ngaatgtttc cnnaaccacg gttggctccc ccaggtcncc 600
tcttacggaa gggcctgggc cnctttncaa ggttggggga accnaaaatt tcncttntgc 660
ccncccncca cnntcttgng nncncanttt ggaacccttc cnattcccct tggcctcnna 720
nccttnncta anaaaacttn aaancgtngc naaanntttn acttcccccc ttacc 775

<210> 26

<211> 820
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(820)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 26

```
anattantac agtgtaatct tttcccagag gtgtgtanag ggaacggggc ctagaggcat     60
cccanagata ncttatanca acagtgcttt gaccaagagc tgctgggcac atttcctgca    120
gaaaaggtgg cggtccccat cactcctcct ctccccatagc catcccagag gggtgagtag   180
ccatcangcc ttcggtggga gggagtcang gaaacaacan accacagagc anacagacca    240
ntgatgacca tgggcgggag cgagcctctt ccctgnaccg gggtggcana nganagccta    300
nctgaggggt cacactataa acgttaacga ccnagatnan cacctgcttc aagtgcaccc    360
ttcctacctg acnaccagng accnnnaact gcngcctggg gacagcnctg ggancagcta    420
acnnagcact cacctgcccc cccatggccg tncgcntccc tggtcctgnc aagggaagct    480
ccctgttgga attncgggga naccaaggga ncccccctcct ccanctgtga aggaaaaann   540
gatggaattt tnccccttccg gccnntcccc tcttccttta cacgcccccct nntactcntc  600
tccctctntt ntcctgncnc acttttnacc ccnnnatttc ccttnattga tcgganncctn   660
ganattccac tnncgcctnc cntcnatcng naanacnaaa nactntctna cccnggggat    720
gggnncctcg ntcatcctct ctttttcnct accnccnntt ctttgcctct ccttngatca
780tccaaccntc gntggccntn ccccccnnn tcctttnccc
820
```

<210> 27
<211> 818
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(818)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 27

```
tctgggtgat ggcctcttcc tcctcaggga cctctgactg ctctgggcca aagaatctct     60
tgtttcttct ccgagcccca ggcagcggtg attcagccct gcccaacctg attctgatga    120
ctgcggatgc tgtgacggac ccaaggggca aatagggtcc cagggtccag ggaggggcgc    180
ctgctgagca cttccgcccc tcaccctgcc cagcccctgc catgagctct gggctgggtc    240
tccgcctcca gggttctgct cttccangca ngccancaag tggcgctggg ccacactggc    300
ttcttcctgc cccntccctg gctctgantc tctgtcttcc tgtcctgtgc angcnccttg    360
gatctcagtt tccctcnctc anngaactct gtttctgann tcttcantta actntgantt    420
tatnaccnan tggnctgtnc tgtcnnactt taatgggccn gaccggctaa tccctccctc    480
nctcccttcc anttcnnnna accngcttnc cntcntctcc ccntanccccg ccngggaanc   540
ctcctttgcc ctnaccangg gccnnnaccg cccntnnctn ggggggcnng gtnnctncnc    600
ctgntnnccc cnctcncnnt tncctcgtcc cnncnncgcn nngcanntc ncngtcccnn     660
tnnctcttcn ngtntcgnaa ngntcncntn tnnnnngncn ngntnntncn tccctctcnc    720
cnnntgnang tnnttnnnnc ncngnncccc nnnncnnnnn nggnnntnnn tctncncngc    780
cccnnccccc ngnattaagg cctccnntct ccggccnc                            818
```

<210> 28
<211> 731
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(731)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 28
aggaagggcg gagggatatt gtangggatt gagggatagg agnataangg gggaggtgtg 60
tcccaacatg anggtgnngt tctcttttga angagggttg ngtttttann ccnggtgggt 120
gattnaaccc cattgtatgg agnnaaaggn tttnagggat ttttcggctc ttatcagtat 180
ntanattcct gtnaatcgga aaatnatntt tcnncnggaa aatnttgctc ccatccgnaa 240
attnctcccg ggtagtgcat nttngggggn cngccangtt tcccaggctg ctanaatcgt 300
actaaagntt naagtgggan tncaaatgaa aacctnncac agagnatccn tacccgactg 360
tnnnttncct tcgccctntg actctgcnng agcccaatac ccnngngnat gtcncccngn 420
nnngcgncnc tgaaannnnc tcgnggctnn gancatcang gggtttcgca tcaaaagcnn 480
cgtttcncat naaggcactt tngcctcatc caaccnctng ccctcnncca tttngccgtc 540
nggttcncct acgctnntng cncctnnntn ganattttnc ccgcctnggg naancctcct 600
gnaatgggta gggncttntc ttttnaccnn gnggtntact aatcnnctnc acgcntnctt 660
tctcnacccc ccccctttt caatcccanc ggcnaatggg gtctccccnn cganggggg 720
nnncccannc c 731

<210> 29
<211> 822
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(822)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 29
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttggggncnc ttctatgant antnttagat 60
cgctcanacc tcacancctc ccnacnangc ctataangaa nannaataga nctgtncnnt 120
atntntacnc tcatanncct cnnnacccac tccctcttaa cccntactgt gcctatngcn 180
tnnctantct ntgccgcctn cnanccaccn gtgggccnac cncnngnatt ctcnatctcc 240
tcnccatntn gcctananta ngtncatacc ctatacctac nccaatgcta nnnctaancn 300
tccatnantt annntaacta ccactgacnt ngactttcnc atnanctcct aatttgaatc 360
tactctgact cccacngcct annnattagc ancntccccc nacnatntct caaccaaatc 420
ntcaacaacc tatctanctg ttcnccaacc nttncctccg atccccnnac aaccccccctc 480
ccaaataccc nccacctgac ncctaacccn caccatcccg gcaagccnan ggncatttan 540
ccactggaat cacnatngga naaaaaaaac ccnaactctc tancncnnat ctccctaana 600
aatnctcctn naatttactn ncantnccat caanccccacn tgaaacnnaa cccctgtttt 660
tanatccctt ctttcgaaaa ccnacccttt annncccaac ctttngggcc ccccncnctnc 720
ccnaatgaag gncncccaat cnangaaacg nccntgaaaa ancnaggcna anannntccg 780
canatcctat cccttanttn ggggncccтt ncccngggcc cc 822

<210> 30
<211> 787
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(787)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 30
```
cggccgcctg ctctggcaca tgcctcctga atggcatcaa aagtgatgga ctgcccattg     60
ctagagaaga ccttctctcc tactgtcatt atggagccct gcagactgag ggctcccctt    120
gtctgcagga tttgatgtct gaagtcgtgg agtgtggctt ggagctcctc atctacatna    180
gctggaagcc ctggagggcc tctctcgcca gcctccccct tctctccacg ctctccangg    240
acaccagggg ctccaggcag cccattattc ccagnangac atggtgtttc tccacgcgga    300
cccatggggc ctgnaaggcc agggtctcct ttgacaccat ctctcccgtc ctgcctggca    360
ggccgtggga tccactantt ctanaacggn cgccaccncg gtgggagctc cagcttttgt    420
tcccnttaat gaaggttaat tgcncgcttg gcgtaatcat nggtcanaac tntttcctgt    480
gtgaaattgt ttntcccctc ncnattccnc ncnacatacn aacccggaan cataaagtgt    540
taaagcctgg gggtngcctn nngaatnaac tnaactcaat taattgcgtt ggctcatggc    600
ccgctttccn ttcnggaaaa ctgtcntccc ctgcnttnnt gaatcggcca ccccccnggg    660
aaaagcggtt tgcnttttng ggggntcctt ccncttcccc cctcnctaan ccctncgcct    720
cggtcgttnc nggtngcggg gaangggnat nnnctcccnc naagggggng agnnngntat    780
ccccaaa                                                              787
```

<210> 31
<211> 799
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(799)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 31
```
tttttttttt tttttttggc gatgctactg tttaattgca ggaggtgggg gtgtgtgtac     60
catgtaccag ggctattaga agcaagaagg aaggagggag ggcagagcgc cctgctgagc    120
aacaaaggac tcctgcagcc ttctctgtct gtctcttggc gcaggcacat ggggaggcct    180
cccgcagggt gggggccacc agtccagggg tgggagcact acanggggtg ggagtgggtg    240
gtggctggtn cnaatggcct gncacanatc cctacgattc ttgacacctg gatttcacca    300
ggggaccttc tgttctccca nggnaacttc ntnnatctcn aaagaacaca actgtttctt    360
cngcanttct ggctgttcat ggaaagcaca ggtgtccnat ttnggctggg acttggtaca    420
tatggttccg gcccacctct cccntcnaan aagtaattca cccccccccn ccntctnttg    480
cctgggccct taantaccca caccggaact canttantta ttcatcttng gntgggcttg    540
ntnatcnccn cctgaangcg ccaagttgaa aggccacgcc gtncccnctc cccatagnan    600
nttttnncnt canctaatgc ccccccnggc aacnatccaa tcccccccn tgggggcccc    660
agcccanggc ccccgnctcg ggnnnccngn cncgnantcc ccaggntctc ccantcngnc    720
ccnnngcncc cccgcacgca gaacanaagg ntngagccnc cgcannnnnn nggtnncnac    780
ctcgcccccc ccnncgnng                                                 799
```

<210> 32
<211> 789
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(789)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 32
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt 60
ttttnccnag ggcaggttta ttgacaacct cncgggacac aancaggctg gggacaggac 120
ggcaacaggc tccggcggcg gcggcggcgg ccctacctgc ggtaccaaat ntgcagcctc 180
cgctcccgct tgatnttcct ctgcagctgc aggatgccnt aaaacagggc ctcggccntn 240
ggtgggcacc ctgggatttn aatttccacg ggcacaatgc ggtcgcancc cctcaccacc 300
nattaggaat agtggtntta cccnccnccg ttggcncact ccccntggaa accacttntc 360
gcggctccgg catctggtct taaaccttgc aaacnctggg gccctctttt tggttantnt 420
nccngccaca atcatnactc agactggcnc gggctggccc caaaaaancn ccccaaaacc 480
ggnccatgtc ttnncggggt tgctgcnatn tncatcacct cccgggcnca ncaggncaac 540
ccaaaagttc ttgnggcccn caaaaaanct ccggggggnc ccagtttcaa caaagtcatc 600
ccccttggcc cccaaatcct ccccccgntt nctgggtttg ggaacccacg cctctnnctt 660
tggnnggcaa gntggntccc ccttcgggcc cccggtgggc ccnnctctaa ngaaaacncc 720
ntcctnnnca ccatcccccc nngnnacgnc tancaangna tccctttttt tanaaacggg 780
cccccncg 789

<210> 33
<211> 793
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(793)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 33
gacagaacat gttggatggt ggagcacctt tctatacgac ttacaggaca gcagatgggg 60
aattcatggc tgttggagca atanaacccc agttctacga gctgctgatc aaaggacttg 120
gactaaagtc tgatgaactt cccaatcaga tgagcatgga tgattggcca gaaatgaana 180
agaagtttgc agatgtattt gcaaagaaga cgaaggcaga gtggtgtcaa atctttgacg 240
gcacagatgc ctgtgtgact ccggttctga cttttgagga ggttgttcat catgatcaca 300
acaangaacg gggctcgttt atcaccantg aggagcagga cgtgagcccc cgccctgcac 360
ctctgctgtt aaacacccca gccatccctt ctttcaaaag ggatccacta cttctagagc 420
ggncgccacc gcggtggagc tccagctttt gttcccttta gtgagggtta attgcgcgct 480
tggcgtaatc atggtcatan ctgtttcctg tgtgaaattg ttatccgctc acaattccac 540
acaacatacg anccggaagc atnaaatttt aaagcctggn ggtngcctaa tgantgaact 600
nactcacatt aattggcttt gcgctcactg cccgctttcc agtccggaaa acctgtcctt 660
gccagctgcc nttaatgaat cnggccaccc cccggggaaa aggcngtttg cttnttgggg 720
cgcncttccc gctttctcgc ttcctgaant ccttcccccc ggtctttcgg cttgcggcna 780
acggtatcna cct 793

<210> 34
<211> 756
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(756)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 34
gccgcgaccg gcatgtacga gcaactcaag ggcgagtgga accgtaaaag ccccaatctt 60
ancaagtgcg gggaanagct gggtcgactc aagctagttc ttctggagct caacttcttg 120

ccaaccacag ggaccaagct gaccaaacag cagctaattc tggcccgtga catactggag 180
atcggggccc aatggagcat cctacgcaan gacatcccct ccttcgagcg ctacatggcc 240
cagctcaaat gctactactt tgattacaan gagcagctcc ccgagtcagc ctatatgcac 300
cagctcttgg gcctcaacct cctcttcctg ctgtcccaga accgggtggc tgantnccac 360
acgganttgg ancggctgcc tgcccaanga catacanacc aatgtctaca tcnaccacca 420
gtgtcctgga gcaatactga tgganggcag ctaccncaaa gtnttcctgg ccnagggtaa 480
catccccgc cgagagctac accttcttca ttgacatcct gctcgacact atcagggatg 540
aaaatcgcng ggttgctcca gaaaggctnc aanaanatcc ttttcnctga aggcccccgg 600
atncnctagt nctagaatcg gcccgccatc gcggtgganc ctccaacctt tcgttnccct 660
ttactgaggg ttnattgccg cccttggcgt tatcatggtc acnccngttn cctgtgttga 720
aattnttaac cccccacaat tccacgccna cattng 756

<210> 35
<211> 834
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(834)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 35
ggggatctct anatcnacct gnatgcatgg ttgtcggtgt ggtcgctgtc gatgaanatg 60
aacaggatct tgcccttgaa gctctcggct gctgtntttа agttgctcag tctgccgtca 120
tagtcagaca cnctcttggg caaaaaacan caggatntga gtcttgattt cacctccaat 180
aatcttcngg gctgtctgct cggtgaactc gatgacnang ggcagctggt tgtgtntgat 240
aaantccanc angttctcct tggtgacctc cccttcaaag ttgttccggc cttcatcaaa 300
cttctnnaan angannancc canctttgtc gagctggnat ttgganaaca cgtcaccgtt 360
ggaaactgat cccaaatggt atgtcatcca tcgcctctgc tgcctgcaaa aaacttgctt 420
ggcncaaatc cgactccccn tccttgaaag aagccnatca caccccccctc cctggactcc 480
nncaangact ctnccgctnc cccntccnng cagggttggt ggcannccgg gcccntgcgc 540
ttcttcagcc agttcacnat nttcatcagc ccctctgcca gctgttntat tccttggggg 600
ggaanccgtc tctcccttcc tgaannaact ttgaccgtng gaatagccgc gcntcnccnt 660
acntnctggg ccgggttcaa antccctccn ttgncnntcn cctcgggcca ttctggattt 720
nccnaacttt ttccttcccc cnccccncgg ngtttggntt tttcatnggg ccccaactct 780
gctnttggcc antcccctgg gggcntntan cncccccctnt ggtcccntng ggcc 834

<210> 36
<211> 814
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(814)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 36
cggncgcttt ccngccgcgc cccgtttcca tgacnaaggc tcccttcang ttaaatacnn 60
cctagnaaac attaatgggt tgctctacta atacatcata cnaaccagta agcctgccca 120
naacgccaac tcaggccatt cctaccaaag gaagaaaggc tggtctctcc accccctgta 180
ggaaaggcct gccttgtaag acaccacaat ncggctgaat ctnaagtctt gtgttttact 240
aatggaaaaa aaaaataaac aanaggtttt gttctcatgg ctgcccaccg cagcctggca 300
ctaaaacanc ccagcgctca cttctgcttg ganaaatatt ctttgctctt ttggacatca 360

ggcttgatgg tatcactgcc acntttccac ccagctgggc ncccttcccc catntttgtc 420
antganctgg aaggcctgaa ncttagtctc caaaagtctc ngcccacaag accggccacc 480
aggggangtc ntttncagtg gatctgccaa anantacccn tatcatcnnt gaataaaaag 540
gcccctgaac ganatgcttc cancanccтt taagacccat aatcctngaa ccatggtgcc 600
cttccggtct gatccnaaag gaatgttcct gggtcccant ccctcctttg ttncttacgt 660
tgtnttggac ccntgctngn atnacccaan tganatcccc ngaagcaccc tnccccтggc 720
atttganttt cntaaattct ctgccctacn nctgaaagca cnattccctn ggcnccnaan 780
ggngaactca agaaggtctn ngaaaaacca cncn 814

<210> 37
<211> 760
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(760)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 37
gcatgctgct cttcctcaaa gttgttcttg ttgccataac aaccaccata ggtaaagcgg 60
gcgcagtgtt cgctgaaggg gttgtagtac cagcgcggga tgctctcctt gcagagtcct 120
gtgtctggca ggtccacgca atgccctttg tcactgggga aatggatgcg ctggagctcg 180
tcnaanccac tcgtgtattt ttcacangca gcctcctccg aagcntccgg gcagttgggg 240
gtgtcgtcac actccactaa actgtcgatn cancagccca ttgctgcagc ggaactgggt 300
gggctgacag gtgccagaac acactggatn ggcctttcca tggaagggcc tggggggaat 360
cncctnancc caaactgcct ctcaaaggcc accttgcaca ccccgacagg ctagaaatgc 420
actcttcttc ccaaaggtag ttgttcttgt tgcccaagca ncctccanca aaccaaaanc 480
ttgcaaaatc tgctccgtgg gggtcatnnn taccanggtt ggggaaanaa acccggcngn 540
gancсncctt gtttgaatgc naaggnaata atcctcctgt cttgcttggg tggaanagca 600
caattgaact gttaacnttg ggccgngttc cnctngggtg gtctgaaact aatcaccgtc 660
actggaaaaa ggtangtgcc ttccttgaat tcccaaantt cccctngntt tgggtnnttt 720
ctcctctncc ctaaaaatcg tnttcccccc ccntanggcg 760

<210> 38
<211> 724
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(724)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 38
tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt tttttaaaaa ccccctccat tgaatgaaaa 60
cttccnaaat tgtccaaccc cctcnnccaa atnnccattt ccgggggggg gttccaaacc 120
caaattaatt ttgganttta aattaaatnt tnattngggg aanaanccaa atgtnaagaa 180
aatttaaccc attatnaact taaatncctn gaaacccntg gnttccaaaa atttttaacc 240
cttaaatccc tccgaaattg ntaanggaaa accaaattcn cctaaggctn tttgaaggtt 300
ngatttaaac ccccttnant tnttttnacc cnngnctnaa ntatttngnt tccggtgttt 360
tcctnttaan cntnggtaac tcccgntaat gaannnccct aanccaatta aaccgaattt 420
tttttgaatt ggaaattccn ngggaattna ccggggtttt tcccntttgg gggccatncc 480
cccnctttcg gggtttgggn ntaggttgaa tttttnnang ncccaaaaaa ncccccaana 540
aaaaaactcc caagnnttaa ttngaatntc cccсttccca ggccttttgg gaaaggnggg 600

```
tttntggggg ccngggantt cnttcccccn ttnccncccc ccccccnggt aaanggttat      660
ngnntttggt ttttgggccc cttnanggac cttccggatn gaaattaaat ccccgggncg      720
gccg                                                                   724

      <210> 39
      <211> 751
      <212> DNA
      <213> Homo sapien

      <220>
      <221> misc_feature
      <222> (1)...(751)
      <223> n = A,T,C or G

      <400> 39
tttttttttt tttttctttg ctcacattta atttttattt tgattttttt taatgctgca       60
caacacaata tttatttcat ttgtttcttt tatttcattt tatttgtttg ctgctgctgt      120
tttatttatt tttactgaaa gtgagaggga acttttgtgg cctttttttcc tttttctgta     180
ggccgcctta agctttctaa atttggaaca tctaagcaag ctgaanggaa aagggggttt      240
cgcaaaatca ctcgggggaa nggaaaggtt gctttgttaa tcatgcccta tggtgggtga      300
ttaactgctt gtacaattac ntttcacttt taattaattg tgctnaangc tttaattana      360
cttgggggtt ccctccccan accaaccccn ctgacaaaaa gtgccngccc tcaaatnatg      420
tcccggcnnt cnttgaaaca cacngcngaa ngttctcatt ntccccncnc caggtnaaaa      480
tgaagggtta ccatntttaa cnccacctcc acntggcnnn gcctgaatcc tcnaaaancn      540
ccctcaancn aattnctnng ccccggtcnc gcntnngtcc cnccccgggct ccgggaantn     600
cacccccnga annenntnnc naacnaaatt ccgaaaatat tccccnntcnc tcaattcccc     660
cnnagactnt cctcnncnan cncaattttc ttttnntcac gaacncgnnc cnnaaaatgn      720
nnnncncctc cnctngtccn naatcnccan c                                     751

      <210> 40
      <211> 753
      <212> DNA
      <213> Homo sapien

      <220>
      <221> misc_feature
      <222> (1)...(753)
      <223> n = A,T,C or G

      <400> 40
gtggtatttt ctgtaagatc aggtgttcct ccctcgtagg tttagaggaa acaccctcat       60
agatgaaaac cccccccgaga cagcagcact gcaactgcca agcagccggg gtaggagggg     120
cgccctatgc acagctgggc ccttgagaca gcagggcttc gatgtcaggc tcgatgtcaa      180
tggtctggaa gcggcggctg tacctgcgta ggggcacacc gtcagggccc accaggaact      240
tctcaaagtt ccaggcaacn tcgttgcgac acaccggaga ccaggtgatn agcttggggt      300
cggtcataan cgcggtggcg tcgtcgctgg gagctggcag ggcctcccgc aggaaggcna      360
ataaaaggtg cgcccccgca ccgttcanct cgcacttctc naanaccatg angttgggct      420
cnaacccacc accannccgg acttccttga nggaattccc aaatctcttc gntcttgggc      480
ttctnctgat gccctanctg gttgcccngn atgccaanca nccccaancc ccggggtcct      540
aaancacccn cctcctcntt tcatctgggt tnttntcccc ggaccntggt tcctctcaag      600
gganccccata tctcnaccan tactcaccnt ncccccccnt gnnacccanc cttctanngn     660
ttcccncccg ncctctggcc cntcaaanan gcttncacna cctgggtctg ccttcccccc      720
tnccctatct gnaccccncn tttgtctcan tnt                                   753

      <210> 41
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<211> 341
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 41
actatatcca tcacaacaga catgcttcat cccatagact tcttgacata gcttcaaatg 60
agtgaaccca tccttgattt atatacatat atgttctcag tattttggga gcctttccac 120
ttctttaaac cttgttcatt atgaacactg aaaataggaa tttgtgaaga gttaaaaagt 180
tatagcttgt ttacgtagta agtttttgaa gtctacattc aatccagaca cttagttgag 240
tgttaaactg tgatttttaa aaaatatcat ttgagaatat tctttcagag gtattttcat 300
ttttactttt tgattaattg tgttttatat attagggtag t 341

<210> 42
<211> 101
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 42
acttactgaa tttagttctg tgctcttcct tatttagtgt tgtatcataa atactttgat 60
gtttcaaaca ttctaaataa ataattttca gtggcttcat a 101

<210> 43
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 43
acatctttgt tacagtctaa gatgtgttct taaatcacca ttccttcctg gtcctcaccc 60
tccagggtgg tctcacactg taattagagc tattgaggag tctttacagc aaattaagat 120
tcagatgcct tgctaagtct agagttctag agttatgttt cagaaagtct aagaaaccca 180
cctcttgaga ggtcagtaaa gaggacttaa tatttcatat ctacaaaatg accacaggat 240
tggatacaga acgagagtta tcctggataa ctcagagctg agtacctgcc cgggggccgc 300
tcgaa 305

<210> 44
<211> 852
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(852)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 44
acataaatat cagagaaaag tagtctttga aatatttacg tccaggagtt ctttgtttct 60
gattatttgg tgtgtgtttt ggtttgtgtc caaagtattg gcagcttcag ttttcatttt 120
ctctccatcc tcgggcattc ttcccaaatt tatataccag tcttcgtcca tccacacgct 180
ccagaatttc tcttttgtag taatatctca tagctcggct gagcttttca taggtcatgc 240
tgctgttgtt cttcttttta ccccatagct gagccactgc ctctgatttc aagaacctga 300
agacgccctc agatcggtct tcccatttta ttaatcctgg gttcttgtct gggttcaaga 360
ggatgtcgcg gatgaattcc cataagtgag tccctctcgg gttgtgcttt ttggtgtggc 420
acttggcagg ggggtcttgc tcctttttca tatcaggtga ctctgcaaca ggaaggtgac 480
tggtggttgt catggagatc tgagcccggc agaaagtttt gctgtccaac aaatctactg 540
tgctaccata gttggtgtca tataaatagt tctngtcttt ccaggtgttc atgatggaag 600

gctcagtttg ttcagtcttg acaatgacat tgtgtgtgga ctggaacagg tcactactgc 660
actggccgtt ccacttcaga tgctgcaagt tgctgtagag gagntgcccc gccgtccctg 720
ccgcccgggt gaactcctgc aaactcatgc tgcaaaggtg ctcgccgttg atgtcgaact 780
cntggaaagg gatacaattg gcatccagct ggttggtgtc caggaggtga tggagccact 840
cccacacctg gt 852

<210> 45
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 45
acaacagacc cttgctcgct aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg 60
agtctgacac catccggagc atcagcattg cttcgcagtg ccctaccgcg gggaactctt 120
gcctcgtttc tggctggggt ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg 180
tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgt 234

<210> 46
<211> 590
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(590)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 46
actttttatt taaatgttta taaggcagat ctatgagaat gatagaaaac atggtgtgta 60
atttgatagc aatattttgg agattacaga gttttagtaa ttaccaatta cacagttaaa 120
aagaagataa tatattccaa gcanatacaa aatatctaat gaaagatcaa ggcaggaaaa 180
tgantataac taattgacaa tggaaaatca atttaatgt gaattgcaca ttatccttta 240
aaagctttca aaanaaanaa ttattgcagt ctanttaatt caaacagtgt taaatggtat 300
caggataaan aactgaaggg canaaagaat taattttcac ttcatgtaac ncacccanat 360
ttacaatggc ttaaatgcan ggaaaaagca gtggaagtag ggaagtantc aaggtctttc 420
tggtctctaa tctgccttac tctttgggtg tggctttgat cctctggaga cagctgccag 480
ggctcctgtt atatccacaa tcccagcagc aagatgaagg gatgaaaaag gacacatgct 540
gccttccttt gaggagactt catctcactg gccaacactc agtcacatgt 590

<210> 47
<211> 774
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(774)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 47
acaagggggc ataatgaagg agtggggana gattttaaag aaggaaaaaa aacgaggccc 60
tgaacagaat tttcctgnac aacggggctt caaaataatt ttcttgggga ggttcaagac 120
gcttcactgc ttgaaactta aatggatgtg ggacanaatt ttctgtaatg accctgaggg 180
cattacagac gggactctgg gaggaaggat aaacagaaag gggacaaagg ctaatcccaa 240
aacatcaaag aaaggaaggt ggcgtcatac ctcccagcct acacagttct ccagggctct 300

cctcatccct ggaggacgac agtggaggaa caactgacca tgtccccagg ctcctgtgtg 360
ctggctcctg gtcttcagcc cccagctctg gaagcccacc ctctgctgat cctgcgtggc 420
ccacactcct tgaacacaca tccccaggtt atattcctgg acatggctga acctcctatt 480
cctacttccg agatgccttg ctccctgcag cctgtcaaaa tcccactcac cctccaaacc 540
acggcatggg aagccttttct gacttgcctg attactccag catcttggaa caatccctga 600
ttccccactc cttagaggca agatagggtg gttaagagta gggctggacc acttggagcc 660
aggctgctgg cttcaaattn tggctcattt acgagctatg ggaccttggg caagtnatct 720
tcacttctat gggcntcatt ttgttctacc tgcaaaatgg gggataataa tagt 774

<210> 48
<211> 124
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(124)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 48
canaaattga aattttataa aaaggcattt ttctcttata tccataaaat gatataattt 60
ttgcaantat anaaatgtgt cataaattat aatgttcctt aattacagct caacgcaact 120
tggt 124

<210> 49
<211> 147
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(147)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 49
gccgatgcta ctattttatt gcaggaggtg gggtgtttt tattattctc tcaacagctt 60
tgtggctaca ggtggtgtct gactgcatna aaaanttttt tacgggtgat tgcaaaaatt 120
ttagggcacc catatcccaa gcantgt 147

<210> 50
<211> 107
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 50
acattaaatt aataaaagga ctgttggggt tctgctaaaa cacatggctt gatatattgc 60
atggtttgag gttaggagga gttaggcata tgttttggga gaggggt 107

<210> 51
<211> 204
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 51
gtcctaggaa gtctagggga cacacgactc tggggtcacg gggccgacac acttgcacgg 60

cgggaaggaa aggcagagaa gtgacaccgt caggggggaaa tgacagaaag gaaaatcaag 120
gccttgcaag gtcagaaagg ggactcaggg cttccaccac agccctgccc cacttggcca 180
cctccctttt gggaccagca atgt 204

<210> 52
<211> 491
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(491)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 52
acaaagataa catttatctt ataacaaaaa tttgatagtt ttaaaggtta gtattgtgta 60
gggtattttc caaaagacta aagagataac tcaggtaaaa agttagaaat gtataaaaca 120
ccatcagaca ggtttttaaa aaacaacata ttacaaaatt agacaatcat ccttaaaaaa 180
aaaacttctt gtatcaattt cttttgttca aaatgactga cttaantatt tttaaatatt 240
tcanaaacac ttcctcaaaa attttcaana tggtagcttt canatgtncc ctcagtccca 300
atgttgctca gataaataaa tctcgtgaga acttaccacc caccacaagc tttctggggc 360
atgcaacagt gtctttcctt tncttttct ttttttttt ttacaggcac agaaactcat 420
caattttatt tggataacaa agggtctcca aattatattg aaaaataaat ccaagttaat 480
atcactcttg t 491

<210> 53
<211> 484
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(484)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 53
acataattta gcagggctaa ttaccataag atgctattta ttaanaggtn tatgatctga 60
gtattaacag ttgctgaagt ttggtatttt tatgcagcat tttctttttg ctttgataac 120
actacagaac ccttaaggac actgaaaatt agtaagtaaa gttcagaaac attagctgct 180
caatcaaatc tctacataac actatagtaa ttaaaacgtt aaaaaaaagt gttgaaatct 240
gcactagtat anaccgctcc tgtcaggata anactgcttt ggaacagaaa gggaaaaanc 300
agctttgant ttctttgtgc tgatangagg aaaggctgaa ttaccttgtt gcctctccct 360
aatgattggc aggtcnggta aatnccaaaa catattccaa ctcaacactt cttttccncg 420
tancttgant ctgtgtattc cagganacagg cggatggaat gggccagccc ncggatgttc 480
cant 484

<210> 54
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 54
actaaacctc gtgcttgtga actccataca gaaaacggtg ccatccctga acacggctgg 60
ccactgggta tactgctgac aaccgcaaca acaaaaacac aaatccttgg cactggctag 120
tctatgtcct ctcaagtgcc tttttgtttg t 151

<210> 55
<211> 91
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 55
acctggcttg tctccgggtg gttcccggcg ccccccacgg tccccagaac ggacactttc 60
gccctccagt ggatactcga gccaaagtgg t 91

<210> 56
<211> 133
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 56
ggcggatgtg cgttggttat atacaaatat gtcattttat gtaagggact tgagtatact 60
tggatttttg gtatctgtgg gttgggggga cggtccagga accaataccc catggatacc 120
aagggacaac tgt 133

<210> 57
<211> 147
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(147)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 57
actctggaga acctgagccg ctgctccgcc tctgggatga ggtgatgcan gcngtggcgc 60
gactgggagc tgagcccttc cctttgcgcc tgcctcagag gattgttgcc gacntgcana 120
tctcantggg ctggatncat gcagggt 147

<210> 58
<211> 198
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(198)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 58
acaggatat aggtttnaag ttattgtnat tgtaaaatac attgaatttt ctgtatactc 60
tgattacata catttatcct ttaaaaaaga tgtaaatctt aatttttatg ccatctatta 120
atttaccaat gagttacctt gtaaatgaga agtcatgata gcactgaatt ttaactagtt 180
ttgacttcta agtttggt 198

<210> 59
<211> 330
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 59
acaacaaatg ggttgtgagg aagtcttatc agcaaaactg gtgatggcta ctgaaaagat 60
ccattgaaaa ttatcattaa tgattttaaa tgacaagtta tcaaaaactc actcaatttt 120
cacctgtgct agcttgctaa aatgggagtt aactctagag caaatatagt atcttctgaa 180
tacagtcaat aaatgacaaa gccagggcct acaggtggtt tccagacttt ccagacccag 240
cagaaggaat ctattttatc acatggatct ccgtctgtgc tcaaaatacc taatgatatt 300
tttcgtcttt attggacttc tttgaagagt 330

<210> 60
<211> 175
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 60
accgtgggtg ccttctacat tcctgacggc tccttcacca acatctggtt ctacttcggc 60
gtcgtgggct ccttcctctt catcctcatc cagctggtgc tgctcatcga ctttgcgcac 120
tcctggaacc agcggtggct gggcaaggcc gaggagtgcg attcccgtgc ctggt 175

<210> 61
<211> 154
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 61
accccacttt tcctcctgtg agcagtctgg acttctcact gctacatgat gagggtgagt 60
ggttgttgct cttcaacagt atcctcccct ttccggatct gctgagccgg acagcagtgc 120
tggactgcac agccccgggg ctccacattg ctgt 154

<210> 62
<211> 30
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 62
cgctcgagcc ctatagtgag tcgtattaga 30

<210> 63
<211> 89
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 63
acaagtcatt tcagcaccct ttgctcttca aaactgacca tcttttatat ttaatgcttc 60
ctgtatgaat aaaaatggtt atgtcaagt 89

<210> 64
<211> 97
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 64
accggagtaa ctgagtcggg acgctgaatc tgaatccacc aataaataaa ggttctgcag 60
aatcagtgca tccaggattg gtccttggat ctggggt 97

<210> 65
<211> 377
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(377)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 65
```
acaacaanaa ntcccttctt taggccactg atggaaacct ggaacccccct tttgatggca     60
gcatggcgtc ctaggccttg acacagcggc tggggtttgg gctntcccaa accgcacacc    120
ccaaccctgg tctacccaca nttctggcta tgggctgtct ctgccactga acatcagggt    180
tcggtcataa natgaaatcc caangggggac agaggtcagt agaggaagct caatgagaaa   240
ggtgctgttt gctcagccag aaaacagctg cctggcattc gccgctgaac tatgaacccg    300
tgggggtgaa ctaccccan gaggaatcat gcctgggcga tgcaanggtg ccaacaggag     360
gggcgggagg agcatgt                                                   377
```

<210> 66
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 66
```
acgcctttcc ctcagaattc agggaagaga ctgtcgcctg ccttcctccg ttgttgcgtg     60
agaacccgtg tgccccttcc caccatatcc accctcgctc catctttgaa ctcaaacacg    120
aggaactaac tgcaccctgg tcctctcccc agtccccagt tcaccctcca tccctcacct    180
tcctccactc taagggatat caacactgcc cagcacaggg gccctgaatt tatgtggttt    240
ttatatattt tttaataaga tgcactttat gtcatttttt aataaagtct gaagaattac    300
tgttt                                                                305
```

<210> 67
<211> 385
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 67
```
actacacaca ctccacttgc ccttgtgaga cactttgtcc cagcacttta ggaatgctga     60
ggtcggacca gccacatctc atgtgcaaga ttgcccagca gacatcaggt ctgagagttc    120
cccttttaaa aaaggggact tgcttaaaaa agaagtctag ccacgattgt gtagagcagc    180
tgtgctgtgc tggagattca cttttgagag agttctcctc tgagacctga tctttagagg    240
ctgggcagtc ttgcacatga gatggggctg gtctgatctc agcactcctt agtctgcttg    300
cctctcccag ggccccagcc tggccacacc tgcttacagg gcactctcag atgcccatac    360
catagtttct gtgctagtgg accgt                                          385
```

<210> 68
<211> 73
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 68
```
acttaaccag atatattttt accccagatg gggatattct ttgtaaaaaa tgaaaataaa     60
gttttttttaa tgg                                                       73
```

<210> 69
<211> 536
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(536)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 69
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggggctc tcaccctcct ctcctgcagc 60
tccagctttg tgctctgcct ctgaggagac catggcccag catctgagta ccctgctgct 120
cctgctggcc accctagctg tggccctggc ctggagcccc aaggaggagg ataggataat 180
cccgggtggc atctataacg cagacctcaa tgatgagtgg gtacagcgtg cccttcactt 240
cgccatcagc gagtataaca aggccaccaa agatgactac tacagacgtc cgctgcgggt 300
actaagagcc aggcaacaga ccgttggggg ggtgaattac ttcttcgacg tagaggtggg 360
ccgaaccata tgtaccaagt cccagcccaa cttggacacc tgtgccttcc atgaacagcc 420
agaactgcag aagaaacagt tgtgctcttt cgagatctac gaagttccct ggggagaaca 480
gaangtccct gggtgaaatc caggtgtcaa gaaatcctan ggatctgttg ccaggc 536

<210> 70
<211> 477
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien
<400> 70
atgaccccta acaggggccc tctcagccct cctaatgacc tccggcctag ccatgtgatt 60
tcacttccac tccataacgc tcctcatact aggcctacta accaacacac taaccatata 120
ccaatgatgg cgcgatgtaa cacgagaaag cacataccaa ggccaccaca caccacctgt 180
ccaaaaaggc cttcgatacg ggataatcct atttattacc tcagaagttt ttttcttcgc 240
agggattttt ctgagccttt taccactcca gcctagcccc taccccccaa ctaggagggc 300
actggccccc aacaggcatc accccgctaa atcccctaga agtcccactc ctaaacacat 360
ccgtattact cgcatcagga gtatcaatca cctgagctca ccatagtcta atagaaaaca 420
accgaaacca aattattcaa agcactgctt attacaattt tactgggtct ctatttt 477

<210> 71
<211> 533
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(533)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 71
agagctatag gtacagtgtg atctcagctt tgcaaacaca ttttctacat agatagtact 60
aggtattaat agatatgtaa agaaagaaat cacaccatta ataatggtaa gattggttta 120
tgtgatttta gtggtatttt tggcaccctt atatatgttt tccaaacttt cagcagtgat 180
attatttcca taacttaaaa agtgagtttg aaaaagaaaa tctccagcaa gcatctcatt 240
taaataaagg tttgtcatct ttaaaaatac agcaatatgt gactttttaa aaaagctgtc 300
aaataggtgt gaccctacta ataattatta gaaatacatt taaaaacatc gagtacctca 360
agtcagtttg ccttgaaaaa tatcaaatat aactcttaga gaaatgtaca taaaagaatg 420
cttcgtaatt ttggagtang aggttccctc ctcaattttg tatttttaaa aagtacatgg 480
taaaaaaaaa aattcacaac agtatataag gctgtaaaat gaagaattct gcc 533

<210> 72
<211> 511
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(511)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 72
tattacggaa aaacacacca cataattcaa ctancaaaga anactgcttc agggcgtgta 60
aaatgaaagg cttccaggca gttatctgat taaagaacac taaaagaggg acaaggctaa 120
aagccgcagg atgtctacac tatancaggc gctatttggg ttggctggag gagctgtgga 180
aaacatggan agattggtgc tgganatcgc cgtggctatt cctcattgtt attacanagt 240
gaggttctct gtgtgcccac tggtttgaaa accgttctnc aataatgata gaatagtaca 300
cacatgagaa ctgaaatggc ccaaacccag aaagaaagcc caactagatc ctcagaanac 360
gcttctaggg acaataaccg atgaagaaaa gatggcctcc ttgtgccccc gtctgttatg 420
atttctctcc attgcagcna naaacccgtt cttctaagca aacncaggtg atgatggcna 480
aaatacaccc cctcttgaag naccnggagg a 511

<210> 73
<211> 499
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(499)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 73
cagtgccagc actggtgcca gtaccagtac caataacagt gccagtgcca gtgccagcac 60
cagtggtggc ttcagtgctg gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc 120
tggccttggt ggagctggtg ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta 180
caagtgagat tttagatatt gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc agggtgcatc 240
ctcagaaacc tactcaacac agcactctag gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca 300
ctctgcatta aatctatttg ccatttctga aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaggg cggccgctcg 360
antctagagg gcccgtttaa acccgctgat cagcctcgac tgtgccttct anttgccagc 420
catctgttgt ttgcccctcc cccgntgcct tccttgaccc tggaaagtgc cactcccact 480
gtcctttcct aantaaaat 499

<210> 74
<211> 537
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(537)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 74
tttcatagga gaacacactg aggagatact tgaagaattt ggattcagcc gcgaagagat 60

ttatcagctt aactcagata aaatcattga aagtaataag gtaaaagcta gtctctaact 120
tccaggccca cggctcaagt gaatttgaat actgcattta cagtgtagag taacacataa 180
cattgtatgc atggaaacat ggaggaacag tattacagtg tcctaccact ctaatcaaga 240
aaagaattac agactctgat tctacagtga tgattgaatt ctaaaaatgg taatcattag 300
ggcttttgat ttataanact ttgggtactt atactaaatt atggtagtta tactgccttc 360
cagtttgctt gatatatttg ttgatattaa gattcttgac ttatattttg aatgggttct 420
actgaaaaan gaatgatata ttcttgaaga catcgatata catttattta cactcttgat 480
tctacaatgt agaaaatgaa ggaaatgccc caaattgtat ggtgataaaa gtcccgt 537

<210> 75
<211> 467
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(467)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 75
caaanacaat tgttcaaaag atgcaaatga tacactactg ctgcagctca caaacacctc 60
tgcatattac acgtacctcc tcctgctcct caagtagtgt ggtctatttt gccatcatca 120
cctgctgtct gcttagaaga acggctttct gctgcaangg agagaaatca taacagacgg 180
tggcacaagg aggccatctt ttcctcatcg gttattgtcc ctagaagcgt cttctgagga 240
tctagttggg ctttctttct gggtttgggc catttcantt ctcatgtgtg tactattcta 300
tcattattgt ataacggttt tcaaaccngt gggcacncag agaacctcac tctgtaataa 360
caatgaggaa tagccacggt gatctccagc accaaatctc tccatgttnt tccagagctc 420
ctccagccaa cccaaatagc cgctgctatn gtgtagaaca tccctgn 467

<210> 76
<211> 400
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(400)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 76
aagctgacag cattcgggcc gagatgtctc gctccgtggc cttagctgtg ctcgcgctac 60
tctctctttc tggcctggag gctatccagc gtactccaaa gattcaggtt tactcacgtc 120
atccagcaga gaatggaaag tcaaatttcc tgaattgcta tgtgtctggg tttcatccat 180
ccgacattga agttgactta ctgaagaatg gagagagaat tgaaaaagtg gagcattcag 240
acttgtcttt cagcaaggac tggtctttct atctcttgta ctacactgaa ttcacccccca 300
ctgaaaaaga tgagtatgcc tgccgtgtga accatgtgac tttgtcacag cccaagatng 360
ttnagtggga tcganacatg taagcagcan catgggaggt 400

<210> 77
<211> 248
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 77
ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60

ccagctgccc cggcggggga tgcgaggctc ggagcaccct tgcccggctg tgattgctgc 120
caggcactgt tcatctcagc ttttctgtcc ctttgctccc ggcaagcgct tctgctgaaa 180
gttcatatct ggagcctgat gtcttaacga ataaaggtcc catgctccac ccgaaaaaaa 240
aaaaaaaa 248

<210> 78
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 78
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
tcacccagac cccgccctgc ccgtgcccca cgctgctgct aacgacagta tgatgcttac 120
tctgctactc ggaaactatt tttatgtaat taatgtatgc tttcttgttt ataaatgcct 180
gatttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 201

<210> 79
<211> 552
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(552)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 79
tccttttgtt aggtttttga gacaacccta gacctaaact gtgtcacaga cttctgaatg 60
tttaggcagt gctagtaatt tcctcgtaat gattctgtta ttactttcct attctttatt 120
cctctttctt ctgaagatta atgaagttga aaattgaggt ggataaatac aaaaaggtag 180
tgtgatagta taagtatcta agtgcagatg aaagtgtgtt atatatatcc attcaaaatt 240
atgcaagtta gtaattactc agggttaact aaattacttt aatatgctgt tgaacctact 300
ctgttccttg gctagaaaaa attataaaca ggactttgtt agtttgggaa gccaaattga 360
taatattcta tgttctaaaa gttgggctat acataaanta tnaagaaata tggaatttta 420
ttcccaggaa tatggggttc atttatgaat antacccggg anagaagttt tgantnaaac 480
cngttttggt taatacgtta atatgtcctn aatnaacaag gcntgactta tttccaaaaa 540
aaaaaaaaaa aa 552

<210> 80
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 80
acagggattt gagatgctaa ggccccagag atcgtttgat ccaaccctct tattttcaga 60
ggggaaaatg gggcctagaa gttacagagc atctagctgg tgcgctggca cccctggcct 120
cacacagact cccgagtagc tgggactaca ggcacacagt cactgaagca ggccctgttt 180
gcaattcacg ttgccacctc caacttaaac attcttcata tgtgatgtcc ttagtcacta 240
aggttaaact ttcccaccca gaaaaggcaa cttagataaa atcttagagt actttcatac 300
tcttctaagt cctcttccag cctcactttg agtcctcctt gggggttgat aggaantntc 360

tcttggcttt ctcaataaaa tctctatcca tctcatgttt aatttggtac gcntaaaaat 420
gctgaaaaaa ttaaaatgtt ctggtttcnc tttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 476

<210> 81
<211> 232
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(232)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 81
tttttttttg tatgccntcn ctgtggngtt attgttgctg ccaccctgga ggagcccagt 60
ttcttctgta tctttctttt ctgggggatc ttcctggctc tgcccctcca ttcccagcct 120
ctcatcccca tcttgcactt ttgctagggt tggaggcgct ttcctggtag cccctcagag 180
actcagtcag cgggaataag tcctaggggt ggggggtgtg gcaagccggc ct 232

<210> 82
<211> 383
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(383)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 82
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
agtaccagta ccaataacat gccagtgcca gtgccagcac cagtggtggc ttcagtgctg 120
gtgccagcct gaccgccact ctcacatttg ggctcttcgc tggccttggt ggagctggtg 180
ccagcaccag tggcagctct ggtgcctgtg gtttctccta caagtgagat tttagatatt 240
gttaatcctg ccagtctttc tcttcaagcc agggtgcatc ctcagaaacc tactcaacac 300
agcactctng gcagccacta tcaatcaatt gaagttgaca ctctgcatta aatctatttg 360
ccatttcaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 383

<210> 83
<211> 494
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(494)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 83
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtcctc cagtattacc tcaacgagca 60
gggagatcga gtctatacgc tgaagaaatt tgacccgatg ggacaacaga cctgctcagc 120
ccatcctgct cggttctccc cagatgacaa atactctcga caccgaatca ccatcaagaa 180
acgcttcaag gtgctcatga cccagcaacc gcgccctgtc ctctgagggt ccttaaactg 240
atgtcttttc tgccacctgt tacccctcgg agactccgta accaaactct tcggactgtg 300
agccctgatg cctttttgcc agccatactc tttggcntcc agtctctcgt ggcgattgat 360

tatgcttgtg tgaggcaatc atggtggcat cacccatnaa gggaacacat ttgantttt 420
tttcncatat tttaaattac naccagaata nttcagaata aatgaattga aaaactctta 480
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 494

<210> 84
<211> 380
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(380)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 84
gctggtagcc tatggcgtgg ccacggangg gctcctgagg cacgggacag tgacttccca 60
agtatcctgc gccgcgtctt ctaccgtccc tacctgcaga tcttcgggca gattccccag 120
gaggacatgg acgtggccct catggagcac agcaactgct cgtcggagcc cggcttctgg 180
gcacaccctc ctggggccca ggcgggcacc tgcgtctccc agtatgccaa ctggctggtg 240
gtgctgctcc tcgtcatctt cctgctcgtg gccaacatcc tgctggtcac ttgctcattg 300
ccatgttcag ttacacattc ggcaaagtac agggcaacag cnatctctac tgggaaggcc 360
agcgttnccg cctcatccgg 380

<210> 85
<211> 481
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(481)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 85
gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggcctctcgc ttcataccgc 60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg tttgccacca cctcctgcat cttggggcgg ctaatatcca 120
ggaaactctc aatcaagtca ccgtcnatna aacctgtggc tggttctgtc ttccgctcgg 180
tgtgaaagga tctccagaag gagtgctcga tcttccccac acttttgatg actttattga 240
gtcgattctg catgtccagc aggaggttgt accagctctc tgacagtgag gtcaccagcc 300
ctatcatgcc nttgaacgtg ccgaagaaca ccgagccttg tgtgggggt gnagtctcac 360
ccagattctg cattaccaga nagccgtggc aaaaganatt gacaactcgc ccaggnngaa 420
aaagaacacc tcctggaagt gctngccgct cctcgtccnt tggtggnngc gcntnccttt 480
t 481

<210> 86
<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(472)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 86

aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgctg agaattcatt 60
acttggaaaa gcaacttnaa gcctggacac tggtattaaa attcacaata tgcaacactt 120
taaacagtgt gtcaatctgc tcccttactt tgtcatcacc agtctgggaa taagggtatg 180
ccctattcac acctgttaaa agggcgctaa gcatttttga ttcaacatct tttttttga 240
cacaagtccg aaaaaagcaa aagtaaacag ttnttaattt gttagccaat tcactttctt 300
catgggacag agccatttga tttaaaaagc aaattgcata atattgagct ttgggagctg 360
atatntgagc ggaagantag cctttctact tcaccagaca caactccttt catattggga 420
tgttnacnaa agttatgtct cttacagatg ggatgctttt gtggcaattc tg 472

<210> 87
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(413)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 87
agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttgtg gacctaattt tgtgtgcgtg 60
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cctctttggt atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct 180
ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt 240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc cttgactagg 300
ggggacaaag aaaagcanaa ctgaacatna gaaacaattn cctggtgaga aattncataa 360
acagaaattg ggtngtatat tgaaananng catcattnaa acgttttttt ttt 413

<210> 88
<211> 448
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(448)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 88
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gtcctagccn accatggccg ggcccctgcg cgccccgctg ctcctgctgg ccatcctggc 120
cgtggccctg gccgtgagcc ccgcggccgg ctccagtccc ggcaagccgc cgcgcctggt 180
gggaggccca tggaccccgc gtggaagaag aaggtgtgcg gcgtgcactg gactttgccg 240
tcggcnanta caacaaaccc gcaacnactt ttaccnagcn cgcgctgcag gttgtgccgc 300
cccaancaaa ttgttactng gggtaantaa ttcttggaag ttgaacctgg gccaaacnng 360
tttaccagaa ccnagccaat tngaacaatt ncccctccat aacagcccct tttaaaaagg 420
gaancantcc tgntcttttc caaatttt 448

<210> 89
<211> 463
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(463)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 89
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gtagtgattc tgccaaagtt ggtgttgtaa catgagtatg taaaatgtca aaaaattagc 120
agaggtctag gtctgcatat cagcagacag tttgtccgtg tattttgtag ccttgaagtt 180
ctcagtgaca agttnnttct gatgcgaagt tctnattcca gtgttttagt cctttgcatc 240
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tttaacaaaa tagaannact tctctgcttn gaanatttga atatcttaca tctnaaaatn 360
aattctctcc ccatannaaa acccangccc ttggganaat ttgaaaaang gntccttcnn 420
aattcnnana anttcagntn tcatacaaca naacngganc ccc 463

<210> 90
<211> 400
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(400)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 90
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cttccactca ctgtctgtaa gcntnttaac ccagactgta tcttcataaa tagaacaaat 120
tcttcaccag tcacatcttc taggaccttt ttggattcag ttagtataag ctcttccact 180
tcctttgtta agacttcatc tggtaaagtc ttaagttttg tagaaaggaa tttaattgct 240
cgttctctaa caatgtcctc tccttgaagt atttggctga acaacccacc tnaagtccct 300
ttgtgcatcc attttaaata tacttaatag ggcattggtn cactaggtta aattctgcaa 360
gagtcatctg tctgcaaaag ttgcgttagt atatctgcca 400

<210> 91
<211> 480
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(480)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 91
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ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac 120
atgcctcttt gactaccgtg tgccagtgct ggtgattctc acacacctcc nnccgctctt 180
tgtggaaaaa ctggcacttg nctggaacta gcaagacatc acttacaaat tcacccacga 240
gacacttgaa aggtgtaaca aagcgactct tgcattgctt tttgtccctc cggcaccagt 300
tgtcaatact aacccgctgg tttgcctcca tcacatttgt gatctgtagc tctggataca 360
tctcctgaca gtactgaaga acttcttctt ttgtttcaaa agcaactctt ggtgcctgtt 420
ngatcaggtt cccatttccc agtccgaatg ttcacatggc atatnttact tcccacaaaa 480

<210> 92
<211> 477
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(477)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 92
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cccacgcagg cagcagcggg gccggtcaat gaactccact cgtggcttgg ggttgacggt 180
taantgcagg aagaggctga ccacctcgcg gtccaccagg atgcccgact gtgcgggacc 240
tgcagcgaaa ctcctcgatg gtcatgagcg ggaagcgaat gangcccagg gccttgccca 300
gaaccttccg cctgttctct ggcgtcacct gcagctgctg ccgctnacac tcggcctcgg 360
accagcggac aaacggcgtt gaacagccgc acctcacgga tgcccantgt gtcgcgctcc 420
aggaacggcn ccagcgtgtc caggtcaatg tcggtgaanc ctccgcgggt aatggcg 477

<210> 93
<211> 377
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(377)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 93
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agtccgagca gccccagacc gctgccgccc gaagctaagc ctgcctctgg ccttcccctc 120
cgcctcaatg cagaaccant agtgggagca ctgtgtttag agttaagagt gaacactgtn 180
tgattttact tgggaatttc ctctgttata tagcttttcc caatgctaat ttccaaacaa 240
caacaacaaa ataacatgtt tgcctgttna gttgtataaa agtangtgat tctgtatnta 300
aagaaaatat tactgttaca tatactgctt gcaanttctg tatttattgg tnctctggaa 360
ataaatatat tattaaa 377

<210> 94
<211> 495
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(495)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 94
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ccaaggaaag accaccttct ggggacatgg gctggagggc aggacctaga ggcaccaagg 180
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tgcaagctca ccaaggtccc ctctcagtcc cttccctaca ccctgaacgg ncactggccc 360
acacccaccc agancancca cccgccatgg ggaatgtnct caaggaatcg cngggcaacg 420
tggactctng tcccnnaagg gggcagaatc tccaatagan gganngaacc cttgctnana 480

aaaaaaaana aaaaa 495

<210> 95
<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(472)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 95
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cctctggaag ccttgcgcag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt 120
tagctgtttt gagttgattc gcaccactgc accacaactc aatatgaaaa ctatttnact 180
tatttattat cttgtgaaaa gtatacaatg aaaattttgt tcatactgta tttatcaagt 240
atgatgaaaa gcaatagata tatattcttt tattatgttn aattatgatt gccattatta 300
atcggcaaaa tgtggagtgt atgttctttt cacagtaata tatgcctttt gtaacttcac 360
ttggttattt tattgtaaat gaattacaaa attcttaatt taagaaaatg gtangttata 420
tttanttcan taatttcttt ccttgtttac gttaattttg aaaagaatgc at 472

<210> 96
<211> 476
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(476)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 96
ctgaagcatt tcttcaaact tntctacttt tgtcattgat acctgtagta agttgacaat 60
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ttttaactca tgatttttac acacacaatc cagaacttat tatatagcct ctaagtcttt 180
attcttcaca gtagatgatg aaagagtcct ccagtgtctt gngcanaatg ttctagntat 240
agctggatac atacngtggg agttctataa actcataccct cagtgggact naaccaaaat 300
tgtgttagtc tcaattccta ccacactgag ggagcctccc aaatcactat attcttatct 360
gcaggtactc ctccagaaaa acngacaggg caggcttgca tgaaaaagtn acatctgcgt 420
tacaaagtct atcttcctca nangtctgtn aaggaacaat ttaatcttct agcttt 476

<210> 97
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 97
actctttcta atgctgatat gatcttgagt ataagaatgc atatgtcact agaatggata 60
aaataatgct gcaaacttaa tgttcttatg caaaatggaa cgctaatgaa acacagctta 120

caatcgcaaa tcaaaactca caagtgctca tctgttgtag atttagtgta ataagactta 180
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caggctacta gaattctgtt attggatatn tgagagcatg aaatttttaa naatacactt 300
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ntnnttttta natcaaagta ttttgtgttt ggaantgtnn aaatgaaatc tgaatgtggg 420
ttcnatctta ttttttcccn gacnactant tncttttta gggnctattc tganccatc 479

<210> 98
<211> 461
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 98
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tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga 180
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ttaagaaaaa ctaccacatg ttgtgtatcc tggtgccggc cgtttatgaa ctgaccaccc 420
tttggaataa tcttgacgct cctgaacttg ctcctctgcg a 461

<210> 99
<211> 171
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 99
gtggccgcgc gcaggtgttt cctcgtaccg cagggccccc tcccttcccc aggcgtccct 60
cggcgcctct gcgggcccga ggaggagcgg ctggcgggtg gggggagtgt gacccacccct 120
cggtgagaaa agccttctct agcgatctga gaggcgtgcc ttgggggtac c 171

<210> 100
<211> 269
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 100
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cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc 120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtcccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga 180
cagccggaac agagcccggt gaagcgggag gcctcgggga gcccctcggg aagggcggcc 240
cgagagatac gcaggtgcag gtggccgcc 269

<210> 101
<211> 405
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 101
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ttgattggtt tgtctttatg gggcggggt ggggtagggg aaacgaagca aataacatgg 180
agtgggtgca ccctccctgt agaacctggt tacaaagctt ggggcagttc acctggtctg 240
tgaccgtcat tttcttgaca tcaatgttat tagaagtcag gatatctttt agagagtcca 300

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gatgatcagt acgaataccg aggcatattc tcatatcggt ggcca 405

<210> 102
<211> 470
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 102
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tcaaaatcta aattattcaa attagccaaa tccttaccaa ataataccca aaaatcaaaa 180
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aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacgg gatcttaact tttactcact ttgtttattt 420
ttttaaacca ttgtttgggc ccaacacaat ggaatccccc ctggactagt 470

<210> 103
<211> 581
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 103
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acgttaataa aatagcattt tgtgaagcca gctcaaaaga aggcttagat ccttttatgt 480
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<210> 104
<211> 578
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 104
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tgaattcaca tgttattatt cctagcccaa cacaatgg 578

<210> 105
<211> 538
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 105
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<210> 106
<211> 473
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 106
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<210> 107
<211> 1621
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 107
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a 1621

<210> 108
<211> 382
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 108
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Arg Val Asp Arg Pro Gly Ser Arg Tyr Asp Val Ser Arg Leu Gly Arg
        35   40   45
Gly Lys Arg Ser Leu Val Leu Asp Leu Lys Gln Pro Arg Gly Ala Ala
    50   55   60
Val Leu Arg Arg Leu Cys Lys Arg Ser Asp Val Leu Leu Glu Pro Phe
65   70   75   80
Arg Arg Gly Val Met Glu Lys Leu Gln Leu Gly Pro Glu Ile Leu Gln
                85   90   95
Arg Glu Asn Pro Arg Leu Ile Tyr Ala Arg Leu Ser Gly Phe Gly Gln
            100   105   110
Ser Gly Ser Phe Cys Arg Leu Ala Gly His Asp Ile Asn Tyr Leu Ala
        115   120   125
Leu Ser Gly Val Leu Ser Lys Ile Gly Arg Ser Gly Glu Asn Pro Tyr
    130   135   140
Ala Pro Leu Asn Leu Leu Ala Asp Phe Ala Gly Gly Gly Leu Met Cys
145   150   155   160
Ala Leu Gly Ile Ile Met Ala Leu Phe Asp Arg Thr Arg Thr Asp Lys
                165   170   175
Gly Gln Val Ile Asp Ala Asn Met Val Glu Gly Thr Ala Tyr Leu Ser
            180   185   190
Ser Phe Leu Trp Lys Thr Gln Lys Ser Ser Leu Trp Glu Ala Pro Arg
        195   200   205
Gly Gln Asn Met Leu Asp Gly Gly Ala Pro Phe Tyr Thr Thr Tyr Arg
    210   215   220
Thr Ala Asp Gly Glu Phe Met Ala Val Gly Ala Ile Glu Pro Gln Phe
225   230   235   240
Tyr Glu Leu Leu Ile Lys Gly Leu Gly Leu Lys Ser Asp Glu Leu Pro
                245   250   255
Asn Gln Met Ser Met Asp Asp Trp Pro Glu Met Lys Lys Lys Phe Ala
            260   265   270
Asp Val Phe Ala Lys Lys Thr Lys Ala Glu Trp Cys Gln Ile Phe Asp
        275   280   285
Gly Thr Asp Ala Cys Val Thr Pro Val Leu Thr Phe Glu Glu Val Val
    290   295   300
His His Asp His Asn Lys Glu Arg Gly Ser Phe Ile Thr Ser Glu Glu
305   310   315   320
Gln Asp Val Ser Pro Arg Pro Ala Pro Leu Leu Leu Asn Thr Pro Ala

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                325                      330                       335
Ile Pro Ser Phe Lys Arg Asp Pro Phe Ile Gly Glu His Thr Glu Glu
            340                     345                     350
Ile Leu Glu Glu Phe Gly Phe Ser Arg Glu Glu Ile Tyr Gln Leu Asn
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Ser Asp Lys Ile Ile Glu Ser Asn Lys Val Lys Ala Ser Leu
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<210> 109
<211> 1524
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 109

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tcggtgcata aggagaactt tctgctggca cgcgctaggg acaagcggga gagcgactcc     960
gagcgtctga agcgcacgtc ccagaaggtg gacttggcac tgaaacagct gggacacatc    1020
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ggatcaaggc ctggatcccg ggccgttatc catctggagg ctgcagggtc cttggggtaa    1440
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cagaggaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa                                           1524
```

<210> 110
<211> 3410
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 110

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gggaaccagc ctgcacgcgc tggctccggg tgacagccgc gcgcctcggc caggatctga      60
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aagctggacc ggcaccaaag ggctggcaga aatggcgcc tggctgattc ctaggcagtt     180
ggcggcagca aggaggagag gccgcagctt ctggagcaga gccgagacga agcagttctg     240
gagtgcctga acggcccccct gagccctacc cgcctggccc actatggtcc agaggctgtg     300
ggtgagccgc ctgctgcggc accggaaagc ccagctcttg ctggtcaacc tgctaacctt     360
tggcctggag gtgtgtttgg ccgcaggcat cacctatgtg ccgcctctgc tgctggaagt     420
gggggtagag gagaagttca tgaccatggt gctgggcatt ggtccagtgc tgggcctggt     480
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ctgtgtcccg ctcctaggct cagccagtga ccactggcgt ggacgctatg gccgccgccg 540
gcccttcatc tgggcactgt ccttgggcat cctgctgagc ctctttctca tcccaagggc 600
cggctggcta gcagggctgc tgtgcccgga tcccaggccc ctggagctgg cactgctcat 660
cctgggcgtg ggctgctgg acttctgtgg ccaggtgtgc ttcactccac tggaggccct 720
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gcaggaccag aagcacaaag tgcggtttcc caagcctttg tccatctcag cccccagagt 3120
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gaggtcttat ctctcagggg gggtttaagt gccgtttgca ataatgtcgt cttatttatt 3240
tagcggggtg aatattttat actgtaagtg agcaatcaga gtataatgtt tatggtgaca 3300
aaattaaagg ctttcttata tgtttaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 3360
aaaaaaaara aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaataa aaaaaaaaaa 3410

<210> 111
<211> 1289
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 111
agccaggcgt ccctctgcct gcccactcag tggcaacacc cgggagctgt tttgtccttt 60
gtggagcctc agcagttccc tctttcagaa ctcactgcca agagccctga acaggagcca 120
ccatgcagtg cttcagcttc attaagacca tgatgatcct cttcaatttg ctcatctttc 180
tgtgtggtgc agccctgttg gcagtgggca tctgggtgtc aatcgatggg gcatcctttc 240
tgaagatctt cgggccactg tcgtccagtg ccatgcagtt tgtcaacgtg ggctacttcc 300
tcatcgcagc cggcgttgtg gtctttgctc ttggtttcct gggctgctat ggtgctaaga 360
ctgagagcaa gtgtgccctc gtgacgttct tcttcatcct cctcctcatc ttcattgctg 420
aggttgcagc tgctgtggtc gccttggtgt acaccacaat ggctgagcac ttcctgacgt 480
tgctggtagt gcctgccatc aagaaagatt atggttccca ggaagacttc actcaagtgt 540
ggaacaccac catgaaaggg ctcaagtgct gtggcttcac caactatacg gattttgagg 600
actcacccta cttcaaagag aacagtgcct ttcccccatt ctgttgcaat gacaacgtca 660
ccaacacagc caatgaaacc tgcaccaagc aaaaggctca cgaccaaaaa gtagagggtt 720
gcttcaatca gcttttgtat gacatccgaa ctaatgcagt caccgtgggt ggtgtggcag 780
ctggaattgg gggcctcgag ctggctgcca tgattgtgtc catgtatctg tactgcaatc 840
tacaataagt ccacttctgc ctctgccact actgctgcca catgggaact gtgaagaggc 900
accctggcaa gcagcagtga ttgggggagg ggacaggatc taacaatgtc acttggccca 960
gaatggacct gccctttctg ctccagactt ggggctagat agggaccact ccttttagcg 1020
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gtagccagtt ctgttgccca ttcccccagt ctattaaacc cttgatatgc cccctaggcc 1140
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aagtgaaatc agcagagcct ctgggtggat gtgtagaagg cacttcaaaa tgcataaacc 1260
tgttacaatg ttaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa 1289

<210> 112
<211> 315
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 112
Met Val Phe Thr Val Arg Leu Leu His Ile Phe Thr Val Asn Lys Gln
1 5 10 15
Leu Gly Pro Lys Ile Val Ile Val Ser Lys Met Met Lys Asp Val Phe
20 25 30
Phe Phe Leu Phe Phe Leu Gly Val Trp Leu Val Ala Tyr Gly Val Ala
35 40 45
Thr Glu Gly Leu Leu Arg Pro Arg Asp Ser Asp Phe Pro Ser Ile Leu
50 55 60
Arg Arg Val Phe Tyr Arg Pro Tyr Leu Gln Ile Phe Gly Gln Ile Pro
65 70 75 80
Gln Glu Asp Met Asp Val Ala Leu Met Glu His Ser Asn Cys Ser Ser
85 90 95
Glu Pro Gly Phe Trp Ala His Pro Pro Gly Ala Gln Ala Gly Thr Cys
100 105 110
Val Ser Gln Tyr Ala Asn Trp Leu Val Val Leu Leu Leu Val Ile Phe
115 120 125
Leu Leu Val Ala Asn Ile Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Ile Ala Met Phe
130 135 140
Ser Tyr Thr Phe Gly Lys Val Gln Gly Asn Ser Asp Leu Tyr Trp Lys
145 150 155 160
Ala Gln Arg Tyr Arg Leu Ile Arg Glu Phe His Ser Arg Pro Ala Leu
165 170 175
Ala Pro Pro Phe Ile Val Ile Ser His Leu Arg Leu Leu Leu Arg Gln
180 185 190
Leu Cys Arg Arg Pro Arg Ser Pro Gln Pro Ser Ser Pro Ala Leu Glu

```
        195                 200                 205
His Phe Arg Val Tyr Leu Ser Lys Glu Ala Glu Arg Lys Leu Leu Thr
    210                 215                 220
Trp Glu Ser Val His Lys Glu Asn Phe Leu Leu Ala Arg Ala Arg Asp
225                 230                 235                 240
Lys Arg Glu Ser Asp Ser Glu Arg Leu Lys Arg Thr Ser Gln Lys Val
                245                 250                 255
Asp Leu Ala Leu Lys Gln Leu Gly His Ile Arg Glu Tyr Glu Gln Arg
            260                 265                 270
Leu Lys Val Leu Glu Arg Glu Val Gln Gln Cys Ser Arg Val Leu Gly
        275                 280                 285
Trp Val Ala Glu Ala Leu Ser Arg Ser Ala Leu Leu Pro Pro Gly Gly
    290                 295                 300
Pro Pro Pro Pro Asp Leu Pro Gly Ser Lys Asp
305                 310                 315

      &lt;210&gt; 113
      &lt;211&gt; 553
      &lt;212&gt; PRT
      &lt;213&gt; Homo sapien

      &lt;400&gt; 113
Met Val Gln Arg Leu Trp Val Ser Arg Leu Leu Arg His Arg Lys Ala
 1               5                  10                  15
Gln Leu Leu Leu Val Asn Leu Leu Thr Phe Gly Leu Glu Val Cys Leu
            20                  25                  30
Ala Ala Gly Ile Thr Tyr Val Pro Pro Leu Leu Leu Glu Val Gly Val
        35                  40                  45
Glu Glu Lys Phe Met Thr Met Val Leu Gly Ile Gly Pro Val Leu Gly
    50                  55                  60
Leu Val Cys Val Pro Leu Leu Gly Ser Ala Ser Asp His Trp Arg Gly
65                  70                  75                  80
Arg Tyr Gly Arg Arg Arg Pro Phe Ile Trp Ala Leu Ser Leu Gly Ile
                85                  90                  95
Leu Leu Ser Leu Phe Leu Ile Pro Arg Ala Gly Trp Leu Ala Gly Leu
            100                 105                 110
Leu Cys Pro Asp Pro Arg Pro Leu Glu Leu Ala Leu Leu Ile Leu Gly
        115                 120                 125
Val Gly Leu Leu Asp Phe Cys Gly Gln Val Cys Phe Thr Pro Leu Glu
    130                 135                 140
Ala Leu Leu Ser Asp Leu Phe Arg Asp Pro Asp His Cys Arg Gln Ala
145                 150                 155                 160
Tyr Ser Val Tyr Ala Phe Met Ile Ser Leu Gly Gly Cys Leu Gly Tyr
                165                 170                 175
Leu Leu Pro Ala Ile Asp Trp Asp Thr Ser Ala Leu Ala Pro Tyr Leu
            180                 185                 190
Gly Thr Gln Glu Glu Cys Leu Phe Gly Leu Leu Thr Leu Ile Phe Leu
        195                 200                 205
Thr Cys Val Ala Ala Thr Leu Leu Val Ala Glu Glu Ala Ala Leu Gly
    210                 215                 220
Pro Thr Glu Pro Ala Glu Gly Leu Ser Ala Pro Ser Leu Ser Pro His
225                 230                 235                 240
Cys Cys Pro Cys Arg Ala Arg Leu Ala Phe Arg Asn Leu Gly Ala Leu
                245                 250                 255
Leu Pro Arg Leu His Gln Leu Cys Cys Arg Met Pro Arg Thr Leu Arg
```

```
            260                 265                 270
Arg Leu Phe Val Ala Glu Leu Cys Ser Trp Met Ala Leu Met Thr Phe
        275                 280                 285
Thr Leu Phe Tyr Thr Asp Phe Val Gly Glu Gly Leu Tyr Gln Gly Val
    290                 295                 300
Pro Arg Ala Glu Pro Gly Thr Glu Ala Arg Arg His Tyr Asp Glu Gly
305                 310                 315                 320
Val Arg Met Gly Ser Leu Gly Leu Phe Leu Gln Cys Ala Ile Ser Leu
                325                 330                 335
Val Phe Ser Leu Val Met Asp Arg Leu Val Gln Arg Phe Gly Thr Arg
            340                 345                 350
Ala Val Tyr Leu Ala Ser Val Ala Ala Phe Pro Val Ala Ala Gly Ala
        355                 360                 365
Thr Cys Leu Ser His Ser Val Ala Val Val Thr Ala Ser Ala Ala Leu
    370                 375                 380
Thr Gly Phe Thr Phe Ser Ala Leu Gln Ile Leu Pro Tyr Thr Leu Ala
385                 390                 395                 400
Ser Leu Tyr His Arg Glu Lys Gln Val Phe Leu Pro Lys Tyr Arg Gly
                405                 410                 415
Asp Thr Gly Gly Ala Ser Ser Glu Asp Ser Leu Met Thr Ser Phe Leu
            420                 425                 430
Pro Gly Pro Lys Pro Gly Ala Pro Phe Pro Asn Gly His Val Gly Ala
        435                 440                 445
Gly Gly Ser Gly Leu Leu Pro Pro Pro Pro Ala Leu Cys Gly Ala Ser
    450                 455                 460
Ala Cys Asp Val Ser Val Arg Val Val Val Gly Glu Pro Thr Glu Ala
465                 470                 475                 480
Arg Val Val Pro Gly Arg Gly Ile Cys Leu Asp Leu Ala Ile Leu Asp
                485                 490                 495
Ser Ala Phe Leu Leu Ser Gln Val Ala Pro Ser Leu Phe Met Gly Ser
            500                 505                 510
Ile Val Gln Leu Ser Gln Ser Val Thr Ala Tyr Met Val Ser Ala Ala
        515                 520                 525
Gly Leu Gly Leu Val Ala Ile Tyr Phe Ala Thr Gln Val Val Phe Asp
    530                 535                 540
Lys Ser Asp Leu Ala Lys Tyr Ser Ala
545                 550
```

<210> 114
<211> 241
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 114

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Met Gln Cys Phe Ser Phe Ile Lys Thr Met Met Ile Leu Phe Asn Leu
 1               5                  10                  15
Leu Ile Phe Leu Cys Gly Ala Ala Leu Leu Ala Val Gly Ile Trp Val
            20                  25                  30
Ser Ile Asp Gly Ala Ser Phe Leu Lys Ile Phe Gly Pro Leu Ser Ser
        35                  40                  45
Ser Ala Met Gln Phe Val Asn Val Gly Tyr Phe Leu Ile Ala Ala Gly
    50                  55                  60
Val Val Val Phe Ala Leu Gly Phe Leu Gly Cys Tyr Gly Ala Lys Thr
65                  70                  75                  80
Glu Ser Lys Cys Ala Leu Val Thr Phe Phe Phe Ile Leu Leu Leu Ile
```

```
                    85                  90                  95
Phe Ile Ala Glu Val Ala Ala Ala Val Val Ala Leu Val Tyr Thr Thr
            100                 105                 110
Met Ala Glu His Phe Leu Thr Leu Leu Val Val Pro Ala Ile Lys Lys
        115                 120                 125
Asp Tyr Gly Ser Gln Glu Asp Phe Thr Gln Val Trp Asn Thr Thr Met
    130                 135                 140
Lys Gly Leu Lys Cys Cys Gly Phe Thr Asn Tyr Thr Asp Phe Glu Asp
145                 150                 155                 160
Ser Pro Tyr Phe Lys Glu Asn Ser Ala Phe Pro Pro Phe Cys Cys Asn
                165                 170                 175
Asp Asn Val Thr Asn Thr Ala Asn Glu Thr Cys Thr Lys Gln Lys Ala
            180                 185                 190
His Asp Gln Lys Val Glu Gly Cys Phe Asn Gln Leu Leu Tyr Asp Ile
        195                 200                 205
Arg Thr Asn Ala Val Thr Val Gly Gly Val Ala Ala Gly Ile Gly Gly
    210                 215                 220
Leu Glu Leu Ala Ala Met Ile Val Ser Met Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Asn Leu
225                 230                 235                 240
Gln
```

<210> 115
<211> 366
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 115

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gctctttctc tcccctcctc tgaatttaat tctttcaact tgcaatttgc aaggattaca      60
catttcactg tgatgtatat tgtgttgcaa aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac     120
ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga     180
actggtagaa aaacatctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggtga attggatggt     240
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg tttaataaat tagtttgggt     300
tctctacatg cataacaaac cctgctccaa tctgtcacat aaaagtctgt gacttgaagt     360
ttagtc                                                                366
```

<210> 116
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 116

```
acaaagatga accatttcct atattatagc aaaattaaaa tctacccgta ttctaatatt      60
gagaaatgag atnaaacaca atnttataaa gtctacttag agaagatcaa gtgacctcaa     120
agactttact attttcatat tttaagacac atgatttatc ctattttagt aacctggttc     180
atacgttaaa caaaggataa tgtgaacagc agagaggatt tgttggcaga aaatctatgt     240
tcaatctnga actatctana tcacagacat ttctattcct tt                        282
```

<210> 117
<211> 305

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(305)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 117
```
acacatgtcg cttcactgcc ttcttagatg cttctggtca acatanagga acagggacca    60
tatttatcct ccctcctgaa acaattgcaa aataanacaa aatatatgaa acaattgcaa   120
aataaggcaa aatatatgaa acaacaggtc tcgagatatt ggaaatcagt caatgaagga   180
tactgatccc tgatcactgt cctaatgcag gatgtgggaa acagatgagg tcacctctgt   240
gactgcccca gcttactgcc tgtagagagt ttctangctg cagttcagac agggagaaat   300
tgggt                                                               305
```

<210> 118
<211> 71
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(71)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 118
```
accaaggtgt ntgaatctct gacgtgggga tctctgattc ccgcacaatc tgagtggaaa    60
aantcctggg t                                                         71
```

<210> 119
<211> 212
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(212)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 119
```
actccggttg gtgtcagcag cacgtggcat tgaacatngc aatgtggagc ccaaaccaca    60
gaaaatgggg tgaaattggc caactttcta tnaacttatg ttggcaantt tgccaccaac   120
agtaagctgg cccttctaat aaaagaaaat tgaaaggttt ctcactaanc ggaattaant   180
aatggantca aganactccc aggcctcagc gt                                 212
```

<210> 120
<211> 90
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(90)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 120
actcgttgca natcaggggc cccccagagt caccgttgca ggagtccttc tggtcttgcc 60
ctccgccggc gcagaacatg ctggggtggt 90

<210> 121
<211> 218
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(218)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 121
tgtancgtga anacgacaga nagggttgtc aaaaatggag aanccttgaa gtcattttga 60
gaataagatt tgctaaaaga tttggggcta aaacatggtt attgggagac atttctgaag 120
atatncangt aaattangga atgaattcat ggttcttttg ggaattcctt tacgatngcc 180
agcatanact tcatgtgggg atancagcta cccttgta 218

<210> 122
<211> 171
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 122
taggggtgta tgcaactgta aggacaaaaa ttgagactca actggcttaa ccaataaagg 60
catttgttag ctcatggaac aggaagtcgg atggtggggc atcttcagtg ctgcatgagt 120
caccaccccg gcggggtcat ctgtgccaca ggtccctgtt gacagtgcgg t 171

<210> 123
<211> 76
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(76)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 123
tgtagcgtga agacnacaga atggtgtgtg ctgtgctatc caggaacaca tttattatca 60
ttatcaanta ttgtgt 76

<210> 124
<211> 131
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 124
acctttcccc aaggccaatg tcctgtgtgc taactggccg gctgcaggac agctgcaatt 60
caatgtgctg ggtcatatgg aggggaggag actctaaaat agccaatttt attctcttgg 120
ttaagatttg t 131

<210> 125
<211> 432
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 125
actttatcta ctggctatga aatagatggt ggaaaattgc gttaccaact ataccactgg 60
cttgaaaaag aggtgatagc tcttcagagg acttgtgact tttgctcaga tgctgaagaa 120
ctacagtctg catttggcag aaatgaagat gaatttggat taaatgagga tgctgaagat 180
ttgcctcacc aaacaaaagt gaaacaactg agagaaaatt ttcaggaaaa aagacagtgg 240
ctcttgaagt atcagtcact tttgagaatg tttcttagtt actgcatact tcatggatcc 300
catggtgggg gtcttgcatc tgtaagaatg gaattgattt tgcttttgca agaatctcag 360
caggaaacat cagaaccact attttctagc cctctgtcag agcaaacctc agtgcctctc 420
ctctttgctt gt 432

<210> 126
<211> 112
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 126
acacaacttg aatagtaaaa tagaaactga gctgaaattt ctaattcact ttctaaccat 60
agtaagaatg atatttcccc ccagggatca ccaaatattt ataaaaattt gt 112

<210> 127
<211> 54
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 127
accacgaaac cacaaacaag atggaagcat caatccactt gccaagcaca gcag 54

<210> 128
<211> 323
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 128
acctcattag taattgtttt gttgtttcat ttttttctaa tgtctcccct ctaccagctc 60
acctgagata acagaatgaa aatggaagga cagccagatt tctcctttgc tctctgctca 120
ttctctctga agtctaggtt acccattttg gggacccatt ataggcaata aacacagttc 180
ccaaagcatt tggacagttt cttgttgtgt tttagaatgg ttttcctttt tcttagcctt 240
ttcctgcaaa aggctcactc agtcccttgc ttgctcagtg gactgggctc cccagggcct 300
aggctgcctt cttttccatg tcc 323

<210> 129
<211> 192
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(192)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 129
acatacatgt gtgtatattt ttaaatatca cttttgtatc actctgactt tttagcatac 60
tgaaaacaca ctaacataat ttntgtgaac catgatcaga tacaacccaa atcattcatc 120
tagcacattc atctgtgata naaagatagg tgagtttcat ttccttcacg ttggccaatg 180
gataaacaaa gt 192

<210> 130
<211> 362
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(362)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 130
cccttttta tggaatgagt agactgtatg tttgaanatt tanccacaac ctctttgaca 60
tataatgacg caacaaaaag gtgctgttta gtcctatggt tcagtttatg cccctgacaa 120
gtttccattg tgttttgccg atcttctggc taatcgtggt atcctccatg ttattagtaa 180
ttctgtattc cattttgtta acgcctggta gatgtaacct gctangaggc taactttata 240
cttatttaaa agctcttatt ttgtggtcat taaaatggca atttatgtgc agcactttat 300
tgcagcagga agcacgtgtg ggttggttgt aaagctcttt gctaatctta aaaagtaatg 360
gg 362

<210> 131
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(332)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 131
ctttttgaaa gatcgtgtcc actcctgtgg acatcttgtt ttaatggagt ttcccatgca 60
gtangactgg tatggttgca gctgtccaga taaaaacatt tgaagagctc caaaatgaga 120
gttctcccag gttcgccctg ctgctccaag tctcagcagc agcctctttt aggaggcatc 180
ttctgaacta gattaaggca gcttgtaaat ctgatgtgat ttggtttatt atccaactaa 240
cttccatctg ttatcactgg agaaagccca gactccccan gacnggtacg gattgtgggc 300
atanaaggat tgggtgaagc tggcgttgtg gt 332

<210> 132
<211> 322
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(322)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 132
acttttgcca ttttgtatat ataaacaatc ttgggacatt ctcctgaaaa ctaggtgtcc 60

agtggctaag agaactcgat ttcaagcaat tctgaaagga aaaccagcat gacacagaat 120
ctcaaattcc caaacagggg ctctgtggga aaaatgaggg aggacctttg tatctcgggt 180
tttagcaagt taaaatgaan atgacaggaa aggcttattt atcaacaaag agaagagttg 240
ggatgcttct aaaaaaaact ttggtagaga aaataggaat gctnaatcct agggaagcct 300
gtaacaatct acaattggtc ca 322

<210> 133
<211> 278
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(278)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 133
acaagccttc acaagtttaa ctaaattggg attaatcttt ctgtanttat ctgcataatt 60
cttgtttttc tttccatctg gctcctgggt tgacaatttg tggaaacaac tctattgcta 120
ctatttaaaa aaaatcacaa atctttccct ttaagctatg ttnaattcaa actattcctg 180
ctattcctgt tttgtcaaag aaattatatt tttcaaaata tgtntatttg tttgatgggt 240
cccacgaaac actaataaaa accacagaga ccagcctg 278

<210> 134
<211> 121
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(121)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 134
gtttanaaaa cttgtttagc tccatagagg aaagaatgtt aaactttgta ttttaaaaca 60
tgattctctg aggttaaact tggttttcaa atgttatttt tacttgtatt ttgcttttgg 120
t 121

<210> 135
<211> 350
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(350)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 135
acttanaacc atgcctagca catcagaatc cctcaaagaa catcagtata atcctatacc 60
atancaagtg gtgactggtt aagcgtgcga caaaggtcag ctggcacatt acttgtgtgc 120
aaacttgata cttttgttct aagtaggaac tagtatacag tncctaggan tggtactcca 180
gggtgccccc caactcctgc agccgctcct ctgtgccagn ccctgnaagg aactttcgct 240
ccacctcaat caagccctgg gccatgctac ctgcaattgg ctgaacaaac gtttgctgag 300
ttcccaagga tgcaaagcct ggtgctcaac tcctggggcg tcaactcagt 350

<210> 136
<211> 399
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(399)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 136
tgtaccgtga agacgacaga agttgcatgg cagggacagg gcagggccga ggccagggtt 60
gctgtgattg tatccgaata ntcctcgtga gaaaagataa tgagatgacg tgagcagcct 120
gcagacttgt gtctgccttc aanaagccag acaggaaggc cctgcctgcc ttggctctga 180
cctggcggcc agccagccag ccacaggtgg gcttcttcct tttgtggtga caacnccaag 240
aaaactgcag aggcccaggg tcaggtgtna gtgggtangt gaccataaaa caccaggtgc 300
tcccaggaac ccgggcaaag gccatcccca cctacagcca gcatgcccac tggcgtgatg 360
ggtgcagang gatgaagcag ccagntgttc tgctgtggt 399

<210> 137
<211> 165
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(165)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 137
actggtgtgg tngggggtga tgctggtggt anaagttgan gtgacttcan gatggtgtgt 60
ggaggaagtg tgtgaacgta gggatgtaga ngttttggcc gtgctaaatg agcttcggga 120
ttggctggtc ccactggtgg tcactgtcat tggtggggtt cctgt 165

<210> 138
<211> 338
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(338)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 138
actcactgga atgccacatt cacaacagaa tcagaggtct gtgaaaacat taatggctcc 60
ttaacttctc cagtaagaat cagggacttg aaatggaaac gttaacagcc acatgcccaa 120
tgctgggcag tctcccatgc cttccacagt gaaagggctt gagaaaaatc acatccaatg 180
tcatgtgttt ccagccacac caaaaggtgc ttggggtgga gggctggggg catananggt 240
cangcctcag gaagcctcaa gttccattca gctttgccac tgtacattcc ccatntttaa 300
aaaaactgat gccttttttt tttttttttg taaaattc 338

<210> 139
<211> 382

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 139
gggaatcttg gtttttggca tctggtttgc ctatagccga ggccactttg acagaacaaa 60
gaaagggact tcgagtaaga aggtgattta cagccagcct agtgcccgaa gtgaaggaga 120
attcaaacag acctcgtcat tcctggtgtg agcctggtcg gctcaccgcc tatcatctgc 180
atttgcctta ctcaggtgct accggactct ggcccctgat gtctgtagtt tcacaggatg 240
ccttatttgt cttctacacc ccacagggcc ccctacttct tcggatgtgt ttttaataat 300
gtcagctatg tgccccatcc tccttcatgc cctccctccc tttcctacca ctgctgagtg 360
gcctggaact tgtttaaagt gt 382

<210> 140
<211> 200
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(200)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 140
accaaanctt ctttctgttg tgttngattt tactataggg gtttngcttn ttctaaanat 60
acttttcatt taacanettt tgttaagtgt caggctgcac tttgctccat anaattattg 120
ttttcacatt tcaacttgta tgtgtttgtc tcttanagca ttggtgaaat cacatatttt 180
atattcagca taaaggagaa 200

<210> 141
<211> 335
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(335)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 141
actttatttt caaaacactc atatgttgca aaaaacacat agaaaaataa agtttggtgg 60
gggtgctgac taaacttcaa gtcacagact tttatgtgac agattggagc agggtttgtt 120
atgcatgtag agaacccaaa ctaatttatt aaacaggata gaaacaggct gtctgggtga 180
aatggttctg agaaccatcc aattcacctg tcagatgctg atanactagc tcttcagatg 240
tttttctacc agttcagaga tnggttaatg actanttcca atggggaaaa agcaagatgg 300
attcacaaac caagtaattt taaacaaaga cactt 335

<210> 142
<211> 459
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(459)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 142
accaggttaa tattgccaca tatatccttt ccaattgcgg gctaaacaga cgtgtattta 60
gggttgttta aagacaaccc agcttaatat caagagaaat tgtgaccttt catggagtat 120
ctgatggaga aaacactgag ttttgacaaa tcttatttta ttcagatagc agtctgatca 180
cacatggtcc aacaacactc aaataataaa tcaaatatna tcagatgtta aagattggtc 240
ttcaaacatc atagccaatg atgccccgct tgcctataat ctctccgaca taaaaccaca 300
tcaacacctc agtggccacc aaaccattca gcacagcttc cttaactgtg agctgtttga 360
agctaccagt ctgagcacta ttgactatnt ttttcangct ctgaatagct ctagggatct 420
cagcangggt gggaggaacc agctcaacct tggcgtant 459

<210> 143
<211> 140
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 143
acatttcctt ccaccaagtc aggactcctg gcttctgtgg gagttcttat cacctgaggg 60
aaatccaaac agtctctcct agaaaggaat agtgtcacca accccaccca tctccctgag 120
accatccgac ttccctgtgt 140

<210> 144
<211> 164
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(164)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 144
acttcagtaa caacatacaa taacaacatt aagtgtatat tgccatcttt gtcattttct 60
atctatacca ctctcccttc tgaaaacaan aatcactanc caatcactta tacaaatttg 120
aggcaattaa tccatatttg ttttcaataa ggaaaaaaag atgt 164

<210> 145
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 145
acgtagacca tccaactttg tatttgtaat ggcaaacatc cagnagcaat tcctaaacaa 60
actggagggt atttataccc aattatccca ttcattaaca tgccctcctc ctcaggctat 120
gcaggacagc tatcataagt cggcccaggc atccagatac taccatttgt ataaacttca 180
gtaggggagt ccatccaagt gacaggtcta atcaaaggag gaaatggaac ataagcccag 240
tagtaaaatn ttgcttagct gaaacagcca caaaagactt accgccgtgg tgattaccat 300
caa 303

<210> 146

<211> 327
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(327)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 146
```
actgcagctc aattagaagt ggtctctgac tttcatcanc ttctccctgg gctccatgac      60
actggcctgg agtgactcat tgctctggtt ggttgagaga gctcctttgc caacaggcct     120
ccaagtcagg gctgggattt gtttcctttc cacattctag caacaatatg ctggccactt     180
cctgaacagg gagggtggga ggagccagca tggaacaagc tgccactttc taaagtagcc     240
agacttgccc ctgggcctgt cacacctact gatgaccttc tgtgcctgca ggatggaatg     300
taggggtgag ctgtgtgact ctatggt                                         327
```

<210> 147
<211> 173
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(173)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 147
```
acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgana gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg      60
actggaacac atacccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt     120
atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gtt            173
```

<210> 148
<211> 477
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(477)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 148
```
acaaccactt tatctcatcg aatttttaac ccaaactcac tcactgtgcc tttctatcct      60
atgggatata ttatttgatg ctccatttca tcacacatat atgaataata cactcatact     120
gccctactac ctgctgcaat aatcacattc ccttcctgtc ctgaccctga agccattggg     180
gtggtcctag tggccatcag tccangcctg caccttgagc ccttgagctc cattgctcac     240
nccancccac ctcaccgacc ccatcctctt acacagctac ctccttgctc tctaacccca     300
tagattatnt ccaaattcag tcaattaagt tactattaac actctacccg acatgtccag     360
caccactggt aagccttctc cagccaacac acacacacac acacncacac acacacatat     420
ccaggcacag gctacctcat cttcacaatc acccctttaa ttaccatgct atggtgg        477
```

<210> 149
<211> 207
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 149
acagttgtat tataatatca agaaataaac ttgcaatgag agcatttaag agggaagaac 60
taacgtattt tagagagcca aggaaggttt ctgtggggag tgggatgtaa ggtggggcct 120
gatgataaat aagagtcagc caggtaagtg ggtggtgtgg tatgggcaca gtgaagaaca 180
tttcaggcag agggaacagc agtgaaa 207

<210> 150
<211> 111
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(111)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 150
accttgattt cattgctgct ctgatggaaa cccaactatc taatttagct aaaacatggg 60
cacttaaatg tggtcagtgt ttggacttgt taactantgg catctttggg t 111

<210> 151
<211> 196
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 151
agcgcggcag gtcatattga acattccaga tacctatcat tactcgatgc tgttgataac 60
agcaagatgg ctttgaactc agggtcacca ccagctattg gaccttacta tgaaaaccat 120
ggataccaac cggaaaaccc ctatcccgca cagcccactg tggtccccac tgtctacgag 180
gtgcatccgg ctcagt 196

<210> 152
<211> 132
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 152
acagcacttt cacatgtaag aagggagaaa ttcctaaatg taggagaaag ataacagaac 60
cttccccttt tcatctagtg gtggaaacct gatgctttat gttgacagga atagaaccag 120
gagggagttt gt 132

<210> 153
<211> 285
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(285)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 153
acaanaccca nganaggcca ctggccgtgg tgtcatggcc tccaaacatg aaagtgtcag 60

cttctgctct tatgtcctca tctgacaact ctttaccatt tttatcctcg ctcagcagga 120
gcacatcaat aaagtccaaa gtcttggact tggccttggc ttggaggaag tcatcaacac 180
cctggctagt gagggtgcgg cgccgctcct ggatgacggc atctgtgaag tcgtgcacca 240
gtctgcaggc cctgtggaag cgccgtccac acggagtnag gaatt 285

<210> 154
<211> 333
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 154
accacagtcc tgttgggcca gggcttcatg accctttctg tgaaaagcca tattatcacc 60
accccaaatt tttccttaaa tatctttaac tgaaggggtc agcctcttga ctgcaaagac 120
cctaagccgg ttacacagct aactcccact ggccctgatt tgtgaaattg ctgctgcctg 180
attggcacag gagtcgaagg tgttcagctc ccctcctccg tggaacgaga ctctgatttg 240
agtttcacaa attctcgggc cacctcgtca ttgctcctct gaaataaaat ccggagaatg 300
gtcaggcctg tctcatccat atggatcttc cgg 333

<210> 155
<211> 308
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(308)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 155
actggaaata ataaaaccca catcacagtg ttgtgtcaaa gatcatcagg gcatggatgg 60
gaaagtgctt tgggaactgt aaagtgccta acacatgatc gatgattttt gttataatat 120
ttgaatcacg gtgcatacaa actctcctgc ctgctcctcc tgggccccag ccccagcccc 180
atcacagctc actgctctgt tcatccaggc ccagcatgta gtggctgatt cttcttggct 240
gcttttagcc tccanaagtt tctctgaagc caaccaaacc tctangtgta aggcatgctg 300
gccctggt 308

<210> 156
<211> 295
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 156
accttgctcg gtgcttggaa catattagga actcaaaata tgagatgata acagtgccta 60
ttattgatta ctgagagaac tgttagacat ttagttgaag attttctaca caggaactga 120
gaataggaga ttatgtttgg ccctcatatt ctctcctatc ctccttgcct cattctatgt 180
ctaatatatt ctcaatcaaa taaggttagc ataatcagga aatcgaccaa ataccaatat 240
aaaaccagat gtctatcctt aagattttca aatagaaaac aaattaacag actat 295

<210> 157
<211> 126
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 157
acaagtttaa atagtgctgt cactgtgcat gtgctgaaat gtgaaatcca ccacatttct 60

gaagagcaaa acaaattctg tcatgtaatc tctatcttgg gtcgtgggta tatctgtccc 120
cttagt 126

<210> 158
<211> 442
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(442)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 158
acccactggt cttggaaaca cccatcctta atacgatgat ttttctgtcg tgtgaaaatg 60
aanccagcag gctgcccta gtcagtcctt ccttccagag aaaaagagat ttgagaaagt 120
gcctgggtaa ttcaccatta atttcctccc ccaaactctc tgagtcttcc cttaatattt 180
ctggtggttc tgaccaaagc aggtcatggt ttgttgagca tttgggatcc cagtgaagta 240
natgtttgta gccttgcata cttagccctt cccacgcaca aacggagtgg cagagtggtg 300
ccaaccctgt tttcccagtc cacgtagaca gattcacagt gcggaattct ggaagctgga 360
nacagacggg ctctttgcag agccgggact ctgagangga catgagggcc tctgcctctg 420
tgttcattct ctgatgtcct gt 442

<210> 159
<211> 498
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(498)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 159
acttccaggt aacgttgttg tttccgttga gcctgaactg atgggtgacg ttgtaggttc 60
tccaacaaga actgaggttg cagagcgggt agggaagagt gctgttccag ttgcacctgg 120
gctgctgtgg actgttgttg attcctcact acggcccaag gttgtggaac tggcanaaag 180
gtgtgttgtt gganttgagc tcgggcggct gtggtaggtt gtgggctctt caacaggggc 240
tgctgtggtg ccgggangtg aangtgttgt gtcacttgag cttggccagc tctggaaagt 300
antanattct tcctgaaggc cagcgcttgt ggagctggca ngggtcantg ttgtgtgtaa 360
cgaaccagtg ctgctgtggg tgggtgtana tcctccacaa agcctgaagt tatggtgtcn 420
tcaggtaana atgtggtttc agtgtccctg ggcngctgtg gaaggttgta nattgtcacc 480
aagggaataa gctgtggt 498

<210> 160
<211> 380
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(380)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 160

acctgcatcc agcttccctg ccaaactcac aaggagacat caacctctag acagggaaac 60
agcttcagga tacttccagg agacagagcc accagcagca aaacaaatat tcccatgcct 120
ggagcatggc atagaggaag ctganaaatg tggggtctga ggaagccatt tgagtctggc 180
cactagacat ctcatcagcc acttgtgtga agagatgccc catgacccca gatgcctctc 240
ccacccttac ctccatctca cacacttgag ctttccactc tgtataattc taacatcctg 300
gagaaaaatg gcagtttgac cgaacctgtt cacaacggta gaggctgatt tctaacgaaa 360
cttgtagaat gaagcctgga 380

<210> 161
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 161
actccacatc ccctctgagc aggcggttgt cgttcaaggt gtatttggcc ttgcctgtca 60
cactgtccac tggcccctta tccacttggt gcttaatccc tcgaaagagc atgt 114

<210> 162
<211> 177
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 162
actttctgaa tcgaatcaaa tgatacttag tgtagtttta atatcctcat atatatcaaa 60
gttttactac tctgataatt ttgtaaacca ggtaaccaga acatccagtc atacagcttt 120
tggtgatata taacttggca ataacccagt ctggtgatac ataaaactac tcactgt 177

<210> 163
<211> 137
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(137)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 163
catttataca gacaggcgtg aagacattca cgacaaaaac gcgaaattct atcccgtgac 60
canagaaggc agctacggct actcctacat cctggcgtgg gtggccttcg cctgcacctt 120
catcagcggc atgatgt 137

<210> 164
<211> 469
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(469)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 164
cttatcacaa tgaatgttct cctgggcagc gttgtgatct ttgccacctt cgtgacttta 60
tgcaatgcat catgctattt catacctaat gagggagttc caggagattc aaccaggaaa 120

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tgcatggatc tcaaaggaaa caaacaccca ataaactcgg agtggcagac tgacaactgt    180
gagacatgca cttgctacga aacagaaatt tcatgttgca cccttgtttc tacacctgtg    240
ggttatgaca aagacaactg ccaaagaatc ttcaagaagg aggactgcaa gtatatcgtg    300
gtggagaaga aggacccaaa aaagacctgt tctgtcagtg aatggataat ctaatgtgct    360
tctagtaggc acagggctcc caggccaggc ctcattctcc tctggcctct aatagtcaat    420
gattgtgtag ccatgcctat cagtaaaaag atntttgagc aaacacttt                469
```

<210> 165
<211> 195
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(195)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 165

```
acagtttttt atanatatcg acattgccgg cacttgtgtt cagtttcata aagctggtgg     60
atccgctgtc atccactatt ccttggctag agtaaaaatt attcttatag cccatgtccc    120
tgcaggccgc ccgcccgtag ttctcgttcc agtcgtcttg gcacacaggg tgccaggact    180
tcctctgaga tgagt                                                     195
```

<210> 166
<211> 383
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(383)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 166

```
acatcttagt agtgtggcac atcagggggc catcagggtc acagtcactc atagcctcgc     60
cgaggtcgga gtccacacca ccggtgtagg tgtgctcaat cttgggcttg gcgcccacct    120
ttggagaagg gatatgctgc acacacatgt ccacaaagcc tgtgaactcg ccaaagaatt    180
tttgcagacc agcctgagca aggggcggat gttcagcttc agctcctcct tcgtcaggtg    240
gatgccaacc tcgtctangg tccgtgggaa gctggtgtcc acntcaccta caacctgggc    300
gangatctta taaagaggct ccnagataaa ctccacgaaa cttctctggg agctgctagt    360
nggggccttt ttggtgaact ttc                                            383
```

<210> 167
<211> 247
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(247)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 167

```
acagagccag accttggcca taaatgaanc agagattaag actaaacccc aagtcganat     60
tggagcagaa actggagcaa gaagtgggcc tggggctgaa gtagagacca aggccactgc    120
```

```
tatanccata cacagagcca actctcaggc caaggcnatg gttggggcag anccagagac    180
tcaatctgan tccaaagtgg tggctggaac actggtcatg acanaggcag tgactctgac    240
tgangtc                                                              247

<210> 168
<211> 273
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(273)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 168
acttctaagt tttctagaag tggaaggatt gtantcatcc tgaaaatggg tttacttcaa     60
aatccctcan ccttgttctt cacnactgtc tatactgana gtgtcatgtt tccacaaagg    120
gctgacacct gagcctgnat tttcactcat ccctgagaag ccctttccag tagggtgggc    180
aattcccaac ttccttgcca caagcttccc aggctttctc ccctggaaaa ctccagcttg    240
agtcccagat acactcatgg gctgccctgg gca                                273

<210> 169
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(431)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 169
acagccttgg cttccccaaa ctccacagtc tcagtgcaga aagatcatct tccagcagtc     60
agctcagacc agggtcaaag gatgtgacat caacagtttc tggtttcaga acaggttcta    120
ctactgtcaa atgacccccc atacttcctc aaaggctgtg gtaagttttg cacaggtgag    180
ggcagcagaa agggggtant tactgatgga caccatcttc tctgtatact ccacactgac    240
cttgccatgg gcaaaggccc ctaccacaaa aacaatagga tcactgctgg gcaccagctc    300
acgcacatca ctgacaaccg ggatggaaaa agaantgcca actttcatac atccaactgg    360
aaagtgatct gatactggat tcttaattac cttcaaaagc ttctgggggc catcagctgc    420
tcgaacactg a                                                         431

<210> 170
<211> 266
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(266)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 170
acctgtgggc tgggctgtta tgcctgtgcc ggctgctgaa agggagttca gaggtggagc     60
tcaaggagct ctgcaggcat tttgccaanc ctctccanag canagggagc aacctacact    120
ccccgctaga aagacaccag attggagtcc tgggaggggg agttggggtg ggcatttgat    180
```

gtatacttgt cacctgaatg aangagccag agaggaanga gacgaanatg anattggcct 240
tcaaagctag ggtctggca ggtgga 266

<210> 171
<211> 1248
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1248)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 171
ggcagccaaa tcataaacgg cgaggactgc agcccgcact cgcagccctg gcaggcggca 60
ctggtcatgg aaaacgaatt gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcatccgca gtgggtgctg 120
tcagccgcac actgtttcca gaagtgagtg cagagctcct acaccatcgg gctgggcctg 180
cacagtcttg aggccgacca agagccaggg agccagatgg tggaggccag cctctccgta 240
cggcacccag agtacaacag accccttgctc gctaacgacc tcatgctcat caagttggac 300
gaatccgtgt ccgagtctga caccatccgg agcatcagca ttgcttcgca gtgccctacc 360
gcggggaact cttgcctcgt ttctggctgg ggtctgctgg cgaacggcag aatgcctacc 420
gtgctgcagt gcgtgaacgt gtcggtggtg tctgaggagg tctgcagtaa gctctatgac 480
ccgctgtacc accccagcat gttctgcgcc ggcggagggc aagaccagaa ggactcctgc 540
aacggtgact ctgggggggcc cctgatctgc aacgggtact tgcagggcct tgtgtctttc 600
ggaaaagccc cgtgtggcca agttggcgtg ccaggtgtct acaccaacct ctgcaaattc 660
actgagtgga tagagaaaac cgtccaggcc agttaactct ggggactggg aacccatgaa 720
attgaccccc aaatacatcc tgcggaagga attcaggaat atctgttccc agcccctcct 780
ccctcaggcc caggagtcca ggcccccagc ccctcctccc tcaaaccaag ggtacagatc 840
cccagcccct cctccctcag acccaggagt ccagaccccc cagcccctcc tccctcagac 900
ccaggagtcc agcccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca gacccccccag cccctcctcc 960
ctcagaccca ggggtccagg cccccaaccc ctcctccctc agactcagag gtccaagccc 1020
ccaacccntc attccccaga cccagaggtc caggtcccag cccctcntcc ctcagaccca 1080
gcggtccaat gccacctaga ctntccctgt acacagtgcc cccttgtggc acgttgaccc 1140
aaccttacca gttggttttt catttttngt ccctttcccc tagatccaga aataaagttt 1200
aagagaagng caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 1248

<210> 172
<211> 159
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (1)...(159)
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 172
Met Val Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro
1 5 10 15
Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser
20 25 30
Glu Ser Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr
35 40 45
Ala Gly Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly
50 55 60

Arg Met Pro Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu
65 70 75 80
Glu Val Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe
85 90 95
Cys Ala Gly Gly Gly Gln Xaa Gln Xaa Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser
100 105 110
Gly Gly Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe
115 120 125
Gly Lys Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn
130 135 140
Leu Cys Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
145 150 155

<210> 173
<211> 1265
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1265)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 173
ggcagcccgc actcgcagcc ctggcaggcg gcactggtca tggaaaacga attgttctgc 60
tcgggcgtcc tggtgcatcc gcagtgggtg ctgtcagccg cacactgttt ccagaactcc 120
tacaccatcg ggctgggcct gcacagtctt gaggccgacc aagagccagg gagccagatg 180
gtggaggcca gcctctccgt acggcaccca gagtacaaca gacccttgct cgctaacgac 240
ctcatgctca tcaagttgga cgaatccgtg tccgagtctg acaccatccg gagcatcagc 300
attgcttcgc agtgccctac cgcggggaac tcttgcctcg tttctggctg gggtctgctg 360
gcgaacggtg agctcacggg tgtgtgtctg ccctcttcaa ggaggtcctc tgcccagtcg 420
cgggggctga cccagagctc tgcgtcccag gcagaatgcc taccgtgctg cagtgcgtga 480
acgtgtcggt ggtgtctgag gaggtctgca gtaagctcta tgacccgctg taccacccca 540
gcatgttctg cgccggcgga gggcaagacc agaaggactc ctgcaacggt gactctgggg 600
ggcccctgat ctgcaacggg tacttgcagg gccttgtgtc tttcggaaaa gccccgtgtg 660
gccaagttgg cgtgccaggt gtctacacca acctctgcaa attcactgag tggatagaga 720
aaaccgtcca ggccagttaa ctctggggac tgggaaccca tgaaattgac cccccaaatac 780
atcctgcgga aggaattcag gaatatctgt tcccagcccc tcctccctca ggcccaggag 840
tccaggcccc cagcccctcc tccctcaaac caagggtaca gatccccagc ccctcctccc 900
tcagacccag gagtccagac cccccagccc ctcctccctc agacccagga gtccagcccc 960
tcctccntca gacccaggag tccagacccc ccagcccctc ctccctcaga cccaggggtt 1020
gaggccccca acccctcctc cttcagagtc agaggtccaa gcccccaacc cctcgttccc 1080
cagacccaga ggtnnaggtc ccagcccctc ttccntcaga cccagnggtc caatgccacc 1140
tagattttcc ctgnacacag tgccccccttg tggnangttg acccaacctt accagttggt 1200
ttttcatttt tngtcccttt cccctagatc cagaaataaa gtttaagaga ngngcaaaaa 1260
aaaaa 1265

<210> 174
<211> 1459
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1459)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 174

```
ggtcagccgc acactgtttc cagaagtgag tgcagagctc ctacaccatc gggctgggcc      60
tgcacagtct tgaggccgac caagagccag ggagccagat ggtggaggcc agcctctccg     120
tacggcaccc agagtacaac agacccttgc tcgctaacga cctcatgctc atcaagttgg     180
acgaatccgt gtccgagtct gacaccatcc ggagcatcag cattgcttcg cagtgcccta     240
ccgcggggaa ctcttgcctc gtttctggct ggggtctgct ggcgaacggt gagctcacgg     300
gtgtgtgtct gccctcttca aggaggtcct ctgcccagtc gcgggggctg acccagagct     360
ctgcgtccca ggcagaatgc ctaccgtgct gcagtgcgtg aacgtgtcgg tggtgtctga     420
ngaggtctgc antaagctct atgacccgct gtaccacccc ancatgttct gcgccggcgg     480
agggcaagac cagaaggact cctgcaacgt gagagagggg aaaggggagg gcaggcgact     540
cagggaaggg tggagaaggg ggagacagag acacacaggg ccgcatggcg agatgcagag     600
atggagagac acacagggag acagtgacaa ctagagagag aaactgagag aaacagagaa     660
ataaacacag gaataaagag aagcaaagga agagagaaac agaaacagac atggggaggc     720
agaaacacac acacatagaa atgcagttga ccttccaaca gcatggggcc tgagggcggt     780
gacctccacc caatagaaaa tcctcttata acttttgact ccccaaaaac ctgactagaa     840
atagcctact gttgacgggg agccttacca ataacataaa tagtcgattt atgcatacgt     900
tttatgcatt catgatatac ctttgttgga atttttgat atttctaagc tacacagttc     960
gtctgtgaat ttttttaaat tgttgcaact ctcctaaaat ttttctgatg tgtttattga    1020
aaaaatccaa gtataagtgg acttgtgcat tcaaaccagg gttgttcaag ggtcaactgt    1080
gtacccagag ggaaacagtg acacagattc atagaggtga aacacgaaga gaaacaggaa    1140
aaatcaagac tctacaaaga ggctgggcag ggtggctcat gcctgtaatc ccagcacttt    1200
gggaggcgag gcaggcagat cacttgaggt aaggagttca agaccagcct ggccaaaatg    1260
gtgaaatcct gtctgtacta aaaatacaaa agttagctgg atatggtggc aggcgcctgt    1320
aatcccagct acttgggagg ctgaggcagg agaattgctt gaatatggga ggcagaggtt    1380
gaagtgagtt gagatcacac cactatactc cagctggggc aacagagtaa gactctgtct    1440
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa                                                 1459
```

<210> 175
<211> 1167
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1167)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 175

```
gcgcagccct ggcaggcggc actggtcatg gaaaacgaat tgttctgctc gggcgtcctg      60
gtgcatccgc agtgggtgct gtcagccgca cactgtttcc agaactccta caccatcggg     120
ctgggcctgc acagtcttga ggccgaccaa gagccaggga gccagatggt ggaggccagc     180
ctctccgtac ggcacccaga gtacaacaga ctcttgctcg ctaacgacct catgctcatc     240
aagttggacg aatccgtgtc cgagtctgac accatccgga gcatcagcat tgcttcgcag     300
tgccctaccg cggggaactc ttgcctcgtn tctggctggg gtctgctggc gaacggcaga     360
atgcctaccg tgctgcactg cgtgaacgtg tcggtggtgt ctgaggangt ctgcagtaag     420
ctctatgacc cgctgtacca ccccagcatg ttctgcgccg gcggagggca agaccagaag     480
gactcctgca acggtgactc tggggggccc ctgatctgca acgggtactt gcagggcctt     540
gtgtctttcg gaaaagcccc gtgtggccaa cttggcgtgc caggtgtcta caccaacctc     600
tgcaaattca ctgagtggat agagaaaacc gtccagncca gttaactctg gggactggga     660
acccatgaaa ttgaccccca aatacatcct gcggaangaa ttcaggaata tctgttccca     720
gcccctcctc cctcaggccc aggagtccag gcccccagcc cctcctccct caaaccaagg     780
gtacagatcc ccagcccctc ctccctcaga cccaggagtc cagacccccc agcccctcnt     840
ccntcagacc caggagtcca gcccctcctc cntcagacgc aggagtccag acccccagc     900
```

ccntcntccg tcagacccag gggtgcaggc ccccaacccc tcntccntca gagtcagagg 960
tccaagcccc caacccctcg ttccccagac ccagaggtnc aggtcccagc ccctcctccc 1020
tcagacccag cggtccaatg ccacctagan tntccctgta cacagtgccc ccttgtggca 1080
ngttgaccca accttaccag ttggtttttc attttttgtc cctttcccct agatccagaa 1140
ataaagtnta agagaagcgc aaaaaaa 1167

<210> 176
<211> 205
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (1)...(205)
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 176
Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
1 5 10 15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
20 25 30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
35 40 45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Leu Leu Leu
50 55 60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
65 70 75 80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
85 90 95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met
100 105 110
Pro Thr Val Leu His Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Xaa Val
115 120 125
Cys Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala
130 135 140
Gly Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly
145 150 155 160
Pro Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys
165 170 175
Ala Pro Cys Gly Gln Leu Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys
180 185 190
Lys Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Xaa Ser
195 200 205

<210> 177
<211> 1119
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 177
gcgcactcgc agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcatggaaa acgaattgtt ctgctcgggc 60
gtcctggtgc atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccgcacact gtttccagaa ctcctacacc 120
atcgggctgg gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag 180
gccagcctct ccgtacggca cccagagtac aacagaccct tgctcgctaa cgacctcatg 240
ctcatcaagt tggacgaatc cgtgtccgag tctgacacca tccggagcat cagcattgct 300

```
tcgcagtgcc ctaccgcggg gaactcttgc ctcgtttctg gctggggtct gctggcgaac    360
gatgctgtga ttgccatcca gtcccagact gtgggaggct gggagtgtga gaagctttcc    420
caaccctggc agggttgtac catttcggca acttccagtg caaggacgtc ctgctgcatc    480
ctcactgggt gctcactact gctcactgca tcacccggaa cactgtgatc aactagccag    540
caccatagtt ctccgaagtc agactatcat gattactgtg ttgactgtgc tgtctattgt    600
actaaccatg ccgatgttta ggtgaaatta gcgtcacttg gcctcaacca tcttggtatc    660
cagttatcct cactgaattg agatttcctg cttcagtgtc agccattccc acataatttc    720
tgacctacag aggtgaggga tcatatagct cttcaaggat gctggtactc ccctcacaaa    780
ttcatttctc ctgttgtagt gaaaggtgcg ccctctggag cctcccaggg tgggtgtgca    840
ggtcacaatg atgaatgtat gatcgtgttc ccattaccca aagcctttaa atccctcatg    900
ctcagtacac cagggcaggt ctagcatttc ttcatttagt gtatgctgtc cattcatgca    960
accacctcag gactcctgga ttctctgcct agttgagctc ctgcatgctg cctccttggg   1020
gaggtgaggg agagggccca tggttcaatg ggatctgtgc agttgtaaca cattaggtgc   1080
ttaataaaca gaagctgtga tgttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa                           1119
```

<210> 178
<211> 164
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (1)...(164)
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 178

```
Met Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp
 1               5                  10                  15
Val Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu
            20                  25                  30
Gly Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val
        35                  40                  45
Glu Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu
    50                  55                  60
Ala Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser
65                  70                  75                  80
Asp Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly
                85                  90                  95
Asn Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Asp Ala Val
            100                 105                 110
Ile Ala Ile Gln Ser Xaa Thr Val Gly Gly Trp Glu Cys Glu Lys Leu
        115                 120                 125
Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Gly Cys Thr Ile Ser Ala Thr Ser Ser Ala Arg
    130                 135                 140
Thr Ser Cys Cys Ile Leu Thr Gly Cys Ser Leu Leu Leu Thr Ala Ser
145                 150                 155                 160
Pro Gly Thr Leu
```

<210> 179
<211> 250
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 179

ctggagtgcc ttggtgtttc aagcccctgc aggaagcaga atgcaccttc tgaggcacct 60
ccagctgccc ccggccgggg gatgcgaggc tcggagcacc cttgcccggc tgtgattgct 120
gccaggcact gttcatctca gcttttctgt ccctttgctc ccggcaagcg cttctgctga 180
aagttcatat ctggagcctg atgtcttaac gaataaaggt cccatgctcc acccgaaaaa 240
aaaaaaaaaa 250

<210> 180
<211> 202
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 180
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttccattgtg ttgggcccaa cacaatggct acctttaaca 60
tcacccagac cccgcccctg cccgtgcccc acgctgctgc taacgacagt atgatgctta 120
ctctgctact cggaaactat ttttatgtaa ttaatgtatg ctttcttgtt tataaatgcc 180
tgatttaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aa 202

<210> 181
<211> 558
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(558)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 181
tccytttgkt naggtttkkg agacamccck agacctwaan ctgtgtcaca gacttcyngg 60
aatgtttagg cagtgctagt aatttcytcg taatgattct gttattactt tcctnattct 120
ttattcctct ttcttctgaa gattaatgaa gttgaaaatt gaggtggata aatacaaaaa 180
ggtagtgtga tagtataagt atctaagtgc agatgaaagt gtgttatata tatccattca 240
aaattatgca agttagtaat tactcagggt taactaaatt actttaatat gctgttgaac 300
ctactctgtt ccttggctag aaaaaattat aaacaggact ttgttagttt gggaagccaa 360
attgataata ttctatgttc taaaagttgg gctatacata aattattaag aaatatggaw 420
ttttattccc aggaatatgg kgttcatttt atgaatatta cscrggatag awgtwtgagt 480
aaaaycagtt ttggtwaata ygtwaatatg tcmtaaataa acaakgcttt gacttatttc 540
caaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaa 558

<210> 182
<211> 479
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(479)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 182
acagggwttk grggatgcta agscccccrga rwtygtttga tccaaccctg gcttwttttc 60
agaggggaaa atggggccta gaagttacag mscatytagy tggtgcgmtg gcacccctgg 120
cstcacacag astcccgagt agctgggact acaggcacac agtcactgaa gcaggccctg 180
ttwgcaattc acgttgccac ctccaactta aacattcttc atatgtgatg tccttagtca 240
ctaaggttaa actttcccac ccagaaaagg caacttagat aaaatcttag agtactttca 300

tactmttcta agtcctcttc cagcctcact kkgagtcctm cytgggggtt gataggaant 360
ntctcttggc tttctcaata aartctctat ycatctcatg tttaatttgg tacgcatara 420
awtgstgara aaattaaaat gttctggtty macttttaaaa araaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaa 479

<210> 183
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 183
aggcgggagc agaagctaaa gccaaagccc aagaagagtg gcagtgccag cactggtgcc 60
agtaccagta ccaataacag tgccagtgcc agtgccagca ccagtggtgg cttcagtgct 120
ggtgccagcc tgaccgccac tctcacattt gggctcttcg ctggccttgg tggagctggt 180
gccagcacca gtggcagctc tggtgcctgt ggtttctcct acaagtgaga ttttagatat 240
tgttaatcct gccagtcttt ctcttcaagc cagggtgcat cctcagaaac ctactcaaca 300
cagcactcta ggcagccact atcaatcaat tgaagttgac actctgcatt aratctattt 360
gccatttcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 384

<210> 184
<211> 496
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(496)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 184
accgaattgg gaccgctggc ttataagcga tcatgtyynt ccrgtatkac ctcaacgagc 60
agggagatcg agtctatacg ctgaagaaat ttgacccgat gggacaacag acctgctcag 120
cccatcctgc tcggttctcc ccagatgaca aatactctsg acaccgaatc accatcaaga 180
aacgcttcaa ggtgctcatg acccagcaac cgcgccctgt cctctgaggg tcccttaaac 240
tgatgtcttt tctgccacct gttacccctc ggagactccg taaccaaact cttcggactg 300
tgagccctga tgcctttttg ccagccatac tctttggcat ccagtctctc gtggcgattg 360
attatgcttg tgtgaggcaa tcatggtggc atcacccata aagggaacac atttgacttt 420
tttttctcat attttaaatt actacmagaw tattwmagaw waaatgawtt gaaaaactst 480
taaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 496

<210> 185
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 185
gctggtagcc tatggcgkgg cccacggagg ggctcctgag gccacggrac agtgacttcc 60
caagtatcyt gcgcsgcgtc ttctaccgtc cctacctgca gatcttcggg cagattcccc 120
aggaggacat ggacgtggcc ctcatggagc acagcaactg ytcgtcggag cccggcttct 180
gggcacaccc tcctggggcc caggcgggca cctgcgtctc ccagtatgcc aactggctgg 240
tggtgctgct cctcgtcatc ttcctgctcg tggccaacat cctgctggtc aacttgctca 300
ttgccatgtt cagttacaca ttcggcaaag tacagggcaa cagcgatctc tactgggaag 360
gcgcagcgtt accgcctcat ccgg 384

<210> 186
<211> 577

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(577)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 186

```
gagttagctc ctccacaacc ttgatgaggt cgtctgcagt ggcctctcgc ttcataccgc      60
tnccatcgtc atactgtagg tttgccacca cytcctggca tcttggggcg gcntaatatt     120
ccaggaaact ctcaatcaag tcaccgtcga tgaaacctgt gggctggttc tgtcttccgc     180
tcggtgtgaa aggatctccc agaaggagtg ctcgatcttc cccacacttt tgatgacttt     240
attgagtcga ttctgcatgt ccagcaggag gttgtaccag ctctctgaca gtgaggtcac     300
cagccctatc atgccgttga mcgtgccgaa garcaccgag ccttgtgtgg gggkkgaagt     360
ctcacccaga ttctgcatta ccagagagcc gtggcaaaag acattgacaa actcgcccag     420
gtggaaaaag amcamctcct ggargtgctn gccgctcctc gtcmgttggt ggcagcgctw     480
tccttttgac acacaaacaa gttaaaggca ttttcagccc ccagaaantt gtcatcatcc     540
aagatntcgc acagcactna tccagttggg attaaat                              577
```

<210> 187
<211> 534
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(534)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 187

```
aacatcttcc tgtataatgc tgtgtaatat cgatccgatn ttgtctgstg agaatycatw      60
actkggaaaa gmaacattaa agcctggaca ctggtattaa aattcacaat atgcaacact     120
ttaaacagtg tgtcaatctg ctccccyynac tttgtcatca ccagtctggg aakaagggta    180
tgccctattc acacctgtta aaagggcgct aagcattttt gattcaacat cttttttttt     240
gacacaagtc cgaaaaaagc aaaagtaaac agttatyaat ttgttagcca attcactttc     300
ttcatgggac agagccatyt gatttaaaaa gcaaattgca taatattgag cttygggagc     360
tgatatttga gcggaagagt agcctttcta cttcaccaga cacaactccc tttcatattg     420
ggatgttnac naaagtwatg tctctwacag atgggatgct tttgtggcaa ttctgttctg     480
aggatctccc agtttattta ccacttgcac aagaaggcgt tttcttcctc aggc           534
```

<210> 188
<211> 761
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(761)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 188

```
agaaaccagt atctctnaaa acaacctctc ataccttgtg gacctaattt tgtgtgcgtg      60
tgtgtgtgcg cgcatattat atagacaggc acatcttttt tacttttgta aaagcttatg     120
cctctttggt atctatatct gtgaaagttt taatgatctg ccataatgtc ttggggacct     180
```

ttgtcttctg tgtaaatggt actagagaaa acacctatnt tatgagtcaa tctagttngt 240
tttattcgac atgaaggaaa tttccagatn acaacactna caaactctcc ctkgackarg 300
ggggacaaag aaaagcaaaa ctgamcataa raaacaatwa cctggtgaga arttgcataa 360
acagaaatwr ggtagtatat tgaarnacag catcattaaa rmgttwtktt wttctccctt 420
gcaaaaaaca tgtacngact tcccgttgag taatgccaag ttgttttttt tatnataaaa 480
cttgcccttc attacatgtt tnaaagtggt gtggtgggcc aaaatattga aatgatggaa 540
ctgactgata aagctgtaca aataagcagt gtgcctaaca agcaacacag taatgttgac 600
atgcttaatt cacaaatgct aatttcatta taaatgtttg ctaaaataca ctttgaacta 660
tttttctgtn ttcccagagc tgagatntta gattttatgt agtatnaagt gaaaaantac 720
gaaaataata acattgaaga aaaananaaa aaanaaaaaa a 761

<210> 189
<211> 482
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(482)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 189
tttttttttt tttgccgatn ctactatttt attgcaggan gtgggggtgt atgcaccgca 60
caccggggct atnagaagca agaaggaagg agggagggca cagccccttg ctgagcaaca 120
aagccgcctg ctgccttctc tgtctgtctc ctggtgcagg cacatgggga gaccttcccc 180
aaggcagggg ccaccagtcc aggggtggga atacaggggg tgggangtgt gcataagaag 240
tgataggcac aggccacccg gtacagaccc ctcggctcct gacaggtnga tttcgaccag 300
gtcattgtgc cctgcccagg cacagcgtan atctggaaaa gacagaatgc tttccttttc 360
aaatttggct ngtcatngaa ngggcanttt tccaanttng gctnggtctt ggtacncttg 420
gttcggccca gctccncgtc caaaaantat tcacccnnct ccnaattgct tgcnggnccc 480
cc 482

<210> 190
<211> 471
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(471)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 190
tttttttttt ttttaaaaca gtttttcaca acaaaattta ttagaagaat agtggttttg 60
aaaactctcg catccagtga gaactaccat acaccacatt acagctngga atgtnctcca 120
aatgtctggt caaatgatac aatggaacca ttcaatctta cacatgcacg aaagaacaag 180
cgcttttgac atacaatgca caaaaaaaaa aggggggggg gaccacatgg attaaaattt 240
taagtactca tcacatacat taagacacag ttctagtcca gtcnaaaatc agaactgcnt 300
tgaaaaattt catgtatgca atccaaccaa agaacttnat tggtgatcat gantnctcta 360
ctacatcnac cttgatcatt gccaggaacn aaaagttnaa ancacncngt acaaaaanaa 420
tctgtaattn anttcaacct ccgtacngaa aaatnttnnt tatacactcc c 471

<210> 191
<211> 402
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(402)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 191
gagggattga aggtctgttc tastgtcggm ctgttcagcc accaactcta acaagttgct 60
gtcttccact cactgtctgt aagcttttta acccagacwg tatcttcata aatagaacaa 120
attcttcacc agtcacatct tctaggacct ttttggattc agttagtata agctcttcca 180
cttcctttgt taagacttca tctggtaaag tcttaagttt tgtagaaagg aattyaattg 240
ctcgttctct aacaatgtcc tctccttgaa gtatttggct gaacaaccca cctaaagtcc 300
ctttgtgcat ccattttaaa tatacttaat agggcattgk tncactaggt taaattctgc 360
aagagtcatc tgtctgcaaa agttgcgtta gtatatctgc ca 402

<210> 192
<211> 601
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(601)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 192
gagctcggat ccaataatct ttgtctgagg gcagcacaca tatncagtgc catggnaact 60
ggtctacccc acatgggagc agcatgccgt agntatataa ggtcattccc tgagtcagac 120
atgcytyttt gaytaccgtg tgccaagtgc tggtgattct yaacacacyt ccatcccgyt 180
cttttgtgga aaaactggca cttktctgga actagcarga catcacttac aaattcaccc 240
acgagacact tgaaaggtgt aacaaagcga ytcttgcatt gctttttgtc cctccggcac 300
cagttgtcaa tactaacccg ctggtttgcc tccatcacat ttgtgatctg tagctctgga 360
tacatctcct gacagtactg aagaacttct tcttttgttt caaaagcarc tcttggtgcc 420
tgttggatca ggttcccatt tcccagtcyg aatgttcaca tggcatattt wacttcccac 480
aaaacattgc gatttgaggc tcagcaacag caaatcctgt tccggcattg gctgcaagag 540
cctcgatgta gccggccagc gccaaggcag gcgccgtgag ccccaccagc agcagaagca 600
g 601

<210> 193
<211> 608
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(608)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 193
atacagccca natcccacca cgaagatgcg cttgttgact gagaacctga tgcggtcact 60
ggtcccgctg tagccccagc gactctccac ctgctggaag cggttgatgc tgcactcytt 120
cccaacgcag gcagmagcgg gsccggtcaa tgaactccay tcgtggcttg gggtkgacgg 180
tkaagtgcag gaagaggctg accacctcgc ggtccaccag gatgcccgac tgtgcgggac 240
ctgcagcgaa actcctcgat ggtcatgagc gggaagcgaa tgaggcccag ggccttgccc 300

agaaccttcc gcctgttctc tggcgtcacc tgcagctgct gccgctgaca ctcggcctcg 360
gaccagcgga caaacggcrt tgaacagccg cacctcacgg atgcccagtg tgtcgcgctc 420
caggammgsc accagcgtgt ccaggtcaat gtcggtgaag ccctccgcgg gtratggcgt 480
ctgcagtgtt tttgtcgatg ttctccaggc acaggctggc cagctgcggt tcatcgaaga 540
gtcgcgcctg cgtgagcagc atgaaggcgt tgtcggctcg cagttcttct tcaggaactc 600
cacgcaat 608

<210> 194
<211> 392
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 194
gaacggctgg accttgcctc gcattgtgct tgctggcagg gaataccttg gcaagcagyt 60
ccagtccgag cagccccaga ccgctgccgc ccgaagctaa gcctgcctct ggccttcccc 120
tccgcctcaa tgcagaacca gtagtgggag cactgtgttt agagttaaga gtgaacactg 180
tttgatttta cttgggaatt tcctctgtta tatagctttt cccaatgcta atttccaaac 240
aacaacaaca aaataacatg tttgcctgtt aagttgtata aaagtaggtg attctgtatt 300
taaagaaaat attactgtta catatactgc ttgcaatttc tgtatttatt gktnctstgg 360
aaataaatat agttattaaa ggttgtcant cc 392

<210> 195
<211> 502
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(502)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 195
ccsttkgagg ggtkaggkyc cagttyccga gtggaagaaa caggccagga gaagtgcgtg 60
ccgagctgag gcagatgttc ccacagtgac ccccagagcc stgggstata gtytctgacc 120
cctcncaagg aaagaccacs ttctggggac atgggctgga gggcaggacc tagaggcacc 180
aagggaaggc cccattccgg ggstgttccc cgaggaggaa gggaaggggc tctgtgtgcc 240
ccccasgagg aagaggccct gagtcctggg atcagacacc ccttcacgtg tatccccaca 300
caaatgcaag ctcaccaagg tcccctctca gtccccttcc stacaccctg amcggccact 360
gscscacacc cacccagagc acgccacccg ccatggggar tgtgctcaag gartcgcngg 420
gcarcgtgga catctngtcc cagaaggggg cagaatctcc aatagangga ctgarcmstt 480
gctnanaaaa aaaaanaaaa aa 502

<210> 196
<211> 665
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(665)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 196
ggttacttgg tttcattgcc accacttagt ggatgtcatt tagaaccatt ttgtctgctc 60
cctctggaag ccttgcgcag agcggacttt gtaattgttg gagaataact gctgaatttt 120
wagctgtttk gagttgatts gcaccactgc acccacaact tcaatatgaa aacyawttga 180
actwatttat tatcttgtga aaagtataac aatgaaaatt ttgttcatac tgtattkatc 240
aagtatgatg aaaagcaawa gatatatatt cttttattat gttaaattat gattgccatt 300
attaatcggc aaaatgtgga gtgtatgttc ttttcacagt aatatatgcc ttttgtaact 360
tcacttggtt attttattgt aaatgartta caaaattctt aatttaagar aatggtatgt 420
watatttatt tcattaattt ctttcctkgt ttacgtwaat tttgaaaaga wtgcatgatt 480
tcttgacaga aatcgatctt gatgctgtgg aagtagtttg acccacatcc ctatgagttt 540
ttcttagaat gtataaaggt tgtagcccat cnaacttcaa agaaaaaaat gaccacatac 600
tttgcaatca ggctgaaatg tggcatgctn ttctaattcc aactttataa actagcaaan 660
aagtg 665

<210> 197
<211> 492
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(492)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 197
ttttnttttt tttttttgc aggaaggatt ccatttattg tggatgcatt ttcacaatat 60
atgtttattg gagcgatcca ttatcagtga aaagtatcaa gtgtttataa natttttagg 120
aaggcagatt cacagaacat gctngtcngc ttgcagtttt acctcgtana gatnacagag 180
aattatagtc naaccagtaa acnaggaatt tacttttcaa aagattaaat ccaaactgaa 240
caaaattcta ccctgaaact tactccatcc aaatattgga ataanagtca gcagtgatac 300
attctcttct gaactttaga ttttctagaa aaatatgtaa tagtgatcag gaagagctct 360
tgttcaaaag tacaacnaag caatgttccc ttaccatagg ccttaattca aactttgatc 420
catttcactc ccatcacggg agtcaatgct acctgggaca cttgtatttt gttcatnctg 480
ancntggctt aa 492

<210> 198
<211> 478
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(478)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 198
tttnttttgn atttcantct gtannaanta ttttcattat gtttattana aaaatatnaa 60
tgtntccacn acaaatcatn ttacntnagt aagaggccan ctacattgta caacatacac 120
tgagtatatt ttgaaaagga caagtttaaa gtanacncat attgccganc atancacatt 180
tatacatggc ttgattgata tttagcacag canaaactga gtgagttacc agaaanaaat 240
natatatgtc aatcngattt aagatacaaa acagatccta tggtacatan catcntgtag 300
gagttgtggc tttatgttta ctgaaagtca atgcagttcc tgtacaaaga gatggccgta 360
agcattctag tacctctact ccatggttaa gaatcgtaca cttatgttta catatgtnca 420

gggtaagaat tgtgttaagt naanttatgg agaggtccan gagaaaaatt tgatncaa 478

<210> 199
<211> 482
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(482)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 199
agtgacttgt cctccaacaa aacccсttga tcaagtttgt ggcactgaca atcagaccta 60
tgctagttcc tgtcatctat tcgctactaa atgcagactg gaggggacca aaaaggggca 120
tcaactccag ctggattatt ttggagcctg caaatctatt cctacttgta cggactttga 180
agtgattcag tttcctctac ggatgagaga ctggctcaag aatatcctca tgcagcttta 240
tgaagccnac tctgaacacg ctggttatct nagatgagaa ncagagaaat aaagtcnaga 300
aaatttacct ggangaaaag aggctttngg ctggggacca tcccattgaa ccttctctta 360
anggacttta agaanaaact accacatgtn tgtngtatcc tggtgccngg ccgtttantg 420
aacntngacn ncacccttnt ggaatanant cttgacngcn tcctgaactt gctcctctgc 480
ga 482

<210> 200
<211> 270
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(270)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 200
cggccgcaag tgcaactcca gctggggccg tgcggacgaa gattctgcca gcagttggtc 60
cgactgcgac gacggcggcg gcgacagtcg caggtgcagc gcgggcgcct ggggtcttgc 120
aaggctgagc tgacgccgca gaggtcgtgt cacgtcccac gaccttgacg ccgtcgggga 180
cagccggaac agagcccggt gaangcggga ggcctcgggg agcccctcgg gaagggcggc 240
ccgagagata cgcaggtgca ggtggccgcc 270

<210> 201
<211> 419
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(419)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 201
tttttttttt ttttggaatc tactgcgagc acagcaggtc agcaacaagt ttattttgca 60
gctagcaagg taacagggta gggcatggtt acatgttcag gtcaacttcc tttgtcgtgg 120
ttgattggtt tgtctttatg ggggcggggt ggggtagggg aaancgaagc anaantaaca 180
tggagtgggt gcaccctccc tgtagaacct ggttacnaaa gcttggggca gttcacctgg 240

tctgtgaccg tcattttctt gacatcaatg ttattagaag tcaggatatc ttttagagag 300
tccactgtnt ctggagggag attagggttt cttgccaana tccaancaaa atccacntga 360
aaaagttgga tgatncangt acngaatacc ganggcatan ttctcatant cggtggcca 419

<210> 202
<211> 509
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(509)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 202
tttnttttt ttttttttt ttttttttt ttttttttt ttttttttt ttttttttt 60
tggcacttaa tccattttta tttcaaaatg tctacaaant ttnaatncnc cattatacng 120
gtnattttnc aaaatctaaa nnttattcaa atntnagcca aantccttac ncaaatnnaa 180
tacncncaaa aatcaaaaat atacntntct ttcagcaaac ttngttacat aaattaaaaa 240
aatatatacg gctggtgttt tcaaagtaca attatcttaa cactgcaaac atntttnnaa 300
ggaactaaaa taaaaaaaaa cactnccgca aaggttaaag ggaacaacaa attcntttta 360
caacancnnc nattataaaa atcatatctc aaatcttagg ggaatatata cttcacacng 420
ggatcttaac ttttactnca ctttgtttat ttttttanaa ccattgtntt gggcccaaca 480
caatggnaat nccnccncnc tggactagt 509

<210> 203
<211> 583
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(583)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 203
tttttttttt ttttttttga cccccctctt ataaaaaaca agttaccatt ttattttact 60
tacacatatt tattttataa ttggtattag atattcaaaa ggcagctttt aaaatcaaac 120
taaatggaaa ctgccttaga tacataattc ttaggaatta gcttaaaatc tgcctaaagt 180
gaaaatcttc tctagctctt ttgactgtaa atttttgact cttgtaaaac atccaaattc 240
atttttcttg tctttaaaat tatctaatct ttccattttt tccctattcc aagtcaattt 300
gcttctctag cctcatttcc tagctcttat ctactattag taagtggctt ttttcctaaa 360
agggaaaaca ggaagagana atggcacaca aaacaaacat tttatattca tatttctacc 420
tacgttaata aaatagcatt ttgtgaagcc agctcaaaag aaggcttaga tccttttatg 480
tccattttag tcactaaacg atatcnaaag tgccagaatg caaaaggttt gtgaacattt 540
attcaaaagc taatataaga tatttcacat actcatcttt ctg 583

<210> 204
<211> 589
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(589)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 204
tttttttnt ttttttttt ttttttnctc ttcttttttt ttganaatga ggatcgagtt 60
tttcactctc tagatagggc atgaagaaaa ctcatctttc cagctttaaa ataacaatca 120
aatctcttat gctatatcat attttaagtt aaactaatga gtcactggct tatcttctcc 180
tgaaggaaat ctgttcattc ttctcattca tatagttata tcaagtacta ccttgcatat 240
tgagaggttt ttcttctcta tttacacata tatttccatg tgaatttgta tcaaaccttt 300
attttcatgc aaactagaaa ataatgtntt cttttgcata agagaagaga acaatatnag 360
cattacaaaa ctgctcaaat tgtttgttaa gnttatccat tataattagt tnggcaggag 420
ctaatacaaa tcacatttac ngacnagcaa taataaaact gaagtaccag ttaaatatcc 480
aaaataatta aaggaacatt tttagcctgg gtataattag ctaattcact ttacaagcat 540
ttattnagaa tgaattcaca tgttattatt ccntagccca acacaatgg 589

<210> 205
<211> 545
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(545)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 205
tttttntttt tttttttcagt aataatcaga acaatattta ttttatatt taaaattcat 60
agaaaagtgc cttacattta ataaaagttt gtttctcaaa gtgatcagag gaattagata 120
tngtcttgaa caccaatatt aatttgagga aaatacacca aaatacatta agtaaattat 180
ttaagatcat agagcttgta agtgaaaaga taaaatttga cctcagaaac tctgagcatt 240
aaaaatccac tattagcaaa taaattacta tggacttctt gctttaattt tgtgatgaat 300
atggggtgtc actggtaaac caacacattc tgaaggatac attacttagt gatagattct 360
tatgtacttt gctanatnac gtggatatga gttgacaagt ttctctttct tcaatctttt 420
aaggggcnga ngaaatgagg aagaaaagaa aaggattacg catactgttc tttctatngg 480
aaggattaga tatgtttcct ttgccaatat taaaaaaata ataatgttta ctactagtga 540
aaccc 545

<210> 206
<211> 487
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(487)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 206
tttttttttt ttttttagtc aagtttctna tttttattat aattaaagtc ttggtcattt 60
catttattag ctctgcaact tacatattta aattaaagaa acgttnttag acaactgtna 120
caatttataa atgtaaggtg ccattattga gtanatatat tcctccaaga gtggatgtgt 180
cccttctccc accaactaat gaancagcaa cattagttta attttattag tagatnatac 240
actgctgcaa acgctaattc tcttctccat ccccatgtng atattgtgta tatgtgtgag 300
ttggtnagaa tgcatcanca atctnacaat caacagcaag atgaagctag gcntgggctt 360
tcggtgaaaa tagactgtgt ctgtctgaat caaatgatct gacctatcct cggtggcaag 420
aactcttcga accgcttcct caaaggcngc tgccacattt gtggcntctn ttgcacttgt 480

ttcaaaa 487

<210> 207
<211> 332
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(332)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 207
tgaattggct aaaagactgc atttttanaa ctagcaactc ttatttcttt cctttaaaaa 60
tacatagcat taaatcccaa atcctattta aagacctgac agcttgagaa ggtcactact 120
gcatttatag gaccttctgg tggttctgct gttacntttg aantctgaca atccttgana 180
atctttgcat gcagaggagg taaaaggtat tggattttca cagaggaana acacagcgca 240
gaaatgaagg ggccaggctt actgagcttg tccactggag ggctcatggg tgggacatgg 300
aaaagaaggc agcctaggcc ctggggagcc ca 332

<210> 208
<211> 524
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(524)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 208
agggcgtggt gcggagggcg ttactgtttt gtctcagtaa caataaatac aaaaagactg 60
gttgtgttcc ggcccccatcc aaccacgaag ttgatttctc ttgtgtgcag agtgactgat 120
tttaaaggac atggagcttg tcacaatgtc acaatgtcac agtgtgaagg gcacactcac 180
tcccgcgtga ttcacattta gcaaccaaca atagctcatg agtccatact tgtaaatact 240
tttggcagaa tacttnttga aacttgcaga tgataactaa gatccaagat atttcccaaa 300
gtaaatagaa gtgggtcata atattaatta cctgttcaca tcagcttcca tttacaagtc 360
atgagcccag acactgacat caaactaagc ccacttagac tcctcaccac cagtctgtcc 420
tgtcatcaga caggaggctg tcaccttgac caaattctca ccagtcaatc atctatccaa 480
aaaccattac ctgatccact tccggtaatg caccaccttg gtga 524

<210> 209
<211> 159
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 209
gggtgaggaa atccagagtt gccatggaga aaattccagt gtcagcattc ttgctccttg 60
tggccctctc ctacactctg gccagagata ccacagtcaa acctggagcc aaaaaggaca 120
caaaggactc tcgacccaaa ctgccccaga ccctctcca 159

<210> 210
<211> 256
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(256)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 210
actccctggc agacaaaggc agaggagaga gctctgttag ttctgtgttg ttgaactgcc 60
actgaatttc tttccacttg gactattaca tgccanttga gggactaatg gaaaaacgta 120
tggggagatt ttanccaatt tangtntgta aatggggaga ctggggcagg cgggagagat 180
ttgcagggtg naaatgggan ggctggtttg ttanatgaac agggacatag gaggtaggca 240
ccaggatgct aaatca 256

<210> 211
<211> 264
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(264)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 211
acattgtttt tttgagataa agcattgaga gagctctcct taacgtgaca caatggaagg 60
actggaacac atacccacat ctttgttctg agggataatt ttctgataaa gtcttgctgt 120
atattcaagc acatatgtta tatattattc agttccatgt ttatagccta gttaaggaga 180
ggggagatac attcngaaag aggactgaaa gaaatactca agtnggaaaa cagaaaaaga 240
aaaaaaggag caaatgagaa gcct 264

<210> 212
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 212
acccaaaaat ccaatgctga atatttggct tcattattcc canattcttt gattgtcaaa 60
ggatttaatg ttgtctcagc ttgggcactt cagttaggac ctaaggatgc cagccggcag 120
gtttatatat gcagcaacaa tattcaagcg cgacaacagg ttattgaact tgcccgccag 180
ttnaatttca ttcccattga cttgggatcc ttatcatcag ccagagagat tgaaaattta 240
cccctacnac tctttactct ctgganaggg ccagtggtgg tagctataag cttggccaca 300
ttttttttc ctttattcct ttgtcaga 328

<210> 213
<211> 250
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(250)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 213
acttatgagc agagcgacat atccnagtgt agactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt 60
taaagcattg ctcactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct 120
cattatgcca aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt 180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataanc catgttaana aacaaatatc tctctnacct 240
tctcatcggt 250

<210> 214
<211> 444
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(444)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 214
acccagaatc caatgctgaa tatttggctt cattattccc agattctttg attgtcaaag 60
gatttaatgt tgtctcagct tgggcacttc agttaggacc taaggatgcc agccggcagg 120
tttatatatg cagcaacaat attcaagcgc gacaacaggt tattgaactt gcccgccagt 180
tgaatttcat tcccattgac ttgggatcct tatcatcagc canagagatt gaaaatttac 240
ccctacgact ctttactctc tggagagggc cagtggtggt agctataagc ttggccacat 300
ttttttttcc tttattcctt tgtcagagat gcgattcatc catatgctan aaaccaacag 360
agtgactttt acaaaattcc tataganatt gtgaataaaa ccttacctat agttgccatt 420
actttgctct ccctaatata cctc 444

<210> 215
<211> 366
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(366)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 215
acttatgagc agagcgacat atccaagtgt anactgaata aaactgaatt ctctccagtt 60
taaagcattg ctcactgaag ggatagaagt gactgccagg agggaaagta agccaaggct 120
cattatgcca aagganatat acatttcaat tctccaaact tcttcctcat tccaagagtt 180
ttcaatattt gcatgaacct gctgataagc catgttgaga aacaaatatc tctctgacct 240
tctcatcggt aagcagaggc tgtaggcaac atggaccata gcgaanaaaa aacttagtaa 300
tccaagctgt tttctacact gtaaccaggt ttccaaccaa ggtggaaatc tcctatactt 360
ggtgcc 366

<210> 216
<211> 260
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>

<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(260)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 216
ctgtataaac agaactccac tgcangaggg agggccgggc caggagaatc tccgcttgtc 60
caagacaggg gcctaaggag ggtctccaca ctgctnntaa gggctnttnc attttttttat 120
taataaaaag tnnaaaaggc ctcttctcaa cttttttccc ttnggctgga aaatttaaaa 180
atcaaaaatt tcctnaagtt ntcaagctat catatatact ntatcctgaa aaagcaacat 240
aattcttcct tccctccttt 260

<210> 217
<211> 262
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(262)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 217
acctacgtgg gtaagtttan aaatgttata atttcaggaa naggaacgca tataattgta 60
tcttgcctat aattttctat tttaataagg aaatagcaaa ttggggtggg gggaatgtag 120
ggcattctac agtttgagca aaatgcaatt aaatgtggaa ggacagcact gaaaaatttt 180
atgaataatc tgtatgatta tatgtctcta gagtagattt ataattagcc acttacccta 240
atatccttca tgcttgtaaa gt 262

<210> 218
<211> 205
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(205)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 218
accaaggtgg tgcattaccg gaantggatc aangacacca tcgtggccaa cccctgagca 60
cccctatcaa ctccctttttg tagtaaactt ggaaccttgg aaatgaccag gccaagactc 120
aggcctcccc agttctactg acctttgtcc ttangtntna ngtccagggt tgctaggaaa 180
anaaatcagc agacacaggt gtaaa 205

<210> 219
<211> 114
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 219
tactgttttg tctcagtaac aataaataca aaaagactgg ttgtgttccg gccccatcca 60
accacgaagt tgatttctct tgtgtgcaga gtgactgatt ttaaaggaca tgga 114

<210> 220
<211> 93

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 220
actagccagc acaaaaggca gggtagcctg aattgctttc tgctctttac atttctttta 60
aaataagcat ttagtgctca gtccctactg agt 93

<210> 221
<211> 167
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(167)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 221
actangtgca ggtgcgcaca aatatttgtc gatattccct tcatcttgga ttccatgagg 60
tcttttgccc agcctgtggc tctactgtag taagtttctg ctgatgagga gccagnatgc 120
cccccactac cttccctgac gctccccana aatcacccaa cctctgt 167

<210> 222
<211> 351
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 222
agggcgtggt gcggagggcg gtactgacct cattagtagg aggatgcatt ctggcacccc 60
gttcttcacc tgtcccccaa tccttaaaag gccatactgc ataaagtcaa caacagataa 120
atgtttgctg aattaaagga tggatgaaaa aaattaataa tgaatttttg cataatccaa 180
ttttctcttt tatatttcta gaagaagttt ctttgagcct attagatccc gggaatcttt 240
taggtgagca tgattagaga gcttgtaggt tgcttttaca tatatctggc atatttgagt 300
ctcgtatcaa aacaatagat tggtaaaggt ggtattattg tattgataag t 351

<210> 223
<211> 383
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(383)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 223
aaaacaaaca aacaaaaaaa acaattcttc attcagaaaa attatcttag ggactgatat 60
tggtaattat ggtcaattta atwrtrttkt ggggcatttc cttacattgt cttgacaaga 120
ttaaaatgtc tgtgccaaaa ttttgtattt tatttggaga cttcttatca aaagtaatgc 180
tgccaaagga agtctaagga attagtagtg ttcccmtcac ttgtttggag tgtgctattc 240
taaaagattt tgatttcctg gaatgacaat tatattttaa ctttggtggg ggaaanagtt 300
ataggaccac agtcttcact tctgatactt gtaaattaat cttttattgc acttgttttg 360
accattaagc tatatgttta aaa 383

<210> 224

<211> 320
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 224
ccccctgaagg cttcttgtta gaaaatagta cagttacaac caataggaac aacaaaaaga 60
aaaagtttgt gacattgtag tagggagtgt gtacccctta ctccccatca aaaaaaaaat 120
ggatacatgg ttaaaggata raagggcaat attttatcat atgttctaaa agagaaggaa 180
gagaaaatac tactttctcr aaatggaagc ccttaaaggt gctttgatac tgaaggacac 240
aaatgtggcc gtccatcctc ctttaragtt gcatgacttg gacacggtaa ctgttgcagt 300
tttaractcm gcattgtgac 320

<210> 225
<211> 1214
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 225
gaggactgca gcccgcactc gcagccctgg caggcggcac tggtcatgga aaacgaattg 60
ttctgctcgg gcgtcctggt gcatccgcag tgggtgctgt cagccgcaca ctgtttccag 120
aactcctaca ccatcgggct gggcctgcac agtcttgagg ccgaccaaga gccagggagc 180
cagatggtgg aggccagcct ctccgtacgg cacccagagt acaacagacc cttgctcgct 240
aacgacctca tgctcatcaa gttggacgaa tccgtgtccg agtctgacac catccggagc 300
atcagcattg cttcgcagtg ccctaccgcg gggaactctt gcctcgtttc tggctggggt 360
ctgctggcga acggcagaat gcctaccgtg ctgcagtgcg tgaacgtgtc ggtggtgtct 420
gaggaggtct gcagtaagct ctatgacccg ctgtaccacc ccagcatgtt ctgcgccggc 480
ggagggcaag accagaagga ctcctgcaac ggtgactctg gggggcccct gatctgcaac 540
gggtacttgc agggccttgt gtctttcgga aaagccccgt gtggccaagt tggcgtgcca 600
ggtgtctaca ccaacctctg caaattcact gagtggatag agaaaaccgt ccaggccagt 660
taactctggg gactgggaac ccatgaaatt gacccccaaa tacatcctgc ggaaggaatt 720
caggaatatc tgttcccagc ccctcctccc tcaggcccag gagtccaggc ccccagcccc 780
tcctccctca aaccaagggt acagatcccc agcccctcct ccctcagacc caggagtcca 840
gacccccag cccctcctcc ctcagaccca ggagtccagc ccctcctccc tcagacccag 900
gagtccagac cccccagccc ctcctccctc agacccaggg gtccaggccc ccaacccctc 960
ctccctcaga ctcagaggtc caagcccca acccctcctt ccccagaccc agaggtccag 1020
gtcccagccc ctcctccctc agacccagcg gtccaatgcc acctagactc tccctgtaca 1080
cagtgccccc ttgtggcacg ttgacccaac cttaccagtt ggtttttcat tttttgtccc 1140
tttcccctag atccagaaat aaagtctaag agaagcgcaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa 1200
aaaaaaaaaa aaaa 1214

<210> 226
<211> 119
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 226
acccagtatg tgcagggaga cggaacccca tgtgacagcc cactccacca gggttcccaa 60
agaacctggc ccagtcataa tcattcatcc tgacagtggc aataatcacg ataaccagt 119

<210> 227
<211> 818
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 227

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acaattcata gggacgacca atgaggacag ggaatgaacc cggctctccc ccagccctga     60
tttttgctac atatggggtc cctttcatt ctttgcaaaa acactgggtt ttctgagaac     120
acggacggtt cttagcacaa tttgtgaaat ctgtgtaraa ccgggctttg caggggagat    180
aattttcctc ctctggagga aaggtggtga ttgacaggca gggagacagt gacaaggcta    240
gagaaagcca cgctcggcct tctctgaacc aggatggaac ggcagacccc tgaaaacgaa    300
gcttgtcccc ttccaatcag ccacttctga gaaccccccat ctaacttcct actggaaaag   360
agggcctcct caggagcagt ccaagagttt tcaaagataa cgtgacaact accatctaga    420
ggaaagggtg caccctcagc agagaagccg agagcttaac tctggtcgtt tccagagaca    480
acctgctggc tgtcttggga tgcgcccagc ctttgagagg ccactacccc atgaacttct    540
gccatccact ggacatgaag ctgaggacac tgggcttcaa cactgagttg tcatgagagg    600
gacaggctct gccctcaagc cggctgaggg cagcaaccac tctcctcccc tttctcacgc    660
aaagccattc ccacaaatcc agaccatacc atgaagcaac gagacccaaa cagtttggct    720
caagaggata tgaggactgt ctcagcctgg ctttgggctg acaccatgca cacacacaag    780
gtccacttct aggttttcag cctagatggg agtcgtgt                            818
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<210> 228
<211> 744
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 228

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actggagaca ctgttgaact tgatcaagac ccagaccacc ccaggtctcc ttcgtgggat     60
gtcatgacgt ttgacatacc tttggaacga gcctcctcct tggaagatgg aagaccgtgt    120
tcgtggccga cctggcctct cctggcctgt ttcttaagat gcggagtcac atttcaatgg    180
taggaaaagt ggcttcgtaa aatagaagag cagtcactgt ggaactacca aatggcgaga    240
tgctcggtgc acattggggt gctttgggat aaaagattta tgagccaact attctctggc    300
accagattct aggccagttt gttccactga agcttttccc acagcagtcc acctctgcag    360
gctggcagct gaatggcttg ccggtggctc tgtggcaaga tcacactgag atcgatgggt    420
gagaaggcta ggatgcttgt ctagtgttct tagctgtcac gttggctcct tccaggttgg    480
ccagacggtg ttggccactc ccttctaaaa cacaggcgcc ctcctggtga cagtgacccg    540
ccgtggtatg ccttggccca ttccagcagt cccagttatg catttcaagt ttggggtttg    600
ttcttttcgt taatgttcct ctgtgttgtc agctgtcttc atttcctggg ctaagcagca    660
ttgggagatg tggaccagag atccactcct taagaaccag tggcgaaaga cactttcttt    720
cttcactctg aagtagctgg tggt                                           744
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<210> 229
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 229

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cgagtctggg ttttgtctat aaagtttgat ccctcctttt ctcatccaaa tcatgtgaac     60
cattacacat cgaaataaaa gaaaggtggc agacttgccc aacgccaggc tgacatgtgc    120
tgcagggttg ttgtttttta attattattg ttagaaacgt caccccacagt ccctgttaat   180
ttgtatgtga cagccaactc tgagaaggtc ctatttttcc acctgcagag gatccagtct    240
cactaggctc ctccttgccc tcacactgga gtctccgcca gtgtgggtgc ccactgacat    300
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<210> 230
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 230

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cagcagaaca aatacaaata tgaagagtgc aaagatctca taaaatctat gctgaggaat     60
gagcgacagt tcaaggagga gaagcttgca gagcagctca agcaagctga ggagctcagg    120
```

caatataaag tcctggttca cactcaggaa cgagagctga cccagttaag ggagaagttg 180
cgggaaggga gagatgcctc cctctcattg aatgagcatc tccaggccct cctcactccg 240
gatgaaccgg acaagtccca ggggcaggac ctccaagaaa cagacctcgg ccgcgaccac 300
g 301

<210> 231
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 231
gcaagcacgc tggcaaatct ctgtcaggtc agctccagag aagccattag tcattttagc 60
caggaactcc aagtccacat ccttggcaac tggggacttg cgcaggttag ccttgaggat 120
ggcaacacgg gacttctcat caggaagtgg gatgtagatg agctgatcaa gacggccagg 180
tctgaggatg gcaggatcaa tgatgtcagg ccggttggta ccgccaatga tgaacacatt 240
tttttttgtg gacatgccat ccatttctgt caggatctgg ttgatgactc ggtcagcagc 300
c 301

<210> 232
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 232
agtaggtatt tcgtgagaag ttcaacacca aaactggaac atagttctcc ttcaagtgtt 60
ggcgacagcg gggcttcctg attctggaat ataactttgt gtaaattaac agccacctat 120
agaagagtcc atctgctgtg aaggagagac agagaactct gggttccgtc gtcctgtcca 180
cgtgctgtac caagtgctgg tgccagcctg ttacctgttc tcactgaaaa tctggctaat 240
gctcttgtgt atcacttctg attctgacaa tcaatcaatc aatggcctag agcactgact 300
g 301

<210> 233
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 233
atgactgact tcccagtaag gctctctaag ggtaagtag gaggatccac aggatttgag 60
atgctaaggc cccagagatc gtttgatcca accctcttat tttcagaggg gaaaatgggg 120
cctagaagtt acagagcatc tagctggtgc gctggcaccc ctggcctcac acagactccc 180
gagtagctgg gactacaggc acacagtcac tgaagcaggc cctgttagca attctatgcg 240
tacaaattaa catgagatga gtagagactt tattgagaaa gcaagagaaa atcctatcaa 300
c 301

<210> 234
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 234
aggtcctaca catcgagact catccatgat tgatatgaat ttaaaaatta caagcaaaga 60
cattttattc atcatgatgc tttcttttgt ttcttctttt cgttttcttc tttttctttt 120
tcaatttcag caacatactt ctcaatttct tcaggattta aaatcttgag ggattgatct 180
cgcctcatga cagcaagttc aatgttttg ccacctgact gaaccacttc caggagtgcc 240
ttgatcacca gcttaatggt cagatcatct gcttcaatgg cttcgtcagt atagttcttc 300

t 301

<210> 235
<211> 283
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 235
tggggctgtg catcaggcgg gtttgagaaa tattcaattc tcagcagaag ccagaatttg 60
aattccctca tcttttaggg aatcatttac caggtttgga gaggattcag acagctcagg 120
tgctttcact aatgtctctg aacttctgtc cctctttgtt catggatagt ccaataaata 180
atgttatctt tgaactgatg ctcataggag agaatataag aactctgagt gatatcaaca 240
ttagggattc aaagaaatat tagatttaag ctcacactgg tca 283

<210> 236
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 236
aggtcctcca ccaactgcct gaagcacggt taaaattggg aagaagtata gtgcagcata 60
aatactttta aatcgatcag atttccctaa cccacatgca atcttcttca ccagaagagg 120
tcggagcagc atcattaata ccaagcagaa tgcgtaatag ataaatacaa tggtatatag 180
tgggtagacg gcttcatgag tacagtgtac tgtggtatcg taatctggac ttgggttgta 240
aagcatcgtg taccagtcag aaagcatcaa tactcgacat gaacgaatat aaagaacacc 300
a 301

<210> 237
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 237
cagtggtagt ggtggtggac gtggcgttgg tcgtggtgcc tttttggtg cccgtcacaa 60
actcaatttt tgttcgctcc tttttggcct tttccaattt gtccatctca attttctggg 120
ccttggctaa tgcctcatag taggagtcct cagaccagcc atggggatca aacatatcct 180
ttgggtagtt ggtgccaagc tcgtcaatgg cacagaatgg atcagcttct cgtaaatcta 240
gggttccgaa attctttctt cctttggata atgtagttca tatccattcc ctcctttatc 300
t 301

<210> 238
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 238
gggcaggttt tttttttttt ttttttgatg gtgcagaccc ttgctttatt tgtctgactt 60
gttcacagtt cagccccctg ctcagaaaac caacgggcca gctaaggaga ggaggaggca 120
ccttgagact tccggagtcg aggctctcca gggttcccca gcccatcaat cattttctgc 180
accccctgcc tgggaagcag ctccctgggg ggtgggaatg ggtgactaga agggatttca 240
gtgtgggacc cagggtctgt tcttcacagt aggaggtgga agggatgact aatttcttta 300
t 301

<210> 239
<211> 239

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 239
ataagcagct agggaattct ttatttagta atgtcctaac ataaaagttc acataactgc 60
ttctgtcaaa ccatgatact gagctttgtg acaacccaga aataactaag agaaggcaaa 120
cataatacct tagagatcaa gaaacattta cacagttcaa ctgtttaaaa atagctcaac 180
attcagccag tgagtagagt gtgaatgcca gcatacacag tatacaggtc cttcaggga 239

<210> 240
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 240
ggtcctaatg aagcagcagc ttccacattt taacgcaggt ttacggtgat actgtccttt 60
gggatctgcc ctccagtgga acctttttaag gaagaagtgg gcccaagcta agttccacat 120
gctgggtgag ccagatgact tctgttccct ggtcactttc ttcaatgggg cgaatggggg 180
ctgccaggtt tttaaaatca tgcttcatct tgaagcacac ggtcacttca ccctcctcac 240
gctgtgggtg tactttgatg aaaataccca ctttgttggc ctttctgaag ctataatgtc 300

<210> 241
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 241
gaggtctggt gctgaggtct ctgggctagg aagaggagtt ctgtggagct ggaagccaga 60
cctctttgga ggaaactcca gcagctatgt tggtgtctct gagggaatgc aacaaggctg 120
ctcctccatg tattggaaaa ctgcaaactg gactcaactg gaaggaagtg ctgctgccag 180
tgtgaagaac cagcctgagg tgacagaaac ggaagcaaac aggaacagcc agtcttttct 240
tcctcctcct gtcatacggt ctctctcaag catcctttgt tgtcaggggc ctaaaaggga 300
g 301

<210> 242
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 242
ccgaggtcct gggatgcaac caatcactct gtttcacgtg acttttatca ccatacaatt 60
tgtggcattt cctcattttc tacattgtag aatcaagagt gtaaataaat gtatatcgat 120
gtcttcaaga atatatcatt cctttttcac tagaacccat tcaaaatata agtcaagaat 180
cttaatatca acaaatatat caagcaaact ggaaggcaga ataactacca taatttagta 240
taagtaccca aagttttata aatcaaaagc cctaatgata accattttta gaattcaatc 300
a 301

<210> 243
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 243
aggtaagtcc cagtttgaag ctcaaaagat ctggtatgag cataggctca tcgacgacat 60
ggtggcccaa gctatgaaat cagagggagg cttcatctgg gcctgtaaaa actatgatgg 120

tgacgtgcag tcggactctg tggcccaagg gtatggctct ctcggcatga tgaccagcgt 180
gctggtttgt ccagatggca agacagtaga agcagaggct gcccacggga ctgtaacccg 240
tcactaccgc atgttccaga aaggacagga gacgtccacc aatcccattg cttccatttt 300
t 301

<210> 244
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 244
gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg acttaacctt gaaatggaaa 60
gtcatgcaat cccatttgca ggatctgtct gtgcacatgc ctctgtagag agcagcattc 120
ccagggacct tggaaacagt tgacactgta aggtgcttgc tccccaagac acatcctaaa 180
aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca 240
actgtttgtc ttttgtgtat cttttttaaa ctgtaaagtt caattgtgaa aatgaatatc 300

<210> 245
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 245
gtctgagtat ttaaaatgtt attgaaatta tccccaacca atgttagaaa agaaagaggt 60
tatatactta gataaaaaat gaggtgaatt actatccatt gaaatcatgc tcttagaatt 120
aaggccagga gatattgtca ttaatgtara cttcaggaca ctagagtata gcagccctat 180
gttttcaaag agcagagatg caattaaata ttgtttagca tcaaaaaggc cactcaatac 240
agctaataaa atgaaagacc taatttctaa agcaattctt tataatttac aaagttttaa 300
g 301

<210> 246
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 246
ggtctgtcct acaatgcctg cttcttgaaa gaagtcggca ctttctagaa tagctaaata 60
acctgggctt attttaaaga actatttgta gctcagattg gttttcctat ggctaaaata 120
agtgcttctt gtgaaaatta aataaaacag ttaattcaaa gccttgatat atgttaccac 180
taacaatcat actaaatata ttttgaagta caaagtttga catgctctaa agtgacaacc 240
caaatgtgtc ttacaaaaca cgttcctaac aaggtatgct ttacactacc aatgcagaaa 300
c 301

<210> 247
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 247
aggtcctttg gcagggctca tggatcagag ctcaaactgg agggaaaggc atttcgggta 60
gcctaagagg gcgactggcg gcagcacaac caaggaaggc aaggttgttt cccccacgct 120
gtgtcctgtg ttcaggtgcg acacacaatc ctcatgggaa caggatcacc catgcgctgc 180
ccttgatgat caaggttggg gcttaagtgg attaagggag gcaagttctg ggttccttgc 240
cttttcaaac catgaagtca ggctctgtat ccctcctttt cctaactgat attctaacta 300
a 301

<210> 248
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 248
aggtccttgg agatgccatt tcagccgaag gactcttctw ttcggaagta caccctcact 60
attaggaaga ttcttagggg taatttttct gaggaaggag aactagccaa cttaagaatt 120
acaggaagaa agtggtttgg aagacagcca aagaaataaa agcagattaa attgtatcag 180
gtacattcca gcctgttggc aactccataa aaacatttca gattttaatc ccgaatttag 240
ctaatgagac tggatttttg tttttatgt tgtgtgtcgc agagctaaaa actcagttcc 300
c 301

<210> 249
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 249
gtccagagga agcacctggt gctgaactag gcttgccctg ctgtgaactt gcacttggag 60
ccctgacgct gctgttctcc ccgaaaaacc cgaccgacct ccgcgatctc cgtcccgccc 120
ccagggagac acagcagtga ctcagagctg gtcgcacact gtgcctccct cctcaccgcc 180
catcgtaatg aattatttg aaaattaatt ccaccatcct ttcagattct ggatggaaag 240
actgaatctt tgactcagaa ttgtttgctg aaaagaatga tgtgactttc ttagtcattt 300
a 301

<210> 250
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 250
ggtctgtgac aaggacttgc aggctgtggg aggcaagtga cccttaacac tacacttctc 60
cttatcttta ttggcttgat aaacataatt atttctaaca ctagcttatt tccagttgcc 120
cataagcaca tcagtacttt tctctggctg gaatagtaaa ctaaagtatg gtacatctac 180
ctaaaagact actatgtgga ataatacata ctaatgaagt attacatgat ttaaagacta 240
caataaaacc aaacatgctt ataacattaa gaaaaacaat aaagatacat gattgaaacc 300
a 301

<210> 251
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 251
gccgaggtcc tacatttggc ccagtttccc cctgcatcct ctccagggcc cctgcctcat 60
agacaacctc atagagcata ggagaactgg ttgccctggg ggcaggggga ctgtctggat 120
ggcaggggtc ctcaaaaatg ccactgtcac tgccaggaaa tgcttctgag cagtacacct 180
cattgggatc aatgaaaagc ttcaagaaat cttcaggctc actctcttga aggcccggaa 240
cctctggagg ggggcagtgg aatcccagct ccaggacgga tcctgtcgaa aagatatcct 300
c 301

<210> 252
<211> 301

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 252
gcaaccaatc actctgtttc acgtgacttt tatcaccata caatttgtgg catttcctca 60
ttttctacat tgtagaatca agagtgtaaa taaatgtata tcgatgtctt caagaatata 120
tcattccttt ttcactagga acccattcaa aatataagtc aagaatctta atatcaacaa 180
atatatcaag caaactggaa ggcagaataa ctaccataat ttagtataag tacccaaagt 240
tttataaatc aaaagcccta atgataacca tttttagaat tcaatcatca ctgtagaatc 300
a 301

<210> 253
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 253
ttccctaaga agatgttatt ttgttgggtt ttgttccccc tccatctcga ttctcgtacc 60
caactaaaaa aaaaaaataa agaaaaaatg tgctgcgttc tgaaaaataa ctccttagct 120
tggtctgatt gttttcagac cttaaaatat aaacttgttt cacaagcttt aatccatgtg 180
gatttttttt cttagagaac cacaaaacat aaaaggagca agtcggactg aatacctgtt 240
tccatagtgc ccacagggta ttcctcacat tttctccata ggaaaatgct tttcccaag 300
g 301

<210> 254
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 254
cgctgcgcct ttcccttggg ggaggggcaa ggccagaggg ggtccaagtg cagcacgagg 60
aacttgacca attcccttga agcgggtggg ttaaaccctg taaatgggaa caaaatcccc 120
ccaaatctct tcatcttacc ctggtggact cctgactgta gaatttttg gttgaaacaa 180
gaaaaaaata aagctttgga cttttcaagg ttgcttaaca ggtactgaaa gactggcctc 240
acttaaactg agccaggaaa agctgcagat ttattaatgg gtgtgttagt gtgcagtgcc 300
t 301

<210> 255
<211> 302
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 255
agcttttttt tttttttttt tttttttttt ttcattaaaa aatagtgctc tttattataa 60
attactgaaa tgtttctttt ctgaatataa atataaatat gtgcaaagtt tgacttggat 120
tgggattttg ttgagttctt caagcatctc ctaataccct caagggcctg agtagggggg 180
aggaaaaagg actggaggtg gaatctttat aaaaaacaag agtgattgag gcagattgta 240
aacattatta aaaaacaaga aacaaacaaa aaaatagaga aaaaaaccac cccaacacac 300
aa 302

<210> 256
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 256
gttccagaaa acattgaagg tggcttccca aagtctaact agggataccc cctctagcct 60
aggaccctcc tccccacacc tcaatccacc aaaccatcca taatgcaccc agataggccc 120
acccccaaaa gcctggacac cttgagcaca cagttatgac caggacagac tcatctctat 180
aggcaaatag ctgctggcaa actggcatta cctggtttgt ggggatgggg gggcaagtgt 240
gtggcctctc ggcctggtta gcaagaacat tcagggtagg cctaagttan tcgtgttagt 300
t 301

<210> 257
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 257
gttgtggagg aactctggct tgctcattaa gtcctactga ttttcactat cccctgaatt 60
tccccactta tttttgtctt tcactatcgc aggccttaga agaggtctac ctgcctccag 120
tcttacctag tccagtctac cccctggagt tagaatggcc atcctgaagt gaaaagtaat 180
gtcacattac tcccttcagt gatttcttgt agaagtgcca atccctgaat gccaccaaga 240
tcttaatctt cacatcttta atcttatctc tttgactcct ctttacaccg gagaaggctc 300
c 301

<210> 258
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 258
cagcagtagt agatgccgta tgccagcacg cccagcactc ccaggatcag caccagcacc 60
aggggcccag ccaccaggcg cagaagcaag ataaacagta ggctcaagac cagagccacc 120
cccagggcaa caagaatcca ataccaggac tgggcaaaat cttcaaagat cttaacactg 180
atgtctcggg cattgaggct gtcaataana cgctgatccc ctgctgtatg gtggtgtcat 240
tggtgatccc tgggagcgcc ggtggagtaa cgttggtcca tggaaagcag cgcccacaac 300
t 301

<210> 259
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 259

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tcatatatgc aaacaaatgc agactangcc tcaggcagag actaaaggac atctcttggg      60
gtgtcctgaa gtgatttgga cccctgaggg cagacaccta agtaggaatc ccagtgggaa     120
gcaaagccat aaggaagccc aggattcctt gtgatcagga agtgggccag gaaggtctgt     180
tccagctcac atctcatctg catgcagcac ggaccggatg cgcccactgg gtcttggctt     240
ccctcccatc ttctcaagca gtgtccttgt tgagccattt gcatccttgg ctccaggtgg     300
c                                                                     301
```

<210> 260
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 260

```
tttttttct ccctaaggaa aaagaaggaa caagtctcat aaaaccaaat aagcaatggt       60
aaggtgtctt aacttgaaaa agattaggag tcactggttt acaagttata attgaatgaa     120
agaactgtaa cagccacagt tggccatttc atgccaatgg cagcaaacaa caggattaac     180
tagggcaaaa taaataagtg tgtggaagcc ctgataagtg cttaataaac agactgattc     240
actgagacat cagtacctgc ccgggcggcc gctcgagccg aattctgcag atatccatca     300
c                                                                     301
```

<210> 261
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 261

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aaatattcga gcaaatcctg taactaatgt gtctccataa aaggctttga actcagtgaa      60
tctgcttcca tccacgattc tagcaatgac ctctcggaca tcaaagctcc tcttaaggtt     120
agcaccaact attccataca attcatcagc aggaaataaa ggctcttcag aaggttcaat     180
ggtgacatcc aatttcttct gataatttag attcctcaca accttcctag ttaagtgaag     240
ggcatgatga tcatccaaag cccagtggtc acttactcca gactttctgc aatgaagatc     300
a                                                                     301
```

<210> 262
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 262

```
gaggagagcc tgttacagca tttgtaagca cagaatactc caggagtatt tgtaattgtc      60
tgtgagcttc ttgccgcaag tctctcagaa atttaaaaag atgcaaatcc ctgagtcacc     120
cctagacttc ctaaaccaga tcctctgggg ctggaacctg gcactctgca tttgtaatga     180
gggctttctg gtgcacacct aattttgtgc atctttgccc taaatcctgg attagtgccc     240
catcattacc cccacattat aatgggatag attcagagca gatactctcc agcaaagaat     300
c                                                                     301
```

<210> 263
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 263
tttagcttgt ggtaaatgac tcacaaaact gattttaaaa tcaagttaat gtgaattttg 60
aaaattacta cttaatccta attcacaata acaatggcat taaggtttga cttgagttgg 120
ttcttagtat tatttatggt aaataggctc ttaccacttg caaataactg gccacatcat 180
taatgactga cttcccagta aggctctcta aggggtaagt angaggatcc acaggatttg 240
agatgctaag gccccagaga tcgtttgatc caaccctctt attttcagag gggaaaatgg 300
g 301

<210> 264
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 264
aaagacgtta aaccactcta ctaccacttg tggaactctc aaagggtaaa tgacaaascc 60
aatgaatgac tctaaaaaca atatttacat ttaatggttt gtagacaata aaaaaacaag 120
gtggatagat ctagaattgt aacattttaa gaaaaccata scatttgaca gatgagaaag 180
ctcaattata gatgcaaagt tataactaaa ctactatagt agtaaagaaa tacatttcac 240
acccttcata taaattcact atcttggctt gaggcactcc ataaaatgta tcacgtgcat 300
a 301

<210> 265
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 265
tgcccaagtt atgtgtaagt gtatccgcac ccagaggtaa aactacactg tcatctttgt 60
cttcttgtga cgcagtattt cttctctggg gagaagccgg gaagtcttct cctggctcta 120
catattcttg gaagtctcta atcaactttt gttccatttg tttcatttct tcaggaggga 180
ttttcagttt gtcaacatgt tctctaacaa cacttgccca tttctgtaaa gaatccaaag 240
cagtccaagg ctttgacatg tcaacaacca gcataactag agtatccttc agagatacgg 300
c 301

<210> 266
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 266
taccgtctgc ccttcctccc atccaggcca tctgcgaatc tacatgggtc ctcctattcg 60
acaccagatc actctttcct ctacccacag gcttgctatg agcaagagac acaacctcct 120
ctcttctgtg ttccagcttc ttttcctgtt cttcccaccc cttaagttct attcctgggg 180
atagagacac caatacccat aacctctctc ctaagcctcc ttataaccca gggtgcacag 240
cacagactcc tgacaactgg taaggccaat gaactgggag ctcacagctg gctgtgcctg 300
a 301

<210> 267
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 267
aaagagcaca ggccagctca gcctgccctg gccatctaga ctcagcctgg ctccatgggg 60

gttctcagtg ctgagtccat ccaggaaaag ctcacctaga ccttctgagg ctgaatcttc 120
atcctcacag gcagcttctg agagcctgat attcctagcc ttgatggtct ggagtaaagc 180
ctcattctga ttcctctcct tcttttcttt caagttggct ttcctcacat ccctctgttc 240
aattcgcttc agcttgtctg ctttagccct catttccaga agcttcttct ctttggcatc 300
t 301

<210> 268
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 268
aatgtctcac tcaactactt cccagcctac cgtggcctaa ttctgggagt tttcttctta 60
gatcttggga gagctggttc ttctaaggag aaggaggaag gacagatgta actttggatc 120
tcgaagagga agtctaatgg aagtaattag tcaacggtcc ttgtttagac tcttggaata 180
tgctgggtgg ctcagtgagc ccttttggag aaagcaagta ttattcttaa ggagtaacca 240
cttcccattg ttctactttc taccatcatc aattgtatat tatgtattct ttggagaact 300
a 301

<210> 269
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 269
taacaatata cactagctat ctttttaact gtccatcatt agcaccaatg aagattcaat 60
aaaattacct ttattcacac atctcaaaac aattctgcaa attcttagtg aagtttaact 120
atagtcacag accttaaata ttcacattgt tttctatgtc tactgaaaat aagttcacta 180
cttttctgga tattctttac aaaatcttat taaaattcct ggtattatca cccccaatta 240
tacagtagca caaccacctt atgtagtttt tacatgatag ctctgtagaa gtttcacatc 300
t 301

<210> 270
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 270
cattgaagag cttttgcgaa acatcagaac acaagtgctt ataaaattaa ttaagcctta 60
cacaagaata catattcctt ttatttctaa ggagttaaac atagatgtag ctgatgtgga 120
gagcttgctg gtgcagtgca tattggataa cactattcat ggccgaattg atcaagtcaa 180
ccaactcctt gaactggatc atcagaagaa gggtggtgca cgatatactg cactagataa 240
tggaccaacc aactaaattc tctcaccagg ctgtatcagt aaactggctt aacagaaaac 300
a 301

<210> 271
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 271
aaaaggttct cataagatta acaatttaaa taaatatttg atagaacatt ctttctcatt 60
tttatagctc atctttaggg ttgatattca gttcatgctt cccttgctgt tcttgatcca 120
gaattgcaat cacttcatca gcctgtattc gctccaattc tctataaagt gggtccaagg 180
tgaaccacag agccacagca cacctctttc ccttggtgac tgccttcacc ccatganggt 240
tctctcctcc agatganaac tgatcatgcg cccacatttt gggttttata gaagcagtca 300
c 301

<210> 272
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 272
taaattgcta agccacagat aacaccaatc aaatggaaca aatcactgtc ttcaaatgtc 60
ttatcagaaa accaaatgag cctggaatct tcataatacc taaacatgcc gtatttagga 120
tccaataatt ccctcatgat gagcaagaaa aattctttgc gcacccctcc tgcatccaca 180
gcatcttctc caacaaatat aaccttgagt ggcttcttgt aatctatgtt ctttgttttc 240
ctaaggactt ccattgcatc tcctacaata ttttctctac gcaccactag aattaagcag 300
g 301

<210> 273
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 273
acatgtgtgt atgtgtatct ttgggaaaan aanaagacat cttgtttayt atttttttgg 60
agagangctg ggacatggat aatcacwtaa tttgctayta tyactttaat ctgactygaa 120
gaaccgtcta aaaataaaat ttaccatgtc dtatattcct tatagtatgc ttatttcacc 180
ttytttctgt ccagagagag tatcagtgac ananatttma gggtgaamac atgmattggt 240
gggacttnty tttacngagm accctgcccg sgcgccctcg makcngantt ccgcsananc 300
t 301

<210> 274
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 274
cttatatact ctttctcaga ggcaaaagag gagatgggta atgtagacaa ttctttgagg 60
aacagtaaat gattattaga gagaangaat ggaccaagga gacagaaatt aacttgtaaa 120
tgattctctt tggaatctga atgagatcaa gaggccagct ttagcttgtg gaaaagtcca 180
tctaggtatg gttgcattct cgtcttcttt tctgcagtag ataatgaggt aaccgaaggc 240
aattgtgctt cttttgataa gaagctttct tggtcatatc aggaaattcc aganaaagtc 300

c 301

<210> 275
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 275
tcggtgtcag cagcacgtgg cattgaacat tgcaatgtgg agcccaaacc acagaaaatg 60
gggtgaaatt ggccaacttt ctattaactt atgttggcaa ttttgccacc aacagtaagc 120
tggcccttct aataaaagaa aattgaaagg tttctcacta aacggaatta agtagtggag 180
tcaagagact cccaggcctc agcgtacctg cccgggcggc cgctcgaagc cgaattctgc 240
agatatccat cacactggcg gncgctcgan catgcatcta gaaggnccaa ttcgccctat 300
a 301

<210> 276
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 276
tgtacacata ctcaataaat aaatgactgc attgtggtat tattactata ctgattatat 60
ttatcatgtg acttctaatt agaaaatgta tccaaaagca aaacagcaga tatacaaaat 120
taaagagaca gaagatagac attaacagat aaggcaactt atacattgag aatccaaatc 180
caatacattt aaacatttgg gaaatgaggg ggacaaatgg aagccagatc aaatttgtgt 240
aaaactattc agtatgtttc ccttgcttca tgtctgagaa ggctctcctt caatggggat 300
g 301

<210> 277
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 277
tttgttgatg tcagtatttt attacttgcg ttatgagtgc tcacctggga aattctaaag 60
atacagagga cttggaggaa gcagagcaac tgaatttaat ttaaaagaag gaaaacattg 120
gaatcatggc actcctgata ctttcccaaa tcaacactct caatgcccca ccctcgtcct 180
caccatagtg gggagactaa agtggccacg gatttgcctt angtgtgcag tgcgttctga 240
gttcnctgtc gattacatct gaccagtctc ctttttccga agtccntccg ttcaatcttg 300
c 301

<210> 278
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 278
```
taccactaca ctccagcctg ggcaacagag caagacctgt ctcaaagcat aaaatggaat     60
aacatatcaa atgaaacagg gaaaatgaag ctgacaattt atggaagcca gggcttgtca    120
cagtctctac tgttattatg cattacctgg gaatttatat aagcccttaa taataatgcc    180
aatgaacatc tcatgtgtgc tcacaatgtt ctggcactat tataagtgct tcacaggttt    240
tatgtgttct tcgtaacttt atggantagg tactcggccg cgaacacgct aagccgaatt    300
c                                                                    301
```

<210> 279
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 279
```
aaagcaggaa tgacaaagct tgcttttctg gtatgttcta ggtgtattgt gacttttact     60
gttatattaa ttgccaatat aagtaaatat agattatata tgtatagtgt ttcacaaagc    120
ttagaccttt accttccagc caccccacag tgcttgatat ttcagagtca gtcattggtt    180
atacatgtgt agttccaaag cacataagct agaanaanaa atatttctag ggagcactac    240
catctgtttt cacatgaaat gccacacaca tagaactcca acatcaattt cattgcacag    300
a                                                                    301
```

<210> 280
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 280
```
ggtactggag ttttcctccc ctgtgaaaac gtaactactg ttgggagtga attgaggatg     60
tagaaaggtg gtggaaccaa attgtggtca atggaaatag gagaatatgg ttctcactct    120
tgagaaaaaa acctaagatt agcccaggta gttgcctgta acttcagttt ttctgcctgg    180
gtttgatata gtttagggtt ggggttagat taagatctaa attacatcag gacaaagaga    240
cagactatta actccacagt taattaagga ggtatgttcc atgtttattt gttaaagcag    300
t                                                                    301
```

<210> 281
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 281
```
aggtacaaga aggggaatgg gaaagagctg ctgctgtggc attgttcaac ttggatattc     60
gccgagcaat ccaaatcctg aatgaagggg catcttctga aaaaggagat ctgaatctca    120
atgtggtagc aatggcttta tcgggttata cggatgagaa gaactcccct tggagagaaa    180
tgtgtagcac actgcgatta cagctaaata acccgtattt gtgtgtcatg tttgcatttc    240
```

tgacaagtga aacaggatct tacgatggag ttttgtatga aaacaaagtt gcagtacctc 300
g 301

<210> 282
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 282
caggtactac agaattaaaa tactgacaag caagtagttt cttggcgtgc acgaattgca 60
tccagaaccc aaaaattaag aaattcaaaa agacattttg tgggcacctg ctagcacaga 120
agcgcagaag caaagcccag gcagaaccat gctaacctta cagctcagcc tgcacagaag 180
cgcagaagca aagcccaggc agaaccatgc taaccttaca gctcagcctg cacagaagcg 240
cagaagcaaa gcccaggcag aacatgctaa ccttacagct cagcctgcac agaagcacag 300
a 301

<210> 283
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 283
atctgtatac ggcagacaaa ctttatarag tgtagagagg tgagcgaaag gatgcaaaag 60
cactttgagg gctttataat aatatgctgc ttgaaaaaaa aaatgtgtag ttgatactca 120
gtgcatctcc agacatagta aggggttgct ctgaccaatc aggtgatcat tttttctatc 180
acttcccagg ttttatgcaa aaattttgtt aaattctata atggtgatat gcatctttta 240
ggaaacatat acatttttaa aaatctattt tatgtaagaa ctgacagacg aatttgcttt 300
g 301

<210> 284
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 284
caggtacaaa acgctattaa gtggcttaga atttgaacat ttgtggtctt tatttacttt 60
gcttcgtgtg tgggcaaagc aacatcttcc ctaaatatat attaccaaga aaagcaagaa 120
gcagattagg tttttgacaa aacaaacagg ccaaaagggg gctgacctgg agcagagcat 180
ggtgagaggc aaggcatgag agggcaagtt tgttgtggac agatctgtgc ctactttatt 240
actggagtaa aagaaaacaa agttcattga tgtcgaagga tatatacagt gttagaaatt 300
a 301

<210> 285
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 285
acatcaccat gatcggatcc cccacccatt atacgttgta tgtttacata aatactcttc 60
aatgatcatt agtgttttaa aaaaaatact gaaaactcct tctgcatccc aatctctaac 120

caggaaagca aatgctattt acagacctgc aagccctccc tcaaacnaaa ctatttctgg 180
attaaatatg tctgacttct tttgaggtca cacgactagg caaatgctat ttacgatctg 240
caaaagctgt ttgaagagtc aaagccccca tgtgaacacg atttctggac cctgtaacag 300
t 301

<210> 286
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 286
taccactgca ttccagcctg ggtgacagag tgagactccg tctccaaaaa aaactttgct 60
tgtatattat ttttgcctta cagtggatca ttctagtagg aaaggacagt aagatttttt 120
atcaaaatgt gtcatgccag taagagatgt tatattcttt tctcatttct tccccaccca 180
aaaataagct accatatagc ttataagtct caaatttttg ccttttacta aaatgtgatt 240
gtttctgttc attgtgtatg cttcatcacc tatattaggc aaattccatt ttttcccttg 300
t 301

<210> 287
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 287
tacagatctg ggaactaaat attaaaaatg agtgtggctg gatatatgga gaatgttggg 60
cccagaagga acgtagagat cagatattac aacagctttg ttttgagggt tagaaatatg 120
aaatgatttg gttatgaacg cacagtttag gcagcagggc cagaatcctg accctctgcc 180
ccgtggttat ctcctcccca gcttggctgc ctcatgttat cacagtattc cattttgttt 240
gttgcatgtc ttgtgaagcc atcaagattt tctcgtctgt tttcctctca ttggtaatgc 300
t 301

<210> 288
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 288
gtacacctaa ctgcaaggac agctgaggaa tgtaatgggc agccgctttt aaagaagtag 60
agtcaatagg aagacaaatt ccagttccag ctcagtctgg gtatctgcaa agctgcaaaa 120
gatctttaaa gacaatttca agagaatatt tccttaaagt tggcaatttg gagatcatac 180
aaaagcatct gcttttgtga tttaatttag ctcatctggc cactggaaga atccaaacag 240
tctgccttaa ttttggatga atgcatgatg gaaattcaat aatttagaaa gttaaaaaaa 300
a 301

<210> 289
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 289

ggtacactgt ttccatgtta tgtttctaca cattgctacc tcagtgctcc tggaaactta 60
gcttttgatg tctccaagta gtccaccttc atttaactct ttgaaactgt atcatctttg 120
ccaagtaaga gtggtggcct atttcagctg ctttgacaaa atgactggct cctgacttaa 180
cgttctataa atgaatgtgc tgaagcaaag tgcccatggt ggcggcgaan aagagaaaga 240
tgtgttttgt tttggactct ctgtggtccc ttccaatgct gtgggtttcc aaccagngga 300
a 301

<210> 290
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 290
acactgagct cttcttgata aatatacaga atgcttggca tatacaagat tctatactac 60
tgactgatct gttcatttct ctcacagctc ttacccccaa aagcttttcc accctaagtg 120
ttctgacctc cttttctaat cacagtaggg atagaggcag anccacctac aatgaacatg 180
gagttctatc aagaggcaga aacagcacag aatcccagtt ttaccattcg ctagcagtgc 240
tgccttgaac aaaaacattt ctccatgtct cattttcttc atgcctcaag taacagtgag 300
a 301

<210> 291
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 291
caggtaccaa tttcttctat cctagaaaca tttcatttta tgttgttgaa acataacaac 60
tatatcagct agattttttt tctatgcttt acctgctatg gaaaatttga cacattctgc 120
tttactcttt tgtttatagg tgaatcacaa aatgtatttt tatgtattct gtagttcaat 180
agccatggct gtttacttca tttaatttat ttagcataaa gacattatga aaaggcctaa 240
acatgagctt cacttcccca ctaactaatt agcatctgtt atttcttaac cgtaatgcct 300
a 301

<210> 292
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 292
acctttttagt agtaatgtct aataataaat aagaaatcaa ttttataagg tccatatagc 60
tgtattaaat aatttttaag tttaaaagat aaaataccat cattttaaat gttggtattc 120
aaaaccaaag natataaccg aaaggaaaaa cagatgagac ataaaatgat ttgcnagatg 180
ggaaatatag tasttyatga atgttnatta aattccagtt ataatagtgg ctacacactc 240
tcactacaca cacagacccc acagtcctat atgccacaaa cacatttcca taacttgaaa 300
a 301

<210> 293
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 293
ggtaccaagt gctggtgcca gcctgttacc tgttctcact gaaaagtctg gctaatgctc 60
ttgtgtagtc acttctgatt ctgacaatca atcaatcaat ggcctagagc actgactgtt 120
aacacaaacg tcactagcaa agtagcaaca gctttaagtc taaatacaaa gctgttctgt 180
gtgagaattt tttaaaaggc tacttgtata ataacccttg tcatttttaa tgtacctcgg 240
ccgcgaccac gctaagccga attctgcaga tatccatcac actggcggcc gctcgagcat 300
g 301

<210> 294
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 294
tgacccataa caatatacac tagctatctt tttaactgtc catcattagc accaatgaag 60
attcaataaa attaccttta ttcacacatc tcaaaacaat tctgcaaatt cttagtgaag 120
tttaactata gtcacaganc ttaaatattc acattgtttt ctatgtctac tgaaaataag 180
ttcactactt ttctgggata ttctttacaa aatcttatta aaattcctgg tattatcacc 240
cccaattata cagtagcaca accaccttat gtagttttta catgatagct ctgtagaggt 300
t 301

<210> 295
<211> 305
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 295
gtactctttc tctcccctcc tctgaattta attctttcaa cttgcaattt gcaaggatta 60
cacatttcac tgtgatgtat attgtgttgc aaaaaaaaaa gtgtctttgt ttaaaattac 120
ttggtttgtg aatccatctt gctttttccc cattggaact agtcattaac ccatctctga 180
actggtagaa aaacrtctga agagctagtc tatcagcatc tgacaggtga attggatggt 240
tctcagaacc atttcaccca gacagcctgt ttctatcctg tttaataaat tagtttgggt 300
tctct 305

<210> 296
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 296
aggtactatg ggaagctgct aaaataatat ttgatagtaa aagtatgtaa tgtgctatct 60
cacctagtag taaactaaaa ataaactgaa actttatgga atctgaagtt attttccttg 120
attaaataga attaataaac caatatgagg aaacatgaaa ccatgcaatc tactatcaac 180
tttgaaaaag tgattgaacg aaccacttag ctttcagatg atgaacactg ataagtcatt 240

tgtcattact ataaatttta aaatctgtta ataagatggc ctatagggag gaaaaagggg 300
c 301

<210> 297
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(300)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 297
actgagtttt aactggacgc caagcaggca aggctggaag gttttgctct ctttgtgcta 60
aaggttttga aaaccttgaa ggagaatcat tttgacaaga agtacttaag agtctagaga 120
acaaagangt gaaccagctg aaagctctcg ggggaanctt acatgtgttg ttaggcctgt 180
tccatcattg ggagtgcact ggccatccct caaaatttgt ctgggctggc ctgagtggtc 240
accgcacctc ggccgcgacc acgctaagcc gaattctgca gatatccatc acactggcgg 300

<210> 298
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 298
tatggggttt gtcacccaaa agctgatgct gagaaaggcc tccctggggc cccctcccgcg 60
ggcatctgag agacctggtg ttccagtgtt tctggaaatg ggtcccagtg ccgccggctg 120
tgaagctctc agatcaatca cgggaagggc ctggcggtgg tggccacctg gaaccacccct 180
gtcctgtctg tttacatttc actaycaggt tttctctggg cattacnatt tgttccccta 240
caacagtgac ctgtgcattc tgctgtggcc tgctgtgtct gcaggtggct ctcagcgagg 300
t 301

<210> 299
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 299
gttttgagac ggagtttcac tcttgttgcc cagactggac tgcaatggca gggtctctgc 60
tcactgcacc ctctgcctcc caggttcgag caattctcct gcctcagcct cccaggtagc 120
tgggattgca ggctcacgcc accataccca gctaattttt ttgtattttt agtagagacg 180
gagtttcgcc atgttggcca gctggtctca aactcctgac ctcaagcgac ctgcctgcct 240
cggcctccca aagtgctgga attataggca tgagtcaaca cgcccagcct aaagatattt 300
t 301

<210> 300
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 300
attcagtttt atttgctgcc ccagtatctg taaccaggag tgccacaaaa tcttgccaga 60
tatgtcccac acccactggg aaaggctccc acctggctac ttcctctatc agctgggtca 120
gctgcattcc acaaggttct cagcctaatg agtttcacta cctgccagtc tcaaaactta 180
gtaaagcaag accatgacat tcccccacgg aaatcagagt ttgccccacc gtcttgttac 240
tataaagcct gcctctaaca gtccttgctt cttcacacca atcccgagcg catcccccat 300
g 301

<210> 301
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 301
ttaaattttt gagaggataa aaaggacaaa taatctagaa atgtgtcttc ttcagtctgc 60
agaggacccc aggtctccaa gcaaccacat ggtcaagggc atgaataatt aaaagttggt 120
gggaactcac aaagaccctc agagctgaga cacccacaac agtgggagct cacaaagacc 180
ctcagagctg agacacccac aacagtggga gctcacaaag accctcagag ctgagacacc 240
cacaacagca cctcgttcag ctgccacatg tgtgaataag gatgcaatgt ccagaagtgt 300
t 301

<210> 302
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 302
aggtacacat ttagcttgtg gtaaatgact cacaaaactg attttaaaat caagttaatg 60
tgaattttga aaattactac ttaatcctaa ttcacaataa caatggcatt aaggtttgac 120
ttgagttggt tcttagtatt atttatggta aataggctct taccacttgc aaataactgg 180
ccacatcatt aatgactgac ttcccagtaa ggctctctaa ggggtaagta ggaggatcca 240
caggatttga gatgctaagg ccccagagat cgtttgatcc aaccctctta ttttcagagg 300
g 301

<210> 303
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 303
aggtaccaac tgtggaaata ggtagaggat catttttttct ttccatatca actaagttgt 60
atattgtttt ttgacagttt aacacatctt cttctgtcag agattctttc acaatagcac 120
tggctaatgg aactaccgct tgcatgttaa aaatggtggt ttgtgaaatg atcataggcc 180
agtaacgggt atgtttttct aactgatctt ttgctcgttc caaagggacc tcaagacttc 240
catcgatttt atatctgggg tctagaaaag gagttaatct gttttccctc ataaattcac 300
c 301

<210> 304
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 304
acatggatgt tattttgcag actgtcaacc tgaatttgta tttgcttgac attgcctaat 60

tattagtttc agtttcagct tacccacttt ttgtctgcaa catgcaraas agacagtgcc 120
ctttttagtg tatcatatca ggaatcatct cacattggtt tgtgccatta ctggtgcagt 180
gactttcagc cacttgggta aggtggagtt ggccatatgt ctccactgca aaattactga 240
ttttcctttt gtaattaata agtgtgtgtg tgaagattct ttgagatgag gtatatatct 300
c 301

<210> 305
<211> 301
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(301)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 305
gangtacagc gtggtcaagg taacaagaag aaaaaaatgt gagtggcatc ctgggatgag 60
caggggggaca gacctggaca gacacgttgt catttgctgc tgtgggtagg aaaatgggcg 120
taaaggagga gaaacagata caaaatctcc aactcagtat taaggtattc tcatgcctag 180
aatattggta gaaacaagaa tacattcata tggcaaataa ctaaccatgg tggaacaaaa 240
ttctgggatt taagttggat accaangaaa ttgtattaaa agagctgttc atggaataag 300
a 301

<210> 306
<211> 8
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 306
Val Leu Gly Trp Val Ala Glu Leu
1 5

<210> 307
<211> 637
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 307
acagggratg aagggaaagg gagaggatga ggaagccccc ctggggattt ggtttggtcc 60
ttgtgatcag gtggtctatg gggcttatcc ctacaaagaa gaatccagaa ataggggcac 120
attgaggaat gatacttgag cccaaagagc attcaatcat tgttttattt gccttmtttt 180
cacaccattg gtgagggagg gattaccacc ctggggttat gaagatggtt gaacacccca 240
cacatagcac cggagatatg agatcaacag tttcttagcc atagagattc acagcccaga 300
gcaggaggac gcttgcacac catgcaggat gacatggggg atgcgctcgg gattggtgtg 360
aagaagcaag gactgttaga ggcaggcttt atagtaacaa gacggtgggg caaactctga 420
tttccgtggg ggaatgtcat ggtcttgctt tactaagttt tgagactggc aggtagtgaa 480
actcattagg ctgagaacct tgtggaatgc acttgaccca sctgatagag gaagtagcca 540
ggtgggagcc tttcccagtg ggtgtgggac atatctggca agattttgtg gcactcctgg 600
ttacagatac tggggcagca aataaaactg aatcttg 637

<210> 308
<211> 647
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(647)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 308
acgatttca ttatcatgta aatcgggtca ctcaaggggc caaccacagc tgggagccac 60
tgctcagggg aaggttcata tgggactttc tactgcccaa ggttctatac aggatataaa 120
ggngcctcac agtatagatc tggtagcaaa gaagaagaaa caaacactga tctctttctg 180
ccaccccctct gaccctttgg aactcctctg accctttaga acaagcctac ctaatatctg 240
ctagagaaaa gaccaacaac ggcctcaaag gatctcttac catgaaggtc tcagctaatt 300
cttggctaag atgtgggttc cacattaggt tctgaatatg gggggaaggg tcaatttgct 360
cattttgtgt gtggataaag tcaggatgcc caggggccag agcagggggc tgcttgcttt 420
gggaacaatg gctgagcata taaccatagg ttatggggaa caaaacaaca tcaaagtcac 480
tgtatcaatt gccatgaaga cttgagggac ctgaatctac cgattcatct taaggcagca 540
ggaccagttt gagtggcaac aatgcagcag cagaatcaat ggaaacaaca gaatgattgc 600
aatgtccttt tttttctcct gcttctgact tgataaaagg ggaccgt 647

<210> 309
<211> 460
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 309
actttatagt ttaggctgga cattggaaaa aaaaaaaagc cagaacaaca tgtgatagat 60
aatatgattg gctgcacact tccagactga tgaatgatga acgtgatgga ctattgtatg 120
gagcacatct tcagcaagag ggggaaatac tcatcatttt tggccagcag ttgtttgatc 180
accaaacatc atgccagaat actcagcaaa ccttcttagc tcttgagaag tcaaagtccg 240
ggggaattta ttcctggcaa ttttaattgg actccttatg tgagagcagc ggctacccag 300
ctggggtggt ggagcgaacc cgtcactagt ggacatgcag tggcagagct cctggtaacc 360
acctagagga atacacaggc acatgtgtga tgccaagcgt gacacctgta gcactcaaat 420
ttgtcttgtt tttgtctttc ggtgtgtaag attcttaagt 460

<210> 310
<211> 539
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 310
acgggactta tcaaataaag ataggaaaag aagaaaactc aaatattata ggcagaaatg 60
ctaaaggttt taaaatatgt caggattgga agaaggcatg gataaagaac aaagttcagt 120
taggaaagag aaacacagaa ggaagagaca caataaaagt cattatgtat tctgtgagaa 180
gtcagacagt aagatttgtg ggaaatgggt tggtttgttg tatggtatgt attttagcaa 240
taatctttat ggcagagaaa gctaaaatcc tttagcttgc gtgaatgatc acttgctgaa 300
ttcctcaagg taggcatgat gaaggagggt ttagaggaga cacagacaca atgaactgac 360
ctagatagaa agccttagta tactcagcta ggaatagtga ttctgagggc acactgtgac 420
atgattatgt cattacatgt atggtagtga tggggatgat aggaaggaag aacttatggc 480
atattttcac ccccacaaaa gtcagttaaa tattgggaca ctaaccatcc aggtcaaga 539

<210> 311
<211> 526
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(526)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 311
caaatttgag ccaatgacat agaattttac aaatcaagaa gcttattctg gggccatttc 60
ttttgacgtt ttctctaaac tactaaagag gcattaatga tccataaatt atattatcta 120
catttacagc atttaaaatg tgttcagcat gaaatattag ctacagggga agctaaataa 180
attaaacatg gaataaagat ttgtccttaa atataatcta caagaagact ttgatatttg 240
tttttcacaa gtgaagcatt cttataaagt gtcataacct ttttggggaa actatgggaa 300
aaaatgggga aactctgaag ggttttaagt atcttacctg aagctacaga ctccataacc 360
tctctttaca gggagctcct gcagccccta cagaaatgag tggctgagat tcttgattgc 420
acagcaagag cttctcatct aaaccctttc ccttttttagt atctgtgtat caagtataaa 480
agttctataa actgtagtnt acttatttta atccccaaag cacagt 526

<210> 312
<211> 500
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(500)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 312
cctctctctc cccacccccct gactctagag aactgggttt tctcccagta ctccagcaat 60
tcatttctga aagcagttga gccactttat tccaaagtac actgcagatg ttcaaactct 120
ccatttctct ttcccttcca cctgccagtt ttgctgactc tcaacttgtc atgagtgtaa 180
gcattaagga cattatgctt cttcgattct gaagacaggc cctgctcatg gatgactctg 240
gcttcttagg aaaatatttt tcttccaaaa tcagtaggaa atctaaactt atcccctctt 300
tgcagatgtc tagcagcttc agacatttgg ttaagaaccc atgggaaaaa aaaaaatcct 360
tgctaatgtg gtttcctttg taaaccanga ttcttatttg nctggtatag aatatcagct 420
ctgaacgtgt ggtaaagatt tttgtgtttg aatataggag aaatcagttt gctgaaaagt 480
tagtcttaat tatctattgg 500

<210> 313
<211> 718
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(718)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 313
ggagatttgt gtggtttgca gccgagggag accaggaaga tctgcatggt gggaaggacc 60
tgatgataca gaggtgagaa ataagaaagg ctgctgactt taccatctga ggccacacat 120
ctgctgaaat ggagataatt aacatcacta gaaacagcaa gatgacaata taatgtctaa 180
gtagtgacat gtttttgcac atttccagcc cttttaaata tccacacaca caggaagcac 240
aaaaggaagc acagagatcc ctgggagaaa tgcccggccg ccatcttggg tcatcgatga 300
gcctcgccct gtgcctgntc ccgcttgtga gggaaggaca ttagaaaatg aattgatgtg 360
ttccttaaag gatggcagga aaacagatcc tgttgtggat atttatttga acgggattac 420

agatttgaaa tgaagtcaca aagtgagcat taccaatgag aggaaaacag acgagaaaat 480
cttgatggtt cacaagacat gcaacaaaca aaatggaata ctgtgatgac acgagcagcc 540
aactggggag gagataccac ggggcagagg tcaggattct ggccctgctg cctaactgtg 600
cgttatacca atcatttcta tttctaccct caaacaagct gtngaatatc tgacttacgg 660
ttcttntggc ccacattttc atnatccacc ccntcntttt aannttantc caaantgt 718

<210> 314
<211> 358
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 314
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cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggtgt agattaccac aaatgcaagg 120
caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg tgtagtccaa 180
gctctcggta gtccagccac tgtgaaacat gctcccttta gattaacctc gtggacgctc 240
ttgttgtatt gctgaactgt agtgccctgt attttgcttc tgtctgtgaa ttctgttgct 300
tctggggcat ttccttgtga tgcagaggac caccacacag atgacagcaa tctgaatt 358

<210> 315
<211> 341
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 315
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ataggtgatg atgaggacat ggaatgggcc cccaaggatg gtctgtccaa agaagcgagt 120
gaccccccatt ctgaagatgt ctggaacctc taccagcagg atgatgatag ccccaatgac 180
agtcaccagc tccccgacca gccggatatc gtccttaggg gtcatgtagg cttcctgaag 240
tagcttctgc tgtaagaggg tgttgtcccg ggggctcgtg cggttattgg tcctgggctt 300
gagggggcgg tagatgcagc acatggtgaa gcagatgatg t 341

<210> 316
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 316
agactgggca agactcttac gccccacact gcaatttggt cttgttgccg tatccattta 60
tgtgggcctt tctcgagttt ctgattataa acaccactgg agcgatgtgt tgactggact 120
cattcaggga gctctggttg caatattagt t 151

<210> 317
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 317
agaactagtg gatcctaatg aaatacctga aacatatatt ggcatttatc aatggctcaa 60
atcttcattt atctctggcc ttaaccctgg ctcctgaggc tgcggccagc agatcccagg 120
ccagggctct gttcttgcca cacctgcttg a 151

<210> 318
<211> 151
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 318
actggtggga ggcgctgttt agttggctgt tttcagaggg gtctttcgga gggacctcct 60
gctgcaggct ggagtgtctt tattcctggc gggagaccgc acattccact gctgaggctg 120
tgggggcggt ttatcaggca gtgataaaca t 151

<210> 319
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 319
aactagtgga tccagagcta taggtacagt gtgatctcag ctttgcaaac acattttcta 60
catagatagt actaggtatt aatagatatg taaagaaaga aatcacacca ttaataatgg 120
taagattggg tttatgtgat tttagtgggt a 151

<210> 320
<211> 150
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 320
aactagtgga tccactagtc cagtgtggtg gaattccatt gtgttggggt tctagatcgc 60
gagcggctgc cctttttttt tttttttttg ggggggaatt tttttttttt aatagttatt 120
gagtgttcta cagcttacag taaataccat 150

<210> 321
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 321
agcaactttg tttttcatcc aggttatttt aggcttagga tttcctctca cactgcagtt 60
tagggtggca ttgtaaccag ctatggcata ggtgttaacc aaaggctgag taaacatggg 120
tgcctctgag aaatcaaagt cttcatacac t 151

<210> 322
<211> 151
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(151)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 322
atccagcatc ttctcctgtt tcttgccttc ctttttcttc ttcttasatt ctgcttgagg 60
tttgggcttg gtcagtttgc cacagggctt ggagatggtg acagtcttct ggcattcggc 120
attgtgcagg gctcgcttca nacttccagt t 151

<210> 323
<211> 151
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(151)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 323
tgaggacttg tkttcttttt ctttattttt aatcctctta ckttgtaaat atattgccta 60
nagactcant tactacccag tttgtggttt twtgggagaa atgtaactgg acagttagct 120
gttcaatyaa aaagacactt ancccatgtg g 151

<210> 324
<211> 461
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(461)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 324
acctgtgtgg aatttcagct ttcctcatgc aaaaggattt tgtatccccg gcctacttga 60
agaagtggtc agctaaagga atccaggttg ttggttggac tgttaatacc tttgatgaaa 120
agagttacta cgaatcccat cttggttcca gctatatcac tgacagcatg gtagaagact 180
gcgaacctca cttctagact ttcacggtgg gacgaaacgg gttcagaaac tgccaggggc 240
ctcatacagg gatatcaaaa taccctttgt gctacccagg ccctggggaa tcaggtgact 300
cacacaaatg caatagttgg tcactgcatt tttacctgaa ccaaagctaa acccggtgtt 360
gccaccatgc accatggcat gccagagttc aacactgttg ctcttgaaaa ttgggtctga 420
aaaaacgcac aagagcccct gccctgccct agctgangca c 461

<210> 325
<211> 400
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 325
acactgtttc catgttatgt ttctacacat tgctacctca gtgctcctgg aaacttagct 60
tttgatgtct ccaagtagtc caccttcatt taactctttg aaactgtatc atctttgcca 120
agtaagagtg gtggcctatt tcagctgctt tgacaaaatg actggctcct gacttaacgt 180
tctataaatg aatgtgctga agcaaagtgc ccatggtggc ggcgaagaag agaaagatgt 240
gttttgtttt ggactctctg tggtcccttc caatgctgtg ggtttccaac caggggaagg 300
gtccctttg cattgccaag tgccataacc atgagcacta cgctaccatg gttctgcctc 360
ctggccaagc aggctggttt gcaagaatga aatgaatgat 400

<210> 326
<211> 1215
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 326
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gttctgctcg ggcgtcctgg tgcatccgca gtgggtgctg tcagccgcac actgtttcca 120
gaactcctac accatcgggc tgggcctgca cagtcttgag gccgaccaag agccagggag 180

ccagatggtg gaggccagcc tctccgtacg gcacccagag tacaacagac ccttgctcgc 240
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acagtgcccc cttgtggcac gttgacccaa ccttaccagt tggtttttca ttttttgtcc 1140
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aaaaaaaaaa aaaaa 1215

<210> 327
<211> 220
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 327
Glu Asp Cys Ser Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met
1 5 10 15
Glu Asn Glu Leu Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val
20 25 30
Leu Ser Ala Ala His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly
35 40 45
Leu His Ser Leu Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu
50 55 60
Ala Ser Leu Ser Val Arg His Pro Glu Tyr Asn Arg Pro Leu Leu Ala
65 70 75 80
Asn Asp Leu Met Leu Ile Lys Leu Asp Glu Ser Val Ser Glu Ser Asp
85 90 95
Thr Ile Arg Ser Ile Ser Ile Ala Ser Gln Cys Pro Thr Ala Gly Asn
100 105 110
Ser Cys Leu Val Ser Gly Trp Gly Leu Leu Ala Asn Gly Arg Met Pro
115 120 125
Thr Val Leu Gln Cys Val Asn Val Ser Val Val Ser Glu Glu Val Cys
130 135 140
Ser Lys Leu Tyr Asp Pro Leu Tyr His Pro Ser Met Phe Cys Ala Gly
145 150 155 160
Gly Gly Gln Asp Gln Lys Asp Ser Cys Asn Gly Asp Ser Gly Gly Pro
165 170 175
Leu Ile Cys Asn Gly Tyr Leu Gln Gly Leu Val Ser Phe Gly Lys Ala
180 185 190
Pro Cys Gly Gln Val Gly Val Pro Gly Val Tyr Thr Asn Leu Cys Lys
195 200 205
Phe Thr Glu Trp Ile Glu Lys Thr Val Gln Ala Ser
210 215 220

<210> 328

<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 328
cgctcgtctc tggtagctgc agccaaatca taaacggcga ggactgcagc ccgcactcgc 60
agccctggca ggcggcactg gtcatggaaa acgaattgtt ctgctcgggc gtcctggtgc 120
atccgcagtg ggtgctgtca gccacacact gtttccagaa ctcctacacc atcgggctgg 180
gcctgcacag tcttgaggcc gaccaagagc cagggagcca gatggtggag gcca 234

<210> 329
<211> 77
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 329
Leu Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser Gln Ile Ile Asn Gly Glu Asp Cys Ser
1 5 10 15
Pro His Ser Gln Pro Trp Gln Ala Ala Leu Val Met Glu Asn Glu Leu
20 25 30
Phe Cys Ser Gly Val Leu Val His Pro Gln Trp Val Leu Ser Ala Thr
35 40 45
His Cys Phe Gln Asn Ser Tyr Thr Ile Gly Leu Gly Leu His Ser Leu
50 55 60
Glu Ala Asp Gln Glu Pro Gly Ser Gln Met Val Glu Ala
65 70 75

<210> 330
<211> 70
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 330
cccaacacaa tggcccgatc ccatccctga ctccgccctc aggatcgctc gtctctggta 60
gctgcagcca 70

<210> 331
<211> 22
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 331
Gln His Asn Gly Pro Ile Pro Ser Leu Thr Pro Pro Ser Gly Ser Leu
1 5 10 15
Val Ser Gly Ser Cys Ser
20

<210> 332
<211> 2507
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 332
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tgcccttcct tctgtatatg gctgcgcccc aaatcaggaa aatgctgtcc agtggggtgt 120

gtacatcaac tgttcagctt cctgggaaag tagttgtggt cacaggagct aatacaggta 180
tcgggaagga gacagccaaa gagctggctc agagaggagc tcgagtatat ttagcttgcc 240
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<210> 333
<211> 3030
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 333
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<210> 334
<211> 2417
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<211> 2984
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720

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<210> 336
<211> 147
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 336

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Pro Lys Gln Pro Gln Lys Arg Ser Arg Ala Ala Phe Ser His Thr Gln
        35                  40                  45
Val Ile Glu Leu Glu Arg Lys Phe Ser His Gln Lys Tyr Leu Ser Ala
    50                  55                  60
Pro Glu Arg Ala His Leu Ala Lys Asn Leu Lys Leu Thr Glu Thr Gln
65                  70                  75                  80
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Val Lys Ile Trp Phe Gln Asn Arg Arg Tyr Lys Thr Lys Arg Lys Gln
85 90 95
Leu Ser Ser Glu Leu Gly Asp Leu Glu Lys His Ser Ser Leu Pro Ala
100 105 110
Leu Lys Glu Glu Ala Phe Ser Arg Ala Ser Leu Val Ser Val Tyr Asn
115 120 125
Ser Tyr Pro Tyr Tyr Pro Tyr Leu Tyr Cys Val Gly Ser Trp Ser Pro
130 135 140
Ala Phe Trp
145

<210> 337
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 337
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<210> 338
<211> 9
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 338
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<210> 339
<211> 318
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 339
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Cys Thr Ser Thr Val Gln Leu Pro Gly Lys Val Val Val Val Thr Gly
35 40 45
Ala Asn Thr Gly Ile Gly Lys Glu Thr Ala Lys Glu Leu Ala Gln Arg
50 55 60
Gly Ala Arg Val Tyr Leu Ala Cys Arg Asp Val Glu Lys Gly Glu Leu
65 70 75 80
Val Ala Lys Glu Ile Gln Thr Thr Thr Gly Asn Gln Gln Val Leu Val
85 90 95
Arg Lys Leu Asp Leu Ser Asp Thr Lys Ser Ile Arg Ala Phe Ala Lys
100 105 110
Gly Phe Leu Ala Glu Glu Lys His Leu His Val Leu Ile Asn Asn Ala
115 120 125
Gly Val Met Met Cys Pro Tyr Ser Lys Thr Ala Asp Gly Phe Glu Met
130 135 140
His Ile Gly Val Asn His Leu Gly His Phe Leu Leu Thr His Leu Leu

145 150 155 160
Leu Glu Lys Leu Lys Glu Ser Ala Pro Ser Arg Ile Val Asn Val Ser
165 170 175
Ser Leu Ala His His Leu Gly Arg Ile His Phe His Asn Leu Gln Gly
180 185 190
Glu Lys Phe Tyr Asn Ala Gly Leu Ala Tyr Cys His Ser Lys Leu Ala
195 200 205
Asn Ile Leu Phe Thr Gln Glu Leu Ala Arg Arg Leu Lys Gly Ser Gly
210 215 220
Val Thr Thr Tyr Ser Val His Pro Gly Thr Val Gln Ser Glu Leu Val
225 230 235 240
Arg His Ser Ser Phe Met Arg Trp Met Trp Trp Leu Phe Ser Phe Phe
245 250 255
Ile Lys Thr Pro Gln Gln Gly Ala Gln Thr Ser Leu His Cys Ala Leu
260 265 270
Thr Glu Gly Leu Glu Ile Leu Ser Gly Asn His Phe Ser Asp Cys His
275 280 285
Val Ala Trp Val Ser Ala Gln Ala Arg Asn Glu Thr Ile Ala Arg Arg
290 295 300
Leu Trp Asp Val Ser Cys Asp Leu Leu Gly Leu Pro Ile Asp
305 310 315

<210> 340
<211> 483
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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ctg 483

<210> 341
<211> 344
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 341
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<210> 342
<211> 592
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<211> 382
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<210> 344
<211> 536
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 344
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<210> 345
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 345
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<210> 346
<211> 282
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<222> (1)...(282)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 346
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<210> 347
<211> 201
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(201)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 347
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tataaagaat tttttttgt c 201

<210> 348
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 348
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<210> 349
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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actcctggtt t 251

<210> 350
<211> 908
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<211> 472
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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<210> 352
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

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aataagcaca a 251

<210> 353
<211> 436
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapien

<400> 353
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gtatccaaaa gcaaaacagc agatatacaa aattaaagag acagaagata gacattaaca 180
gataaggcaa cttatacatt gacaatccaa atccaataca tttaaacatt tgggaaatga 240
gggggacaaa tggaagccar atcaaatttg tgtaaaacta ttcagtatgt ttcccttgct 300
tcatgtctga raaggctctc ccttcaatgg ggatgacaaa ctccaaatgc cacacaaatg 360
ttaacagaat actagattca cactggaacg ggggtaaaga agaaattatt ttctataaaa 420
gggctcctaa tgtagt 436

<210> 354
<211> 854
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 354
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atcagggacc acccctttggg ttgatatttt gcttaatctg catcttttga gtaagatcat 180
ctggcagtag aagctgttct ccaggtacat ttctctagct catgtacaaa aacatcctga 240
aggactttgt caggtgcctt gctaaaagcc agatgcgttc ggcacttcct tggtctgagg 300
ttaattgcac acctacaggc actgggctca tgctttcaag tattttgtcc tcactttagg 360
gtgagtgaaa gatcccccatt ataggagcac ttgggagaga tcatataaaa gctgactctt 420
gagtacatgc agtaatgggg tagatgtgtg tggtgtgtct tcattcctgc aagggtgctt 480
gttagggagt gtttccagga ggaacaagtc tgaaaccaat catgaaataa atggtaggtg 540
tgaactggaa aactaattca aaagagagat cgtgatatca gtgtggttga tacaccttgg 600
caatatggaa ggctctaatt tgcccatatt tgaaataata attcagcttt ttgtaataca 660
aaataacaaa ggattgagaa tcatggtgtc taatgtataa aagacccagg aaacataaat 720
atatcaactg cataaatgta aaatgcatgt gacccaagaa ggcccccaaag tggcagacaa 780
cattgtaccc attttccctt ccaaaatgtg agcggcgggc ctgctgcttt caaggctgtc 840
acacgggatg tcag 854

<210> 355
<211> 676
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 355
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caggtcaaag ctgatctttc tggaatgtca ccaaccaagg gcctatattt atcaaaagcc 120
atccacaagt catacctgga tgtcagcgaa gagggcacgg aggcagcagc agccactggg 180
gacagcatcg ctgtaaaaag cctaccaatg agagctcagt tcaaggcgaa ccaccccttc 240
ctgttcttta taaggcacac tcataccaac acgatcctat tctgtggcaa gcttgcctct 300
ccctaatcag atggggttga gtaaggctca gagttgcaga tgaggtgcag agacaatcct 360
gtgactttcc cacggccaaa aagctgttca cacctcacgc acctctgtgc ctcagtttgc 420
tcatctgcaa aataggtcta ggatttcttc caaccatttc atgagttgtg aagctaaggc 480
tttgttaatc atggaaaaag gtagacttat gcagaaagcc tttctggctt tcttatctgt 540
ggtgtctcat ttgagtgctg tccagtgaca tgatcaagtc aatgagtaaa attttaaggg 600
attagatttt cttgacttgt atgtatctgt gagatcttga ataagtgacc tgacatctct 660
gcttaaagaa aaccag 676

<210> 356
<211> 574

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 356
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catgtggcac ctgactggca tcaaaccaaa gttcgtaggc caacaaagat gggccactca 120
caagcttccc atttgtagat ctcagtgcct atgagtatct gacacctgtt cctctcttca 180
gtctcttagg gaggcttaaa tctgtctcag gtgtgctaag agtgccagcc caaggkggtc 240
aaaagtccac aaaactgcag tctttgctgg gatagtaagc caagcagtgc ctggacagca 300
gagttctttt cttgggcaac agataaccag acaggactct aatcgtgctc ttattcaaca 360
ttcttctgtc tctgcctaga ctggaataaa aagccaatct ctctcgtggc acagggaagg 420
agatacaagc tcgtttacat gtgatagatc taacaaaggc atctaccgaa gtctggtctg 480
gatagacggc acagggagct cttaggtcag cgctgctggt tggaggacat tcctgagtcc 540
agctttgcag cctttgtgca acagtacttt ccca 574

<210> 357
<211> 393
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 357
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taatatggkg kcttgttcac tatacttaaa aatgcaccac tcataaatat ttaattcagc 120
aagccacaac caaracttga ttttatcaac aaaaacccct aaatataaac ggsaaaaaag 180
atagatataa ttattccagt ttttttaaaa cttaaaarat attccattgc cgaattaara 240
araarataag tgttatatgg aaagaagggc attcaagcac actaaaraaa cctgaggkaa 300
gcataatctg tacaaaatta aactgtcctt tttggcattt taacaaattt gcaacgktct 360
tttttttctt tttctgtttt tttttttttt tac 393

<210> 358
<211> 630
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 358
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ttaatgttta taggaaaatg atgagtttat gacaaaggaa gtagatagtg ttttacaaga 120
gcatagagta gggaagctaa tccagcacag ggaggtcaca gagacatccc taaggaagtg 180
gagtttaaac tgagagaagc aagtgcttaa actgaaggat gtgttgaaga agaagggaga 240
gtagaacaat ttgggcagag ggaaccttat agaccctaag gtgggaaggt tcaaagaact 300
gaaagagagc tagaacagct ggagccgttc tccggtgtaa agaggagtca aagagataag 360
attaaagatg tgaagattaa gatcttggtg gcattcaggg attggcactt ctacaagaaa 420
tcactgaagg gagtaatgtg acattacttt tcacttcagg atggccattc taactccagg 480
gggtagactg gactaggtaa gactggaggc aggtagacct cttctaaggc ctgcgatagt 540
gaaagacaaa aataagtggg gaaattcagg ggatagtgaa aatcagtagg acttaatgag 600
caagccagag gttcctccac aacaaccagt 630

<210> 359
<211> 620
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 359
acagcattcc aaaatataca tctagagact aarrgtaaat gctctatagt gaagaagtaa 60
taattaaaaa atgctactaa tatagaaaat ttataatcag aaaaataaat attcaggg ag 120

ctcaccagaa gaataaagtg ctctgccagt tattaaagga ttactgctgg tgaattaaat
atggcattcc ccaagggaaa tagagagatt cttctggatt atgttcaata tttatttcac 180
aggattaact gttttaggaa cagatataaa gcttcgccac ggaagagatg gacaaagcac 240
aaagacaaca tgataccтta ggaagcaaca ctacсctttc aggcataaaa tttggagaaa 300
tgcaacatta tgcttcatga ataatatgta gaaagaaggt ctgatgaaaa tgacatcctt 360
aatgtaagat aactttataa gaattctggg tcaaataaaa ttctttgaag aaaacatcca 420
aatgtcattg acttatcaaa tactatcttg gcatataacc tatgaaggca aaactaaaca 480
aacaaaaagc tcacaccaaa caaaaccatc aacttatttt gtattctata acatacgaga 540
ctgtaaagat gtgacagtgt 600
620

<210> 360
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 360
aaaaaaaaaa agccagaaca acatgtgata gataatatga ttggctgcac acttccagac
tgatgaatga tgaacgtgat ggactattgt atggagcaca tcttcagcaa gagggggaaa 60
tactcatcat ttttggccag cagttgtttg atcaccaaac atcatgccag aatactcagc 120
aaaccttctt agctcttgag aagtcaaagt ccgggggaat ttattcctgg caattttaat 180
tggactcctt atgtgagagc agcggctacc cagctggggt ggtggagcga acccgtcact 240
agtggacatg cagtggcaga gctcctggta accacctaga ggaatacaca ggcacatgtg 300
tgatgccaag cgtgacacct gtagcactca aatttgtctt gtttttgtct ttcggtgtgt 360
agattcttag t 420
431

<210> 361
<211> 351
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 361
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ttgggtcctc tggtctcttg ccaagtttcc cagccactcg agggagaaat atcgggaggt 120
ttgacttcct ccggggcttt cccgagggct tcaccgtgag ccctgcggcc ctcagggctg 180
caatcctgga ttcaatgtct gaaacctcgc tctctgcctg ctggacttct gaggccgtca 240
ctgccactct gtcctccagc tctgacagct cctcatctgt ggtcctgttg t 300
351

<210> 362
<211> 463
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 362
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tgtagatgag ccggctgaag atcttgcgca tgcgcggctt cagggcgaag ttcttggcgc 60
ccccggtcac agaaatgacc aggttgggtg ttttcaggtg ccagtgctgg gtcagcagct 120
cgtaaaggat ttccgcgtcc gtgtcgcagg acagacgtat atacttccct ttcttcccca 180
gtgtctcaaa ctgaatatcc ccaaaggcgt cggtaggaaa ttccttggtg tgtttcttgt 240
agttccattt ctcactttgg ttgatctggg tgccttccat gtgctggctc tgggcatagc 300
cacacttgca cacattctcc ctgataagca cgatggtgtg gacaggaagg aaggatttca 360
ttgagcctgc ttatggaaac tggtattgtt agcttaaata gac 420
463

<210> 363
<211> 653

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(653)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 363
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ctcttggnga ttctgggtga catcttcatg aatggcaacc gtgccagwga ggctgtcctc 120
tgggaggcac tacgcaagat gggactgcgt cctggggtga gacatcctct ccttggagat 180
ctaacgaaac ttctcaccta tgagttgtaa agcagaaata cctgnactac agacgagtgc 240
ccaacagcaa ccccccggaa gtatgagttc ctctrgggcc tccgttccta ccatgagasc 300
tagcaagatg naagtgttga gantcattgc agaggttcag aaaagagacc cntcgtgact 360
ggtctgcaca gttcatggag gctgcagatg aggccttgga tgctctggat gctgctgcag 420
ctgaggccga agcccgggct gaagcaagaa cccgcatggg aattggagat gaggctgtgt 480
ntgggccctg gagctgggat gacattgagt ttgagctgct gacctgggat gaggaaggag 540
attttggaga tccntggtcc agaattccat ttaccttctg ggccagatac caccagaatg 600
cccgctccag attccctcag acctttgccg gtcccattat tggtcstggt ggt 653

<210> 364
<211> 401
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 364
actagaggaa agacgttaaa ccactctact accacttgtg gaactctcaa agggtaaatg 60
acaaagccaa tgaatgactc taaaaacaat atttacattt aatggtttgt agacaataaa 120
aaaacaaggt ggatagatct agaattgtaa cattttaaga aaaccatagc atttgacaga 180
tgagaaagct caattataga tgcaaagtta taactaaact actatagtag taaagaaata 240
catttcacac ccttcatata aattcactat cttggcttga ggcactccat aaaatgtatc 300
acgtgcatag taaatcttta tatttgctat ggcgttgcac tagaggactt ggactgcaac 360
aagtggatgc gcggaaaatg aaatcttctt caatagccca g 401

<210> 365
<211> 356
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 365
ccagtgtcat atttgggctt aaaatttcaa gaagggcact tcaaatggct ttgcatttgc 60
atgtttcagt gctagagcgt aggaatagac cctggcgtcc actgtgagat gttcttcagc 120
taccagagca tcaagtctct gcagcaggtc attcttgggt aaagaaatga cttccacaaa 180
ctctccatcc cctggctttg gcttcggcct tgcgtttttcg gcatcatctc cgttaatggt 240
gactgtcacg atgtgtatag tacagtttga caagcctggg tccatacaga ccgctggaga 300
acattcggca atgtcccctt tgtagccagt ttcttcttcg agctcccgga gagcag 356

<210> 366
<211> 1851
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 366
tcatcaccat tgccagcagc ggcaccgtta gtcaggtttt ctgggaatcc cacatgagta 60

cttccgtgtt cttcattctt cttcaatagc cataaatctt ctagctctgg ctggctgttt
tcacttcctt taagcctttg tgactcttcc tctgatgtca gctttaagtc ttgttctgga 120
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caaattacat gatgatgact agaaacagca tactctctgg ccgtctttcc agatcttgag 240
aagatacatc aacattttgc tcaagtagag ggctgactat acttgctgat ccacaacata 300
cagcaagtat gagagcagtt cttccatatc tatccagcgc atttaaattc gcttttttct 360
tgattaaaaa tttcaccact tgctgttttt gctcatgtat accaagtagc agtggtgtga 420
ggccatgctt gttttttgat tcgatatcag caccgtataa gagcagtgct ttggccatta 480
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gcacgagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga gcagtcctct 720
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tcacataaac agaattaaaa gcaaagtcac ataagcatct caacagacac agaaaaggca 1620
tttgacaaaa tccagcatcc ttgtatttat tgttgcagtt ctcagaggaa atgcttctaa 1680
cttttcccca tttagtatta tgttggctgt gggcttgtca taggtggttt ttattacttt 1740
aaggtatgtc ccttctatgc ctgttttgct gagggtttta attctcgtgc c 1800
1851

<210> 367
<211> 668
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 367
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accrtataag agcagtgctt tggccattaa tttatctttc attrtagaca gcrtagtgya 120
gagtggtatt tccatactca tctggaatat ttggatcagt gccatgttcc agcaacatta 180
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catatcttag gaattcaaaa taacattcca cagctttcac caactagtta tatttaaagg 300
agaaaactca tttttatgcc atgtattgaa atcaaaccca cctcatgctg atatagttgg 360
ctactgcata cctttatcag agctgtcctc tttttgttgt caaggacatt aagttgacat 420
cgtctgtcca gcaggagttt tactacttct gaattcccat tggcagaggc cagatgtaga 480
gcagtcctat gagagtgaga agacttttta ggaaattgta gtgcactagc tacagccata 540
gcaatgattc atgtaactgc aaacactgaa tagcctgcta ttactctgcc ttcaaaaaaa 600
aaaaaaaa 660
668

<210> 368
<211> 1512
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 368
gggtcgccca gggggsgcgt gggctttcct cgggtgggtg tgggttttcc ctgggtgggg 60
tgggctgggc trgaatcccc tgctggggtt ggcaggtttt ggctgggatt gacttttytc 120
ttcaaacaga ttggaaaccc ggagttacct gctagttggt gaaactggtt ggtagacgcg 180
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tccatgccgg ctgcttcttc tgtgaagaag ccatttggtc tcaggagcaa gatgggcaag 300
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gaacatggca ctgatccaaa tattccagat gagtatggaa ataccactct rcactaygct 960
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agaagcatta gagggtacag tttttttttt ttaaatgcac ttctggtaaa tacttttgtt 1260
gaaaacactg aatttgtaaa aggtaatact tactattttt caatttttcc ctcctaggat 1320
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actccaagaa aagttaaaca tgtttcagtg aatagagatc ctgctccttt ggcaagttcc 1440
taaaaaacag taatagatac gaggtgatgc gcctgtcagt ggcaaggttt aagatatttc 1500
tgatctcgtg cc 1512

<210> 369
<211> 1853
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 369
gggtcgccca gggggsgcgt gggctttcct cgggtgggtg tgggttttcc ctgggtgggg 60
tgggctgggc trgaatcccc tgctggggtt ggcaggtttt ggctgggatt gacttttytc 120
ttcaaacaga ttggaaaccc ggagttacct gctagttggt gaaactggtt ggtagacgcg 180
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tccatgccgg ctgcttcttc tgtgaagaag ccatttggtc tcaggagcaa gatgggcaag 300
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gccttcatgg akcccaggta ccacgtccrt ggagaagatc tggacaagct ccacagagct 660
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aacaagargg acaagcaaaa gaggactgct ctacatctgg cctctgccaa tgggaattca 780
gaagtagtaa aactcstgct ggacagacga tgtcaactta atgtccttga caacaaaaag 840
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gaacatggca ctgatccaaa tattccagat gagtatggaa ataccactct rcactaygct 960
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gcaaaatrtt gatgtatctt ctcaagatct ggaaagacgg ccagagagta tgctgtttct 1260

agtcatcatc atgtaatttg ccagttactt tctgactaca aagaaaaaca gatgttaaaa 1320
atctcttctg aaaacagcaa tccagaacaa gacttaaagc tgacatcaga ggaagagtca 1380
caaaggctta aaggaagtga aaacagccag ccagaggcat ggaaactttt aaatttaaac 1440
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cctatgagac taggctttga gaatcaatag attctttttt taagaatctt ttggctagga 1560
gcggtgtctc acgcctgtaa ttccagcacc ttgagaggct gaggtgggca gatcacgaga 1620
tcaggagatc gagaccatcc tggctaacac ggtgaaaccc catctctact aaaaatacaa 1680
aaacttagct gggtgtggtg gcgggtgcct gtagtcccag ctactcagga rgctgaggca 1740
ggagaatggc atgaacccgg gaggtggagg ttgcagtgag ccgagatccg ccactacact 1800
ccagcctggg tgacagagca agactctgtc tcaaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaa 1853

<210> 370
<211> 2184
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 370
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aaaaccacct atgacaagcc cacagccaac ataatactaa atggggaaaa gttagaagca 120
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<210> 371
<211> 1855
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(1855)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 371
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<210> 372
<211> 1059
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 372
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gcgcttgrgg agactmcgat gacagygcct tcatggagcc caggtaccac gtccgtggag 180
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catctggcct ctgccaatgg gaattcagaa gtagtaaaac tcstgctgga cagacgatgt 360

caacttaatg tccttgacaa caaaaagagg acagctctga yaaaggccgt acaatgccag 420
gaagatgaat gtgcgttaat gttgctggaa catggcactg atccaaatat tccagatgag 480
tatggaaata ccactctrca ctaygctrtc tayaatgaag ataaattaat ggccaaagca 540
ctgctcttat ayggtgctga tatcgaatca aaaaacaagg tatagatcta ctaattttat 600
cttcaaaata ctgaaatgca ttcattttaa cattgacgtg tgtaagggcc agtcttccgt 660
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<210> 373
<211> 1155
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 373
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ctcagggaca ctgacgtgaa caagaaggac aagcaaaaga ggactgctct acatctggcc 540
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gtccttgaca acaaaaagag gacagctctg ataaaggccg tacaatgcca ggaagatgaa 660
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gccagagagt atgctgtttc tagtcatcat catgtaattt gccagttact ttctgactac 1080
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accagaaata aataa 1155

<210> 374
<211> 2000
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 374
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gacaagctcc acagagctgc ctggtggggt aaagtcccca gaaaggatct catcgtcatg 480
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cttagttgta agaaagaaaa agacatcttg catgaaaata gtacgttgcg ggaagaaatt    1920
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<210> 375
<211> 2040
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 375

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<210> 376
<211> 329
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 376
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20 25 30
Glu Tyr Thr Ile Val His Ala Ser Phe Ile Ser Cys Ile Ser Ser Ser
35 40 45
Leu Asp Gly Gln Gly Glu Arg Gln Glu Gln Arg Gly His Phe Trp Arg
50 55 60
Pro Gln Arg Leu Leu Cys Glu Asp Ala Trp Glu Gln Glu Val Gln Val
65 70 75 80
Val Leu Pro Leu Leu Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
85 90 95
Val Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Asp Pro Arg Tyr
100 105 110
His Val His Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp
115 120 125
Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp
130 135 140
Val Asn Lys Arg Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser
145 150 155 160
Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Val Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys
165 170 175
Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Thr Lys Ala
180 185 190
Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly
195 200 205
Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr
210 215 220
Ala Val Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr
225 230 235 240
Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu
245 250 255
Leu Gly Ile His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys
260 265 270
Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu
275 280 285
Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Pro Leu Leu

290 295 300
Glu Gln Asn Val Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Glu Arg Arg Pro Glu
305 310 315 320
Ser Met Leu Phe Leu Val Ile Ile Met
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<210> 377
<211> 148
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<220>
<221> VARIANT
<222> (1)...(148)
<223> Xaa = Any Amino Acid

<400> 377
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20 25 30
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35 40 45
Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu
50 55 60
Val Val Lys Leu Xaa Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp
65 70 75 80
Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Xaa Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp
85 90 95
Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro
100 105 110
Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Xaa Tyr Asn Glu Asp
115 120 125
Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser
130 135 140
Lys Asn Lys Val
145

<210> 378
<211> 1719
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 378
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Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
35 40 45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
50 55 60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65 70 75 80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn

85 90 95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
100 105 110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
115 120 125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
130 135 140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145 150 155 160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
165 170 175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
180 185 190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
195 200 205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
210 215 220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
225 230 235 240
Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
245 250 255
Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
260 265 270
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275 280 285
Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
290 295 300
Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
305 310 315 320
Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
325 330 335
Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
340 345 350
Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
355 360 365
Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Asn Val Ser Arg Thr Arg Asn Lys
370 375 380
Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser
385 390 395 400
Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys
405 410 415
Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly
420 425 430
Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys
435 440 445
Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly
450 455 460
Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys
465 470 475 480
Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys
485 490 495
Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp
500 505 510
Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu
515 520 525

Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp
530 535 540
Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln
545 550 555 560
Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val
565 570 575
Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn
580 585 590
Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu
595 600 605
Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp
610 615 620
Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys
625 630 635 640
Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys
645 650 655
Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys
660 665 670
Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala
675 680 685
Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly
690 695 700
Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser
705 710 715 720
Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser
725 730 735
His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln
740 745 750
Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys
755 760 765
Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser
770 775 780
Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp
785 790 795 800
Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly
805 810 815
Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn
820 825 830
Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe
835 840 845
Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser
850 855 860
Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn
865 870 875 880
Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu
885 890 895
Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile
900 905 910
Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn
915 920 925
Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro
930 935 940
Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu
945 950 955 960
Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe

965 970 975
Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His
980 985 990
Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser
995 1000 1005
Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu
1010 1015 1020
Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His
1025 1030 1035 104
Gln Ser Gln Leu Pro Arg Thr His Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met
1045 1050 1055
Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met
1060 1065 1070
Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys
1075 1080 1085
Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr
1090 1095 1100
Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys
1105 1110 1115 112
Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp
1125 1130 1135
Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His
1140 1145 1150
Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp
1155 1160 1165
Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg
1170 1175 1180
Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val
1185 1190 1195 120
Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys
1205 1210 1215
Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly
1220 1225 1230
Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn
1235 1240 1245
Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys
1250 1255 1260
Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro
1265 1270 1275 128
Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr
1285 1290 1295
Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp
1300 1305 1310
Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val
1315 1320 1325
His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala
1330 1335 1340
Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala
1345 1350 1355 136
Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn
1365 1370 1375
Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr
1380 1385 1390
Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr
1395 1400 1405

Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu
1410 1415 1420
Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly
1425 1430 1435 144
Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn
1445 1450 1455
Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser
1460 1465 1470
Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly
1475 1480 1485
Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu
1490 1495 1500
Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys
1505 1510 1515 152
Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser
1525 1530 1535
Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu
1540 1545 1550
Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser
1555 1560 1565
Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe
1570 1575 1580
Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe
1585 1590 1595 160
Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly
1605 1610 1615
Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro
1620 1625 1630
Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln
1635 1640 1645
Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile
1650 1655 1660
Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser
1665 1670 1675 168
Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn
1685 1690 1695
Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr
1700 1705 1710
Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
1715

<210> 379
<211> 656
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 379
Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
1 5 10 15
Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
20 25 30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
35 40 45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
50 55 60

Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65 70 75 80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
85 90 95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
100 105 110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
115 120 125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
130 135 140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145 150 155 160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
165 170 175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
180 185 190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
195 200 205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
210 215 220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn
225 230 235 240
Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
245 250 255
Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
260 265 270
Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
275 280 285
Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
290 295 300
Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
305 310 315 320
Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
325 330 335
Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
340 345 350
Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
355 360 365
Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
370 375 380
Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
385 390 395 400
Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
405 410 415
Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
420 425 430
Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
435 440 445
Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
450 455 460
Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
465 470 475 480
Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
485 490 495
Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu

500 505 510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys
515 520 525
Lys His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly
530 535 540
Ala Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser
545 550 555 560
Arg Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr
565 570 575
His Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln
580 585 590
Asn Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln
595 600 605
Ile Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys
610 615 620
Lys Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile
625 630 635 640
Ala Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
645 650 655

<210> 380
<211> 671
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 380
Met Val Val Glu Val Asp Ser Met Pro Ala Ala Ser Ser Val Lys Lys
1 5 10 15
Pro Phe Gly Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys Arg Cys Phe
20 25 30
Pro Cys Cys Arg Glu Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val Gly Thr Ser Gly Asp
35 40 45
His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Ser Lys Met Gly Lys Trp
50 55 60
Cys Arg His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser Gly Lys Ser Asn Val
65 70 75 80
Gly Ala Ser Gly Asp His Asp Asp Ser Ala Met Lys Thr Leu Arg Asn
85 90 95
Lys Met Gly Lys Trp Cys Cys His Cys Phe Pro Cys Cys Arg Gly Ser
100 105 110
Gly Lys Ser Lys Val Gly Ala Trp Gly Asp Tyr Asp Asp Ser Ala Phe
115 120 125
Met Glu Pro Arg Tyr His Val Arg Gly Glu Asp Leu Asp Lys Leu His
130 135 140
Arg Ala Ala Trp Trp Gly Lys Val Pro Arg Lys Asp Leu Ile Val Met
145 150 155 160
Leu Arg Asp Thr Asp Val Asn Lys Lys Asp Lys Gln Lys Arg Thr Ala
165 170 175
Leu His Leu Ala Ser Ala Asn Gly Asn Ser Glu Val Val Lys Leu Leu
180 185 190
Leu Asp Arg Arg Cys Gln Leu Asn Val Leu Asp Asn Lys Lys Arg Thr
195 200 205
Ala Leu Ile Lys Ala Val Gln Cys Gln Glu Asp Glu Cys Ala Leu Met
210 215 220
Leu Leu Glu His Gly Thr Asp Pro Asn Ile Pro Asp Glu Tyr Gly Asn

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225                 230                 235                 240
Thr Thr Leu His Tyr Ala Ile Tyr Asn Glu Asp Lys Leu Met Ala Lys
                245                 250                 255
Ala Leu Leu Leu Tyr Gly Ala Asp Ile Glu Ser Lys Asn Lys His Gly
            260                 265                 270
Leu Thr Pro Leu Leu Leu Gly Val His Glu Gln Lys Gln Gln Val Val
        275                 280                 285
Lys Phe Leu Ile Lys Lys Lys Ala Asn Leu Asn Ala Leu Asp Arg Tyr
    290                 295                 300
Gly Arg Thr Ala Leu Ile Leu Ala Val Cys Cys Gly Ser Ala Ser Ile
305                 310                 315                 320
Val Ser Leu Leu Leu Glu Gln Asn Ile Asp Val Ser Ser Gln Asp Leu
                325                 330                 335
Ser Gly Gln Thr Ala Arg Glu Tyr Ala Val Ser Ser His His His Val
            340                 345                 350
Ile Cys Gln Leu Leu Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu Lys Gln Met Leu Lys Ile
        355                 360                 365
Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu
    370                 375                 380
Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Phe Lys Gly Ser Glu Asn Ser Gln Pro Glu Lys
385                 390                 395                 400
Met Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp Gly Asp Arg Glu Val Glu
                405                 410                 415
Glu Glu Met Lys Lys His Glu Ser Asn Asn Val Gly Leu Leu Glu Asn
            420                 425                 430
Leu Thr Asn Gly Val Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asn Gly Leu Ile Pro
        435                 440                 445
Gln Arg Lys Ser Arg Thr Pro Glu Asn Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Asn Glu
    450                 455                 460
Ser Glu Glu Tyr His Arg Ile Cys Glu Leu Val Ser Asp Tyr Lys Glu
465                 470                 475                 480
Lys Gln Met Pro Lys Tyr Ser Ser Glu Asn Ser Asn Pro Glu Gln Asp
                485                 490                 495
Leu Lys Leu Thr Ser Glu Glu Glu Ser Gln Arg Leu Glu Gly Ser Glu
            500                 505                 510
Asn Gly Gln Pro Glu Lys Arg Ser Gln Glu Pro Glu Ile Asn Lys Asp
        515                 520                 525
Gly Asp Arg Glu Leu Glu Asn Phe Met Ala Ile Glu Glu Met Lys Lys
    530                 535                 540
His Gly Ser Thr His Val Gly Phe Pro Glu Asn Leu Thr Asn Gly Ala
545                 550                 555                 560
Thr Ala Gly Asn Gly Asp Asp Gly Leu Ile Pro Pro Arg Lys Ser Arg
                565                 570                 575
Thr Pro Glu Ser Gln Gln Phe Pro Asp Thr Glu Asn Glu Glu Tyr His
            580                 585                 590
Ser Asp Glu Gln Asn Asp Thr Gln Lys Gln Phe Cys Glu Glu Gln Asn
        595                 600                 605
Thr Gly Ile Leu His Asp Glu Ile Leu Ile His Glu Glu Lys Gln Ile
    610                 615                 620
Glu Val Val Glu Lys Met Asn Ser Glu Leu Ser Leu Ser Cys Lys Lys
625                 630                 635                 640
Glu Lys Asp Ile Leu His Glu Asn Ser Thr Leu Arg Glu Glu Ile Ala
                645                 650                 655
Met Leu Arg Leu Glu Leu Asp Thr Met Lys His Gln Ser Gln Leu
            660                 665                 670
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<210> 381
<211> 251
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapien

<400> 381
ggagaagcgt ctgctggggc aggaaggggt ttccctgccc tctcacctgt ccctcaccaa 60
ggtaacatgc ttcccctaag ggtatcccaa cccaggggcc tcaccatgac ctctgagggg 120
ccaatatccc aggagaagca ttggggagtt gggggcaggt gaaggaccca ggactcacac 180
atcctgggcc tccaaggcag aggagagggt cctcaagaag gtcaggagga aaatccgtaa 240
caagcagtca g 251

<210> 382
<211> 3279
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 382
cttcctgcag cccccatgct ggtgaggggc acgggcagga acagtggacc caacatggaa 60
atgctggagg gtgtcaggaa gtgatcgggc tctggggcag ggaggagggg tggggagtgt 120
cactgggagg ggacatcctg cagaaggtag gagtgagcaa acacccgctg caggggaggg 180
gagagccctg cggcacctgg gggagcagag ggagcagcac ctgcccaggc ctgggaggag 240
gggcctggag ggcgtgagga ggagcgaggg ggctgcatgg ctggagtgag ggatcagggg 300
cagggcgcga gatggcctca cacagggaag agagggcccc tcctgcaggg cctcacctgg 360
gccacaggag gacactgctt ttcctctgag gagtcaggag ctgtggatgg tgctggacag 420
aagaaggaca gggcctggct caggtgtcca gaggctgtcg ctggcttccc tttgggatca 480
gactgcaggg agggagggcg gcagggttgt gggggagtg acgatgagga tgacctgggg 540
gtggctccag gccttgcccc tgcctgggcc ctcacccagc ctccctcaca gtctcctggc 600
cctcagtctc tcccctccac tccatcctcc atctggcctc agtgggtcat tctgatcact 660
gaactgacca tacccagccc tgcccacggc cctccatggc tccccaatgc cctggagagg 720
ggacatctag tcagagagta gtcctgaaga ggtggcctct gcgatgtgcc tgtgggggca 780
gcatcctgca gatggtcccg gccctcatcc tgctgacctg tctgcaggga ctgtcctcct 840
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catttctgtc tgttcctgag agctgggaat tgctctcagt catctgcctg cgcggttctg 1020
agagatggag ttgcctaggc agttattggg gccaatcttt ctcactgtgt ctctcctcct 1080
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gcattaccgg aagtggatca aggacaccat cgcagccaac ccctgagtgc ccctgtccca 1260
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gacctgtgct ttctggtgtg gagtccaggg ctgctaggaa aaggaatggg cagacacagg 1440
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acacacagca aggttgacgc tgtaaacata gcccacgctg tcctgggggc actgggaagc 1740
ctagataagg ccgtgagcag aaagaagggg aggatcctcc tatgttgttg aaggagggac 1800
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cgtcagattt gatgatttcc tagcaggact tacagaaata aagagctatc atgctgtggt 1920
ttattatggt ttgttacatt gataggatac atactgaaat cagcaaacaa aacagatgta 1980
tagattagag tgtggagaaa acagaggaaa acttgcagtt acgaagactg gcaacttggc 2040
tttactaagt tttcagactg gcaggaagtc aaacctatta ggctgaggac cttgtggagt 2100
gtagctgatc cagctgatag aggaactagc caggtggggg cctttccctt tggatggggg 2160

gcatatccga cagttattct ctccaagtgg agacttacgg acagcatata attctccctg 2220
caaggatgta tgataatatg tacaaagtaa ttccaactga ggaagctcac ctgatcctta 2280
gtgtccaggg tttttactgg gggtctgtag gacgagtatg gagtacttga ataattgacc 2340
tgaagtcctc agacctgagg ttccctagag ttcaaacaga tacagcatgg tccagagtcc 2400
cagatgtaca aaaacaggga ttcatcacaa atcccatctt tagcatgaag ggtctggcat 2460
ggcccaaggc cccaagtata tcaaggcact tgggcagaac atgccaagga atcaaatgtc 2520
atctcccagg agttattcaa gggtgagccc tttacttggg atgtacaggc tttgagcagt 2580
gcagggctgc tgagtcaacc ttttattgta caggggatga gggaaaggga gaggatgagg 2640
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aaagaagaat ccagaaatag gggcacattg aggaatgata ctgagcccaa agagcattca 2760
atcattgttt tatttgcctt cttttcacac cattggtgag ggagggatta ccaccctggg 2820
gttatgaaga tggttgaaca ccccacacat agcaccggag atatgagatc aacagtttct 2880
tagccataga gattcacagc ccagagcagg aggacgctgc acaccatgca ggatgacatg 2940
ggggatgcgc tcgggattgg tgtgaagaag caaggactgt tagaggcagg ctttatagta 3000
acaagacggt ggggcaaact ctgatttccg tgggggaatg tcatggtctt gctttactaa 3060
gttttgagac tggcaggtag tgaaactcat taggctgaga accttgtgga atgcagctga 3120
cccagctgat agaggaagta gccaggtggg agcctttccc agtgggtgtg ggacatatct 3180
ggcaagattt tgtggcactc ctggttacag atactggggc agcaaataaa actgaatctt 3240
gttttcagac cttaaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa aaaagtttt 3279

<210> 383
<211> 155
<212> PRT
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 383
Met Ala Gly Val Arg Asp Gln Gly Gln Gly Ala Arg Trp Pro His Thr
5 10 15

Gly Lys Arg Gly Pro Leu Leu Gln Gly Leu Thr Trp Ala Thr Gly Gly
20 25 30

His Cys Phe Ser Ser Glu Glu Ser Gly Ala Val Asp Gly Ala Gly Gln
35 40 45

Lys Lys Asp Arg Ala Trp Leu Arg Cys Pro Glu Ala Val Ala Gly Phe
50 55 60

Pro Leu Gly Ser Asp Cys Arg Glu Gly Gly Arg Gln Gly Cys Gly Gly
65 70 75 80

Ser Asp Asp Glu Asp Asp Leu Gly Val Ala Pro Gly Leu Ala Pro Ala
85 90 95

Trp Ala Leu Thr Gln Pro Pro Ser Gln Ser Pro Gly Pro Gln Ser Leu
100 105 110

Pro Ser Thr Pro Ser Ser Ile Trp Pro Gln Trp Val Ile Leu Ile Thr
115 120 125

Glu Leu Thr Ile Pro Ser Pro Ala His Gly Pro Pro Trp Leu Pro Asn
130 135 140

Ala Leu Glu Arg Gly His Leu Val Arg Glu
145 150

<210> 384
<211> 557
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 384
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aaagatgtgt tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgtggg tttccaacca 120
ggggaagggt cccttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggt 180
tctgcctcct ggccaagcag gctggtttgc aagaatgaaa tgaatgattc tacagctagg 240
acttaacctt gaaatggaaa gtcttgcaat cccatttgca ggatccgtct gtgcacatgc 300
ctctgtagag agcagcattc ccagggacct tggaaacagt tggcactgta aggtgcttgc 360
tccccaagac acatcctaaa aggtgttgta atggtgaaaa cgtcttcctt ctttattgcc 420
ccttcttatt tatgtgaaca actgtttgtc tttttttgta tctttttttaa actgtaaagt 480
tcaattgtga aaatgaatat catgcaaata aattatgcga tttttttttc aaagtaaaaa 540
aaaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 557

<210> 385
<211> 337
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 385
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gtttctctag cagcagatgg gttaggagga agtgacccaa gtggttgact cctatgtgca 120
tctcaaagcc atctgctgtc ttcgagtacg gacacatcat cactcctgca ttgttgatca 180
aaacgtggag gtgcttttcc tcagctaaga agcccttagc aaaagctcga atagacttag 240
tatcagacag gtccagtttc cgcaccaaca cctgctggtt ccctgtcgtg gtctggatct 300
ctttggccac caattccccc ttttccacat cccggca 337

<210> 386
<211> 300
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 386
gggcccgcta ccggcccagg ccccgcctcg cgagtcctcc tccccgggtg cctgcccgca 60
gcccgctcgg cccagagggt gggcgcgggg ctgcctctac cggctggcgg ctgtaactca 120
gcgaccttgg cccgaaggct ctagcaagga cccaccgacc ccagccgcgg cggcggcggc 180
gcggactttg cccggtgtgt ggggcggagc ggactgcgtg tccgcggacg ggcagcgaag 240
atgttagcct tcgctgccag gaccgtggac cgatcccagg gctgtggtgt aacctcagcc 300

<210> 387
<211> 537
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 387
gggccgagtc gggcaccaag ggactctttg caggcttcct tcctcggatc atcaaggctg 60
ccccctcctg tgccatcatg atcagcacct atgagttcgg caaaagcttc ttccagaggc 120
tgaaccagga ccggcttctg ggcggctgaa aggggcaagg aggcaaggac cccgtctctc 180
ccacggatgg ggagagggca ggaggagacc cagccaagtg ccttttcctc agcactgagg 240
gagggggctt gtttcccttc cctcccggcg acaagctcca gggcagggct gtccctctgg 300

gcggcccagc acttcctcag acacaacttc ttcctgctgc tccagtcgtg gggatcatca 360
cttacccacc ccccaagttc aagaccaaat cttccagctg ccccccttcgt gtttccctgt 420
gtttgctgta gctgggcatg tctccaggaa ccaagaagcc ctcagcctgg tgtagtctcc 480
ctgacccttg ttaattcctt aagtctaaag atgatgaact tcaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 537

<210> 388
<211> 520
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 388
aggataattt ttaaaccaat caaatgaaaa aaacaaacaa acaaaaaagg aaatgtcatg 60
tgaggttaaa ccagtttgca ttcccctaat gtggaaaaag taagaggact actcagcact 120
gtttgaagat tgcctcttct acagcttctg agaattgtgt tatttcactt gccaagtgaa 180
ggacccccctc cccaacatgc cccagcccac ccctaagcat ggtcccttgt caccaggcaa 240
ccaggaaact gctacttgtg gacctcacca gagaccagga gggtttggtt agctcacagg 300
acttccccca ccccagaaga ttagcatccc atactagact catactcaac tcaactaggc 360
tcatactcaa ttgatggtta ttagacaatt ccatttcttt ctggttatta taaacagaaa 420
atctttcctc ttctcattac cagtaaaggc tcttggtatc tttctgttgg aatgatttct 480
atgaacttgt cttattttaa tggtgggttt tttttctggt 520

<210> 389
<211> 365
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 389
cgttgcccca gtttgacaga aggaaaggcg gagcttattc aaagtctaga gggagtggag 60
gagttaaggc tggatttcag atctgcctgg ttccagccgc agtgtgccct ctgctccccc 120
aacgactttc caaataatct caccagcgcc ttccagctca ggcgtcctag aagcgtcttg 180
aagcctatgg ccagctgtct ttgtgttccc tctcacccgc ctgtcctcac agctgagact 240
cccaggaaac cttcagacta ccttcctctg ccttcagcaa ggggcgttgc ccacattctc 300
tgagggtcag tggaagaacc tagactccca ttgctagagg tagaaagggg aagggtgctg 360
gggag 365

<210> 390
<211> 221
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(221)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 390
tgcctctcca tcctggcccc gacttctctg tcaggaaagt ggggatggac cccatctgca 60
tacacggntt ctcatgggtg tggaacatct ctgcttgcgg tttcaggaag gcctctggct 120
gctctangag tctgancnga ntcgttgccc cantntgaca naaggaaagg cggagcttat 180
tcaaagtcta gagggagtgg aggagttaag gctggatttc a 221

<210> 391
<211> 325
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(325)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 391
tggagcaggt cccgaggcct ccctagagcc tggggccgac tctgtgncga tgcangcttt 60
ctctcgcgcc cagcctggag ctgctcctgg catctaccaa caatcagncg aggcgagcag 120
tagccagggc actgctgcca acagccagtc cnnataccat catgtnaccc ggtgngctct 180
naanttngat ntccanagcc ctacccatcn tagttctgct ctcccaccgg ntaccagccc 240
cactgcccag gaatcctaca gccagtaccc tgtcccgacg tctctacсta ccagtacgat 300
gagacctccg gctactacta tgacc 325

<210> 392
<211> 277
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(277)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 392
atattgttta actccttcct ttatatcttt taacattttc atggngaaag gttcacatct 60
agtctcactt nggcnagngn ctcctacttg agtctcttcc ccggcctgnn ccagtngnaa 120
antaccanga accgncatgn cttaanaacn ncctggtttn tgggttnntc aatgactgca 180
tgcagtgcac caccctgtcc actacgtgat gctgtaggat taaagtctca cagtgggcgg 240
ctgaggatac agcgccgcgt cctgtgttgc tggggaa 277

<210> 393
<211> 566
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 393
actagtccag tgtggtggaa ttcgcggccg cgtcgacgga caggtcagct gtctggctca 60
gtgatctaca ttctgaagtt gtctgaaaat gtcttcatga ttaaattcag cctaaacgtt 120
ttgccgggaa cactgcagag acaatgctgt gagtttccaa ccttagccca tctgcgggca 180
gagaaggtct agtttgtcca tcagcattat catgatatca ggactggtta cttggttaag 240
gaggggtcta ggagatctgt ccccttttaga gacaccttac ttataatgaa gtatttggga 300
gggtggtttt caaaagtaga aatgtcctgt attccgatga tcatcctgta aacattttat 360
catttattaa tcatccctgc ctgtgtctat tattatattc atatctctac gctggaaact 420
ttctgcctca atgtttactg tgcctttgtt tttgctagtt tgtgttgttg aaaaaaaaaa 480
cattctctgc ctgagtttta atttttgtcc aaagttattt taatctatac aattaaaagc 540
ttttgcctat caaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 566

<210> 394
<211> 384
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature

<222> (1)...(384)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 394
gaacatacat gtcccggcac ctgagctgca gtctgacatc atcgccatca cgggcctcgc 60
tgcaaattng gaccgggcca aggctggact gctggagcgt gtgaaggagc tacaggccna 120
gcaggaggac cgggctttaa ggagttttaa gctgagtgtc actgtagacc ccaaatacca 180
tcccaagatt atcgggagaa agggggcagt aattacccaa atccggttgg agcatgacgt 240
gaacatccag tttcctgata aggacgatgg gaaccagccc caggaccaaa ttaccatcac 300
agggtacgaa aagaacacag aagctgccag ggatgctata ctgagaattg tgggtgaact 360
tgagcagatg gtttctgagg acgt 384

<210> 395
<211> 399
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 395
ggcaaaactg tgtgacctca ataagacctc gcagatccaa ggtcaagtat cagaagtgac 60
tctgaccttg gactccaaga cctacatcaa cagcctggct atattagatg atgagccagt 120
tatcagaggt ttcatcattg cggaaattgt ggagtctaag gaaatcatgg cctctgaagt 180
attcacgtct ttccagtacc ctgagttctc tatagagttg cctaacacag gcagaattgg 240
ccagctactt gtctgcaatt gtatcttcaa gaataccctg gccatccctt tgactgacgt 300
caagttctct ttggaaagcc tgggcatctc ctcactacag acctctgacc atgggacggt 360
gcagcctggt gagaccatcc aatcccaaat aaaatgcac 399

<210> 396
<211> 403
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(403)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 396
tggagttntc agtgcaaaca agccataaag cttcagtagc aaattactgt ctcacagaaa 60
gacattttca acttctgctc cagctgctga taaaacaaat catgtgttta gcttgactcc 120
agacaaggac aacctgttcc ttcataactc tctagagaaa aaaaggagtt gttagtagat 180
actaaaaaaa gtggatgaat aatctggata tttttcctaa aaagattcct tgaaacacat 240
taggaaaatg gagggcctta tgatcagaat gctagaatta gtccattgtg ctgaagcagg 300
gtttagggga gggagtgagg gataaaagaa ggaaaaaaag aagagtgaga aaacctattt 360
atcaaagcag gtgctatcac tcaatgttag gccctgctct ttt 403

<210> 397
<211> 100
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(100)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 397
actagtncag tgtggtggaa ttcgcggccg cgtcgaccta naanccatct ctatagcaaa 60
tccatccccg ctcctggttg gtnacagaat gactgacaaa 100

<210> 398
<211> 278
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(278)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 398
gcggccgcgt cgacagcagt tccgccagcg ctcgcccctg ggtggggatg tgctgcacgc 60
ccacctggac atctggaagt cagcggcctg gatgaaagag cggacttcac ctggggcgat 120
tcactactgt gcctcgacca gtgaggagag ctggaccgac agcgaggtgg actcatcatg 180
ctccgggcag cccatccacc tgtggcagtt cctcaaggag ttgctactca agccccacag 240
ctatggccgc ttcattangt ggctcaacaa ggagaagg 278

<210> 399
<211> 298
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(298)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 399
acggaggtgg aggaagcgnc cctgggatcg anaggatggg tcctgncatt gaccncctcn 60
ggggtgccng catggagcgc atggcgcgg gcctgggcca cggcatggat cgcgtgggct 120
ccgagatcga gcgcatgggc ctggtcatgg accgcatggg ctccgtggag cgcatgggct 180
ccggcattga gcgcatgggc ccgctgggcc tcgaccacat ggcctccanc attgancgca 240
tgggccagac catggagcgc attggctctg gcgtggagcn catgggtgcc ggcatggg 298

<210> 400
<211> 548
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 400
acatcaacta cttcctcatt ttaaggtatg gcagttccct tcatcccctt ttcctgcctt 60
gtacatgtac atgtatgaaa tttccttctc ttaccgaact ctctccacac atcacaaggt 120
caaagaacca cacgcttaga agggtaagag ggcaccctat gaaatgaaat ggtgatttct 180
tgagtctctt ttttccacgt ttaaggggcc atggcaggac ttagagttgc gagttaagac 240
tgcagagggc tagagaatta tttcatacag gctttgaggc cacccatgtc acttatcccg 300
tataccctct caccatcccc ttgtctactc tgatgccccc aagatgcaac tgggcagcta 360
gttggcccca taattctggg cctttgttgt ttgttttaat tacttgggca tcccaggaag 420
ctttccagtg atctcctacc atgggccccc ctcctgggat caagcccctc ccaggccctg 480
tccccagccc ctcctgcccc agcccacccg cttgccttgg tgctcagccc tcccattggg 540
agcaggtt 548

<210> 401
<211> 355
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(355)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 401
actgtttcca tgttatgttt ctacacattg ctacctcagt gctcctggaa acttagcttt 60
tgatgtctcc aagtagtcca ccttcattta actctttgaa actgtatcat ctttgccaag 120
taagagtggt ggcctatttc agctgctttg acaaaatgac tggctcctga cttaacgttc 180
tataaatgaa tgtgctgaag caaagtgccc atggtggcgg cgaagaagan aaagatgtgt 240
tttgttttgg actctctgtg gtcccttcca atgctgnggg tttccaacca ggggaagggt 300
ccctttttgca ttgccaagtg ccataaccat gagcactact ctaccatggn tctgc 355

<210> 402
<211> 407
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(407)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 402
atggggcaag ctggataaag aaccaagacc cactggagta tgctgtcttc aagaaaccca 60
tctcacatgc ggtggcatac ataggctcaa aataaaggaa tggagaaaaa tatttcaagc 120
aaatggaaaa cagaaaaaag caggtgttgc actcctactt tctgacaaaa cagactatgc 180
gaataaagat aaaaaagaga aggacattac aaaggtggtc ctgacctttg ataaatctca 240
ttgcttgata ccaacctggg ctgttttaat tgcccaaacc aaaaggataa tttgctgagg 300
ttgtggagct tctcccctgc agagagtccc tgatctccca aaatttggtt gagatgtaag 360
gntgattttg ctgacaactc cttttctgaa gttttactca tttccaa 407

<210> 403
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 403
cagtatttat agccnaactg aaaagctagt agcaggcaag tctcaaatcc aggcaccaaa 60
tcctaagcaa gagccatggc atggtgaaaa tgcaaaagga gagtctggcc aatctacaaa 120
tagagaacaa gacctactca gtcatgaaca aaaaggcaga caccaacatg gatctcatgg 180
gggattggat attgtaatta tagagcagga agatgacagt gatcgtcatt tggcacaaca 240
tcttaacaac gaccgaaacc cattatttac ataaacctcc attcggtaac catgttgaaa 300
gga 303

<210> 404
<211> 225
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 404
aagtgtaact tttaaaaatt tagtggattt tgaaaattct tagaggaaag taaaggaaaa 60
attgttaatg cactcattta cctttacatg gtgaaagttc tctcttgatc ctacaaacag 120
acattttcca ctcgtgtttc catagttgtt aagtgtatca gatgtgttgg gcatgtgaat 180
ctccaagtgc ctgtgtaata aataaagtat ctttatttca ttcat 225

<210> 405
<211> 334
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(334)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 405
gagctgttat actgtgagtt ctactaggaa atcatcaaat ctgagggttg tctggaggac 60
ttcaatacac ctcccccat agtgaatcag cttccagggg gtccagtccc tctccttact 120
tcatccccat cccatgccaa aggaagaccc tccctccttg gctcacagcc ttctctaggc 180
ttcccagtgc ctccaggaca gagtgggtta tgttttcagc tccatccttg ctgtgagtgt 240
ctggtgcggt tgtgcctcca gcttctgctc agtgcttcat ggacagtgtc cagcccatgt 300
cactctccac tctctcanng tggatcccac ccct 334

<210> 406
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 406
tttcatacct aatgagggag ttganatnac atnnaaccag gaaatgcatg gatctcaang 60
gaaacaaaca cccaataaac tcggagtggc agactgacaa ctgtgagaca tgcacttgct 120
acnaaacaca aatttnatgt tgcacccttg tttctacacc tgtgggttat gacaaagaca 180
actgccaaag aatnttcaag aaggaggact gccant 216

<210> 407
<211> 413
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 407
gctgacttgc tagtatcatc tgcattcatt gaagcacaag aacttcatgc cttgactcat 60
gtaaatgcaa taggattaaa aaataaattt gatatcacat ggaaacagac aaaaaatatt 120
gtacaacatt gcacccagtg tcagattcta cacctggcca ctcaggaagc aagagttaat 180
cccagaggtc tatgtcctaa tgtgttatgg caaatggatg tcatgcacgt accttcattt 240

ggaaaattgt catttgtcca tgtgacagtt gatacttatt cacatttcat atgggcaacc 300
tgccagacag gagaaagtct tcccatgtta aaagacattt attatcttgt tttcctgtca 360
tgggagttcc agaaaaagtt aaaacagaca atgggccagg ttctgtagta aag 413

<210> 408
<211> 183
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(183)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 408
ggagctngcc ctcaattcct ccatntctat gttancatat ttaatgtctt ttgnnattaa 60
tncttaacta gttaatcctt aaagggctan ntaatcctta actagtccct ccattgtgag 120
cattatcctt ccagtattcn ccttctnttt tatttactcc ttcctggcta cccatgtact 180
ntt 183

<210> 409
<211> 250
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(250)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 409
cccacgcatg ataagctctt tatttctgta agtcctgcta ggaaatcatc aaatctgacg 60
gtggtttggg ggacctgaac aaacctcctg taattaatca gctttcagtt tctcccccta 120
gtccctcctt caacaacata ggaggatcct ccccttcttt ctgctcacgg ccttatctag 180
gcttcccagt gcccccagga cagcgtgggc tatgtttaca gcgcntcctt gctgggggg 240
ggccntatgc 250

<210> 410
<211> 306
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(306)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 410
ggctggtttg caagaatgaa atgaatgatt ctacagctag gacttaacct tgaaatggaa 60
agtcttgcaa tcccatttgc aggatccgtc tgtgcacatg cctctgtaga gagcagcatt 120
cccagggacc ttggaaacag ttggcactgt aaggtgcttg ctccccaaga cacatcctaa 180
aaggtgttgt aatggtgaaa accgcttcct tctttattgc cccttcttat ttatgtgaac 240
nactggttgg ctttttttgn atctttttta aactggaaag ttcaattgng aaaatgaata 300
tcntgc 306

<210> 411
<211> 261
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(261)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 411
agagatattn cttaggtnaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttacccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggngaggcaa a 261

<210> 412
<211> 241
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(241)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 412
gttcaatgtt acctgacatt tctacaacac cccactcacc gatgtattcg ttgcccagtg 60
ggaacatacc agcctgaatt tggaaaaaat aattgtgttt cttgcccagg aaatactacg 120
actgactttg atggctccac aaacataacc cagtgtaaaa acagaagatg tggaggggag 180
ctgggagatt tcactgggta cattgaattc ccaaactacc cangcaatta cccagccaac 240
a 241

<210> 413
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 413
aactcttaca atccaagtga ctcatctgtg tgcttgaatc ctttccactg tctcatctcc 60
ctcatccaag tttctagtac cttctctttg ttgtgaagga taatcaaact gaacaacaaa 120
aagtttactc tcctcatttg gaacctaaaa actctcttct tcctgggtct gagggctcca 180
agaatccttg aatcanttct cagatcattg gggacaccan atcaggaacc t 231

<210> 414
<211> 234
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 414
actgtccatg aagcactgag cagaagctgg aggcacaacg caccagacac tcacagcaag 60
gatggagctg aaaacataac ccactctgtc ctggaggcac tgggaagcct agagaaggct 120
gtgagccaag gagggagggt cttcctttgg catgggatgg ggatgaagta aggagaggga 180
ctggaccccc tggaagctga ttcactatgg ggggaggtgt attgaagtcc tcca 234

<210> 415
<211> 217
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(217)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 415
gcataggatt aagactgagt atcttttcta cattctttta actttctaag gggcacttct 60
caaaacacag accaggtagc aaatctccac tgctctaagg ntctcaccac cactttctca 120
cacctagcaa tagtagaatt cagtcctact tctgaggcca gaagaatggt tcagaaaaat 180
antggattat aaaaaataac aattaagaaa aataatc 217

<210> 416
<211> 213
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(213)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 416
atgcatatnt aaagganact gcctcgcttt tagaagacat ctggnctgct ctctgcatga 60
ggcacagcag taaagctctt tgattcccag aatcaagaac tctccccttc agactattac 120
cgaatgcaag gtggttaatt gaaggccact aattgatgct caaatagaag gatattgact 180
atattggaac agatggagtc tctactacaa aag 213

<210> 417
<211> 303
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(303)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 417
nagtcttcag gcccatcagg gaagttcaca ctggagagaa gtcatacata tgtactgtat 60
gtgggaaagg ctttactctg agttcaaatc ttcaagccca tcagagagtc cacactggag 120
agaagccata caaatgcaat gagtgtggga agagcttcag gagggattcc cattatcaag 180
ttcatctagt ggtccacaca ggagagaaac cctataaatg tgagatatgt gggaagggct 240
tcantcaaag ttcgtatctt caaatccatc ngaaggncca cagtatanan aaacctttta 300
agt 303

<210> 418
<211> 328
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(328)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 418
tttttggcgg tggtggggca gggacgggac angagtctca ctctgttgcc caggctggag 60
tgcacaggca tgatctcggc tcactacaac ccctgcctcc catgtccaag cgattcttgt 120
gcctcagcct tccctgtagc tagaattaca ggcacatgcc accacaccca gctagttttt 180
gtatttttag tagagacagg gtttcaccat gttggccagg ctggtctcaa actcctnacc 240
tcagnggtca ggctggtctc aaactcctga cctcaagtga tctgcccacc tcagcctccc 300
aaagtgctan gattacaggc cgtgagcc 328

<210> 419
<211> 389
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(389)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 419
cctcctcaag acggcctgtg gtccgcctcc cggcaaccaa gaagcctgca gtgccatatg 60
acccctgagc catggactgg agcctgaaag gcagcgtaca ccctgctcct gatcttgctg 120
cttgtttcct ctctgtggct ccattcatag cacagttgtt gcactgaggc ttgtgcaggc 180
cgagcaaggc caagctggct caaagagcaa ccagtcaact ctgccacggt gtgccaggca 240
ccggttctcc agccaccaac ctcactcgct cccgcaaatg gcacatcagt tcttctaccc 300
taaaggtagg accaaagggc atctgctttt ctgaagtcct ctgctctatc agccatcacg 360
tggcagccac tcnggctgtg tcgacgcgg 389

<210> 420
<211> 408
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 420
gttcctccta actcctgcca gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gcttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg aagtgctatg acaaacctgg caagcccg 408

<210> 421
<211> 352
<212> DNA

<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(352)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 421
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atnggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt acggaggcca 60
gaggagaatg aggcctggcc tgggagccct gtgcctacta naagcacatt agattatcca 120
ttcactgaca gaacaggtct tttttgggtc cttcttctcc accacnatat acttgcagtc 180
ctccttcttg aagattcttt ggcagttgtc tttgtcataa cccacaggtg tagaaacaag 240
ggtgcaacat gaaatttctg tttcgtagca agtgcatgtc tcacaagttg gcangtctgc 300
cactccgagt ttattgggtg tttgtttcct ttgagatcca tgcatttcct gg 352

<210> 422
<211> 337
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 422
atgccaccat gctggcaatg cagcgggcgg tcgaaggcct gcatatccag cccaagctgg 60
cgatgatcga cggcaaccgt tgccccgaagt tgccgatgcc agccgaagcg gtggtcaagg 120
gcgatagcaa ggtgccggcg atcgcggcgg cgtcaatcct ggccaaggtc agccgtgatc 180
gtgaaatggc agctgtcgaa ttgatctacc cgggttatgg catcggcggg cataagggct 240
atccgacacc ggtgcacctg gaagccttgc agcggctggg gccgacgccg attcaccgac 300
gcttcttccg ccggtacggc tggcctatga aaattat 337

<210> 423
<211> 310
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(310)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 423
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg atatggcatg gctacacaat cattgactat tagaggccag 60
aggagaatga ggcctggcct gggagccctg tgcctactan aagcncatta gattatccat 120
tcactgacag aacaggtctt ttttgggtcc ttcttctcca ccacgatata cttgcagtcc 180
tccttcttga agattctttg gcagttgtct ttgtcataac ccacaggtgt anaaacaagg 240
gtgcaacatg aaatttctgt ttcgtagcaa gtgcatgtct cacagttgtc aagtctgccc 300
tccgagttta 310

<210> 424
<211> 370
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(370)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 424
gctcaaaaat ctttttactg ataggcatgg ctacacaatc attgactatt agaggccaga 60
ggagaatgag gcctggcctg ggagccctgt gcctactaga agcacattag attatccatt 120
cactgacaga acaggtcttt tttgggtcct tcttctccac cacgatatac ttgcagtcct 180
ccttcttgaa gattctttgg cagttgtctt tgtcataacc cacaggtgta gaaacatcct 240
ggttgaatct cctggaactc cctcattagg tatgaaatag catgatgcat tgcataaagt 300
cacgaaggtg gcaaagatca caacgctgcc cagganaaca ttcattgtga taagcaggac 360
tccgtcgacg 370

<210> 425
<211> 216
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(216)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 425
aattgctatn ntttattttg ccactcaaaa taattaccaa aaaaaaaaaa tnttaaatga 60
taacaacnca acatcaaggn aaananaaca ggaatggntg acntgcata aatnggccga 120
anattatcca ttatnttaag ggttgacttc aggntacagc acacagacaa acatgcccag 180
gaggntntca ggaccgctcg atgtnttntg aggagg 216

<210> 426
<211> 596
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 426
cttccagtga ggataaccct gttgccccgg gccgaggttc tccattaggc tctgattgat 60
tggcagtcag tgatggaagg gtgttctgat cattccgact gccccaaggg tcgctggcca 120
gctctctgtt ttgctgagtt ggcagtagga cctaatttgt taattaagag tagatggtga 180
gctgtccttg tattttgatt aacctaatgg ccttcccagc acgactcgga ttcagctgga 240
gacatcacgg caacttttaa tgaaatgatt tgaagggcca ttaagaggca cttcccgtta 300
ttaggcagtt catctgcact gataacttct tggcagctga gctggtcgga gctgtggccc 360
aaacgcacac ttggcttttg gttttgagat acaactctta atcttttagt catgcttgag 420
ggtggatggc cttttcagct ttaacccaat ttgcactgcc ttggaagtgt agccaggaga 480
atacactcat atactcgtgg gcttagaggc cacagcagat gtcattggtc tactgcctga 540
gtcccgctgg tcccatccca ggaccttcca tcggcgagta cctgggagcc cgtgct 596

<210> 427
<211> 107
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(107)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 427
gaagaattca agttaggttt attcaaaggg cttacngaga atcctanacc caggncccag 60

cccgggagca gccttanaga gctcctgttt gactgccccgg ctcagng 107

<210> 428
<211> 38
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(38)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 428
gaacttccna anaangactt tattcactat tttacatt 38

<210> 429
<211> 544
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 429
ctttgctgga cggaataaaa gtggacgcaa gcatgacctc ctgatgaggg cgctgcattt 60
attgaagagc ggctgcagcc ctgcggttca gattaaaatc cgagaattgt atagacgccg 120
atatccacga actcttgaag gactttctga tttatccaca atcaaatcat cggttttcag 180
tttggatggt ggctcatcac ctgtagaacc tgacttggcc gtggctggaa tccactcgtt 240
gccttccact tcagttacac ctcactcacc atcctctcct gttggttctg tgctgcttca 300
agatactaag cccacatttg agatgcagca gccatctccc ccaattcctc ctgtccatcc 360
tgatgtgcag ttaaaaaatc tgccctttta tgatgtcctt gatgttctca tcaagcccac 420
gagtttagtt caaagcagta ttcagcgatt tcaagagaag tttttatttt ttgctttgac 480
acctcaacaa gttagagaga tatgcatatc cagggatttt ttgccaggtg gtaggagaga 540
ttat 544

<210> 430
<211> 507
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(507)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 430
cttatcncaa tggggctccc aaacttggct gtgcagtgga aactccgggg gaattttgaa 60
gaacactgac acccatcttc caccccgaca ctctgattta attgggctgc agtgagaaca 120
gagcatcaat ttaaaaagct gcccagaatg ttntcctggg cagcgttgtg atctttgccn 180
ccttcgtgac tttatgcaat gcatcatgct atttcatacc taatgaggga gttccaggag 240
attcaaccag gatgtttcta cncctgtggg ttatgacaaa gacaactgcc aaagaatntt 300
caagaaggag gactgcaagt atatcgtggt ggagaagaag gacccaaaaa agacctgttc 360
tgtcagtgaa tggataatct aatgtgcttc tagtaggcac agggctccca ggccaggcct 420
cattctcctc tggcctctaa tagtcaatga ttgtgtagcc atgcctatca gtaaaaagat 480
ttttgagcaa aaaaaaaaa aaaaaaa 507

<210> 431
<211> 392

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(392)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 431
gaaaattcag aatggataaa aacaaatgaa gtacaaaata tttcagattt acatagcgat 60
aaacaagaaa gcacttatca ggaggactta caaatggaag tacactctan aaccatcatc 120
tatcatggct aaatgtgaga ttagcacagc tgtattattt gtacattgca aacacctaga 180
aagagatggg aaacaaaatc ccaggagttt tgtgtgtgga gtcctgggtt ttccaacaga 240
catcattcca gcattctgag attagggnga ttggggatca ttctggagtt ggaatgttca 300
acaaaagtga tgttgttagg taaaatgtac aacttctgga tctatgcaga cattgaaggt 360
gcaatgagtc tggcttttac tctgctgttt ct 392

<210> 432
<211> 387
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(387)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 432
ggtatccnta cataatcaaa tatagctgta gtacatgttt tcattggngt agattaccac 60
aaatgcaagg caacatgtgt agatctcttg tcttattctt ttgtctataa tactgtattg 120
ngtagtccaa gctctcggna gtccagccac tgngaaacat gctccccttta gattaacctc 180
gtggacnctn ttgttgnatt gtctgaactg tagngccctg tattttgctt ctgtctgnga 240
attctgttgc ttctggggca tttccttgng atgcagagga ccaccacaca gatgacagca 300
atctgaattg ntccaatcac agctgcgatt aagacatact gaaatcgtac aggaccggga 360
acaacgtata gaacactgga gtcctttt 387

<210> 433
<211> 281
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(281)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 433
ttcaactagc anagaanact gcttcagggn gtgtaaaatg aaaggcttcc acgcagttat 60
ctgattaaag aacactaaga gagggacaag gctagaagcc gcaggatgtc tacactatag 120
caggcnctat ttgggttggc tggaggagct gtggaaaaca tggagagatt ggcgctggag 180
atcgccgtgg ctattcctcn ttgntattac accagngagg ntctctgtnt gcccactggt 240
tnnaaaaccg ntatacaata atgatagaat aggacacaca t 281

<210> 434
<211> 484

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 434
ttttaaaata agcatttagt gctcagtccc tactgagtac tctttctctc ccctcctctg 60
aatttaattc tttcaacttg caatttgcaa ggattacaca tttcactgtg atgtatattg 120
tgttgcaaaa aaaaaaaagt gtctttgttt aaaattactt ggtttgtgaa tccatcttgc 180
tttttcccca ttggaactag tcattaaccc atctctgaac tggtagaaaa acatctgaag 240
agctagtcta tcagcatctg acaggtgaat tggatggttc tcagaaccat ttcacccaga 300
cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca taacaaaccc 360
tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt agtcagcacc cccaccaaac 420
tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataaag tacccatgtc 480
ttta 484

<210> 435
<211> 424
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 435
gcgccgctca gagcaggtca ctttctgcct tccacgtcct ccttcaagga agccccatgt 60
gggtagcttt caatatcgca ggttcttact cctctgcctc tataagctca aacccaccaa 120
cgatcgggca agtaaacccc ctccctcgcc gacttcggaa ctggcgagag ttcagcgcag 180
atgggcctgt ggggaggggg caagatagat gagggggagc ggcatggtgc ggggtgaccc 240
cttggagaga ggaaaaaggc cacaagaggg gctgccaccg ccactaacgg agatggccct 300
ggtagagacc tttgggggtc tggaacctct ggactcccca tgctctaact cccacactct 360
gctatcagaa acttaaactt gaggattttc tctgtttttc actcgcaata aattcagagc 420
aaac 424

<210> 436
<211> 667
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(667)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 436
accttgggaa nactctcaca atataaaggg tcgtagactt tactccaaat tccaaaaagg 60
tcctggccat gtaatcctga aagttttccc aaggtagcta taaaatcctt ataagggtgc 120
agcctcttct ggaattcctc tgatttcaaa gtctcactct caagttcttg aaaacgaggg 180
cagttcctga aaggcaggta tagcaactga tcttcagaaa gaggaactgt gtgcaccggg 240
atgggctgcc agagtaggat aggattccag atgctgacac cttctggggg aaacagggct 300
gccaggtttg tcatagcact catcaaagtc cggtcaacgt ctgtgcttcg aatataaacc 360
tgttcatgtt tataggactc attcaagaat tttctatatc tctttcttat atactctcca 420
agttcataat gctgctccat gcccagctgg gtgagttggc caaatccttg tggccatgag 480
gattccttta tggggtcagt gggaaaggtg tcaatgggac ttcggtctcc atgccgaaac 540
accaaagtca caaacttcaa ctccttggct agtacacttc ggtctagcca gaaaaaaagc 600
agaaacaaga agccaaggct aaggcttgct gccctgccag gaggaggggt gcagctctca 660
tgttgag 667

<210> 437
<211> 693

<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 437
ctacgtctca accctcattt ttaggtaagg aatcttaagt ccaaagatat taagtgactc 60
acacagccag gtaaggaaag ctggattggc acactaggac tctaccatac cgggttttgt 120
taaagctcag gttaggaggc tgataagctt ggaaggaact tcagacagct ttttcagatc 180
ataaaagata attcttagcc catgttcttc tccagagcag acctgaaatg acagcacagc 240
aggtactcct ctattttcac ccctcttgct tctactctct ggcagtcaga cctgtgggag 300
gccatgggag aaagcagctc tctggatgtt tgtacagatc atggactatt ctctgtggac 360
catttctcca ggttacccta ggtgtcacta ttggggggac agccagcatc tttagctttc 420
atttgagttt ctgtctgtct tcagtagagg aaacttttgc tcttcacact tcacatctga 480
acacctaact gctgttgctc ctgaggtggt gaaagacaga tatagagctt acagtattta 540
tcctatttct aggcactgag ggctgtgggg taccttgtgg tgccaaaaca gatcctgttt 600
taaggacatg ttgcttcaga gatgtctgta actatctggg ggctctgttg gctctttacc 660
ctgcatcatg tgctctcttg gctgaaaatg acc 693

<210> 438
<211> 360
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 438
ctgcttatca caatgaatgt tctcctgggc agcgttgtga tctttgccac cttcgtgact 60
ttatgcaatg catcatgcta tttcatacct aatgagggag ttccaggaga ttcaaccagg 120
atgtttctac acctgtgggt tatgacaaag acaactgcca aagaatcttc aagaaggagg 180
actgcaagta tatctggtgg agaagaagga cccaaaaaag acctgttctg tcagtgaatg 240
gataatctaa tgtgcttcta gtaggcacag ggctcccagg ccaggcctca ttctcctctg 300
gcctctaata gtcaataatt gtgtagccat gcctatcagt aaaaagattt ttgagcaaac 360

<210> 439
<211> 431
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(431)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 439
gttcctnnta actcctgcca gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gcttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag t 431

<210> 440
<211> 523
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 440
agagataaag cttaggtcaa agttcataga gttcccatga actatatgac tggccacaca 60
ggatcttttg tatttaagga ttctgagatt ttgcttgagc aggattagat aaggctgttc 120
tttaaatgtc tgaaatggaa cagatttcaa aaaaaaaccc cacaatctag ggtgggaaca 180
aggaaggaaa gatgtgaata ggctgatggg caaaaaacca atttacccat cagttccagc 240
cttctctcaa ggagaggcaa agaaaggaga tacagtggag acatctggaa agttttctcc 300
actggaaaac tgctactatc tgtttttata tttctgttaa aatatatgag gctacagaac 360
taaaaattaa aacctctttg tgtcccttgg tcctggaaca tttatgttcc ttttaaagaa 420
acaaaaatca aactttacag aaagatttga tgtatgtaat acatatagca gctcttgaag 480
tatatatatc atagcaaata agtcatctga tgagaacaag cta 523

<210> 441
<211> 430
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 441
gttcctccta actcctgcca gaaacagctc tcctcaacat gagagctgca cccctcctcc 60
tggccagggc agcaagcctt agccttggct tcttgtttct gctttttttc tggctagacc 120
gaagtgtact agccaaggag ttgaagtttg tgactttggt gtttcggcat ggagaccgaa 180
gtcccattga cacctttccc actgacccca taaaggaatc ctcatggcca caaggatttg 240
gccaactcac ccagctgggc atggagcagc attatgaact tggagagtat ataagaaaga 300
gatatagaaa attcttgaat gagtcctata aacatgaaca ggtttatatt cgaagcacag 360
acgttgaccg gactttgatg agtgctatga caaacctggc agcccgtcga cgcggccgcg 420
aatttagtag 430

<210> 442
<211> 362
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 442
ctaaggaatt agtagtgttc ccatcacttg tttggagtgt gctattctaa aagatttga 60
tttcctggaa tgacaattat attttaactt tggtggggga aagagttata ggaccacagt 120
cttcacttct gatacttgta aattaatctt ttattgcact tgttttgacc attaagctat 180
atgtttagaa atggtcattt tacggaaaaa ttagaaaaat tctgataata gtgcagaata 240
aatgaattaa tgttttactt aatttatatt gaactgtcaa tgacaaataa aaattctttt 300
tgattatttt ttgttttcat ttaccagaat aaaaactaag aattaaaagt ttgattacag 360
tc 362

<210> 443
<211> 624
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(624)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 443
tttttttttt gcaacacaat atacatcaca gtgaaatgtg taatccttgc aaattgcaag 60
ttgaaagaat taaattcaga ggaggggaga gaaagagtac tcagtaggga ctgagcacta 120
aatgcttatt ttaaaagaaa tgtaaagagc agaaagcaat tcaggctacc ctgccttttg 180
tgctggctag tactccggtc ggtgtcagca gcacgtggca ttgaacattg caatgtggag 240

cccaaaccac agaaaatggg gtgaaattgg ccaactttct attaacttgg cttcctgttt 300
tataaaatat tgtgaataat atcacctact tcaaagggca gttatgaggc ttaaatgaac 360
taacgcctac aaaacactta aacatagata acataggtgc aagtactatg tatctggtac 420
atggtaaaca tccttattat taaagtcaac gctaaaatga atgtgtgtgc atatgctaat 480
agtacagaga gagggcactt aaaccaacta agggcctgga gggaaggttt cctggaaaga 540
ngatgcttgt gctgggtcca aatcttggtc tactatgacc ttggccaaat tatttaaact 600
ttgtccctat ctgctaaaca gatc 624

<210> 444
<211> 425
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(425)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 444
gcacatcatt nntcttgcat tctttgagaa taagaagatc agtaaatagt tcagaagtgg 60
gaagctttgt ccaggcctgt gtgtgaaccc aatgttttgc ttagaaatag aacaagtaag 120
ttcattgcta tagcataaca caaaatttgc ataagtggtg gtcagcaaat ccttgaatgc 180
tgcttaatgt gagaggttgg taaaatcctt tgtgcaacac tctaactccc tgaatgtttt 240
gctgtgctgg gacctgtgca tgccagacaa ggccaagctg gctgaaagag caaccagcca 300
cctctgcaat ctgccacctc ctgctggcag gatttgtttt tgcatcctgt gaagagccaa 360
ggaggcacca gggcataagt gagtagactt atggtcgacg cggccgcgaa tttagtagta 420
gtaga 425

<210> 445
<211> 414
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(414)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 445
catgtttatg nttttggatt actttgggca cctagtgttt ctaaatcgtc tatcattctt 60
ttctgttttt caaaagcaga gatggccaga gtctcaacaa actgtatctt caagtctttg 120
tgaaattctt tgcatgtggc agattattgg atgtagtttc ctttaactag catataaatc 180
tggtgtgttt cagataaatg aacagcaaaa tgtggtggaa ttaccatttg gaacattgtg 240
aatgaaaaat tgtgtctcta gattatgtaa caaataacta tttcctaacc attgatcttt 300
ggatttttat aatcctactc acaaatgact aggcttctcc tcttgtattt tgaagcagtg 360
tgggtgctgg attgataaaa aaaaaaaaag tcgacgcggc cgcgaattta gtag 414

<210> 446
<211> 631
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(631)

<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 446
acaaattaga anaaagtgcc agagaacacc acataccttg tccggaacat tacaatggct 60
tctgcatgca tgggaagtgt gagcattcta tcaatatgca ggagccatct tgcaggtgtg 120
atgctggtta tactggacaa cactgtgaaa aaaaggacta cagtgttcta tacgttgttc 180
ccggtcctgt acgatttcag tatgtcttaa tcgcagctgt gattggaaca attcagattg 240
ctgtcatctg tgtggtggtc ctctgcatca caagggccaa actttaggta atagcattgg 300
actgagattt gtaaactttc caaccttcca ggaaatgccc cagaagcaac agaattcaca 360
gacagaagca aaatacaggg cactacagtt cagacaatac aacaagagcg tccacgaggt 420
taatctaaag ggagcatgtt tcacagtggc tggactaccg agagcttgga ctacacaata 480
cagtattata gacaaaagaa taagacaaga gatctacaca tgttgccttg catttgtggt 540
aatctacacc aatgaaaaca tgtactacag ctatatttga ttatgtatgg atatatttga 600
aatagtatac attgtcttga tgttttttct g 631

<210> 447
<211> 585
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(585)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 447
ccttgggaaa antntcacaa tataaagggt cgtagacttt actccaaatt ccaaaaaggt 60
cctggccatg taatcctgaa agttttccca aggtagctat aaaatcctta taagggtgca 120
gcctcttctg gaattcctct gatttcaaag tctcactctc aagttcttga aaacgagggc 180
agttcctgaa aggcaggtat agcaactgat cttcagaaag aggaactgtg tgcaccggga 240
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ccaaagtcac aaacttcaac tccttggcta gtacacttcg gtcta 585

<210> 448
<211> 93
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(93)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 448
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ggctccctag tgccctggag agganggggc tag 93

<210> 449
<211> 706
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(706)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 449
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ttctgancac cgaactgacc atgccagccc tgccgatggt cctccatggc tccctagtgc 120
cctggagagg aggtgtctag tcagagagta gtcctggaag gtggcctctg ngaggagcca 180
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aacaggttga acctgggagg tggaggttgc aatgagctga gatcaggccn ctgcncccca 660
gcatggatga cagagtgaaa ctccatctta aaaaaaaaa aaaaaa 706

<210> 450
<211> 493
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 450
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aaatgaggct gagaacttta caaagggatc ttacagacat gtcgccaata tcactgcatg 180
agcctaagta taagaacaac ctttggggag aaaccatcat ttgacagtga ggtacaattc 240
caagtcaggt agtgaaatgg gtggaattaa actcaaatta atcctgccag ctgaaacgca 300
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tcaagtcaac acatctgtga actcacagac caagttctta aaccactgtt caaactctgc 420
tacacatcag aatcacctgg agagctttac aaactcccat tgccgagggt cgacgcggcc 480
gcgaatttag tag 493

<210> 451
<211> 501
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(501)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 451
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ctcttcgcta ttacgccagc tggcgaaagg gggatgtgct gcaaggcgat taagttgggt 120
aacgccaggg ttttcccagt cncgacgttg taaaacgacg gccagtgaat tgaatttagg 180
tgacnctata gaagagctat gacgtcgcat gcacgcgtac gtaagcttgg atcctctaga 240
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cgcnccagac actcacagct actcaggagg ctgagaacag gttgaacctg ggaggtggag 420
gttgcaatga gctgagatca ggccnctgcn ccccagcatg gatgacagag tgaaactcca 480

tcttaaaaaa aaaaaaaaaa a 501

<210> 452
<211> 51
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(51)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 452
agacggtttc accnttacaa cnccttttag gatgggnntt ggggagcaag c 51

<210> 453
<211> 317
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(317)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 453
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acatctgaag agctagtcta tcagcatctg gcaagtgaat tggatggttc tcagaaccat 120
ttcacccana cagcctgttt ctatcctgtt taataaatta gtttgggttc tctacatgca 180
taacaaaccc tgctccaatc tgtcacataa aagtctgtga cttgaagttt antcagcacc 240
cccaccaaac tttatttttc tatgtgtttt ttgcaacata tgagtgtttt gaaaataagg 300
tacccatgtc tttatta 317

<210> 454
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 454
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taagccacgc cacgctcttg aaggagtctt gaattctcct ctgctcactc agtagaacca 120
agaagaccaa attcttctgc atcccagctt gcaaacaaaa ttgttcttct aggtctccac 180
ccttcctttt tcagtgttcc aaagctcctc acaatttcat gaacaacagc t 231

<210> 455
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 455
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cattgttccg aatgggcttt ccacaggcta cacacacaaa acaggaaaca tgccaagttt 120
gtttcaacgc attgatgact tctccaagga tcttcctttg gcatcgacca cattcagggg 180
caaagaattt ctcatagcac agctcacaat acagggctcc tttctcctct a 231

<210> 456
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 456
ttggcaggta cccttacaaa gaagacacca taccttatgc gttattaggt ggaataatca 60
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tgcactcaaa ttcctttatc aggaataact acatagccac tatttacaaa gccattggaa 180
ccttttttatt tggtgcagct gctagtcagt ccctgactga cattgccaag t 231

<210> 457
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
<221> misc_feature
<222> (1)...(231)
<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 457
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tatttgattt tattagcaat ctctttcaga agacccttga gatcattaag ctttgtatcc 180
agttgtctaa atcgatgcct catttcctct gaggtgtcgc tggcttttgc g 231

<210> 458
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 458
aggtctggtt ccccccactt ccactcccct ctactctctc taggactggg ctgggccaag 60
agaagagggg tggttaggga agccgttgag acctgaagcc ccaccctcta ccttccttca 120
acaccctaac cttgggtaac agcatttgga attatcattt gggatgagta gaatttccaa 180
ggtcctgggt taggcatttt ggggggccag accccaggag aagaagattc t 231

<210> 459
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 459
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gccctgcact gttttccctc caccacagcc atcctgtccc tcattggctc tgtgctttcc 180
actatacaca gtcaccgtcc caatgagaaa caagaaggag caccctccac a 231

<210> 460
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 460

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<210> 461
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 461
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gtggggttca gtgaggagtg ggaaattggt tcagcagaac caagccgttg ggtgaataag 180
agggggattc catggcactg atagagccct atagtttcag agctgggaat t 231

<210> 462
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 462
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gaagaactgt tagagagacc aacagggtag tgggttagag atttccagag tcttacattt 180
tctagaggag gtatttaatt tcttctcact catccagtgt tgtatttagg a 231

<210> 463
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 463
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catttgacag gtgtcttttc ctctggacct cggtgtcccc atctgagtga gaaaaggcag 180
tggggaggtg gatcttccag tcgaagcggt atagaagccc gtgtgaaaag c 231

<210> 464
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 464
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aaggacatca catatgaaga atgtttaagt tggaggtggc aacgtgaatt gcaaacaggg 120
cctgcttcag tgactgtgtg cctgtagtcc cagctactcg ggagtctgtg tgaggccagg 180
ggtgccagcg caccagctag atgctctgta acttctaggc cccattttcc c 231

<210> 465
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 465

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aggatggcac aatttttgct tgtgttcata atatactcag attagttcag ctccatcaga 180
taaactggag acatgcagga cattagggta gtgttgtagc tctggtaatg a 231

<210> 466
<211> 231
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 466
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cctgtgcaat caaatattgt ggagaattcc ctagctggag aagtcacaaa gactataggc 180
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<210> 467
<211> 311
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 467
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<210> 468
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<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

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tttgtccttg tagttaattg aaagaaatag ggcactcttg tgagccactt tagggttcac 3060
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<210> 469
<211> 2229
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 469

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<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

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<210> 471
<211> 812
<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<400> 471

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<210> 472
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<212> DNA
<213> Homo sapiens

<220>
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<223> n = A,T,C or G

<400> 472

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agatgggcag ccataagtta aaaagaagac aagctgaagc tacacacatg gctgatgtca 420
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cattgaaaat gtgactgaaa atttgaaaat tctctcaata aagtttgagt tttctctgaa 480
gaaaaaaaaa naaaaaaaaa aaanaaaaan aaaaa 515